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ORDINANCE No. _____

An ordinance of North East Township defining and regulating the subdivision of land and the development thereof; establishing procedures for the consideration of minor and major subdivisions and land developments; requiring the preparation of preliminary, final and as-built plans; requiring certain improvements to be made or guaranteed to be made by the subdivider or developer and establishing design standards for improvements; regulating sale of lots, erection of buildings, laying out, construction, opening and dedication of streets, sewers, other facilities and public improvements; providing for the administration of this chapter; and prescribing penalties for violation.

Article 1 – General Provisions

Section 101 – Short Title

This chapter shall be known and may be cited as the North East Township Subdivision and Land Development Ordinance," and may be commonly referred to as the North East Township "SALDO."

Section 102 – Purpose

This chapter is adopted:

- A. To promote public health, safety, and general welfare;

- B. To assure that the arrangement of each subdivision or land development furthers the safe, harmonious and orderly development of the municipality;
- C. To guarantee that the streets in and bordering each subdivision or land development are coordinated with the municipal circulation system and are of such widths, grades, locations and construction as to accommodate anticipated traffic and facilitate emergency service access;
- D. To ensure that the sewage disposal and water supply systems are efficiently designed and have adequate capacity, and that on-lot sewage disposal and water supply systems are safely separated from each other;
- E. To provide easements of adequate size and location for storm drainage and other utilities;
- F. To safeguard land subject to flooding, periodic high-water table, or high incidence of erosion from the development practices that would aggravate these circumstances;
- G. To curtail unnecessary destruction of natural plant materials or excessive earth disturbance, minimize the impact of stormwater run-off on drainage ways and downstream properties and to prevent destruction of valuable wetland areas and farmland;
- H. To encourage development that relates naturally into the environment;
- I. To establish a precise, simple, uniform and objective procedure for review and disposition of subdivisions and land development plan proposals, and to ease the process of conveyance of title to property, and;
- J. To carry out the Municipal Comprehensive Plan.

Section 103 – Authority

This chapter is adopted pursuant to the authority granted by Article V of the Pennsylvania Municipalities Planning Code, Act 247 of 1968, as amended.

Section 104 – Applicability

104.1 – Territorial Application

The provisions of this chapter shall apply to all subdivisions and land developments within the corporate limits of the municipality, except as noted in Sections 104.4 and 104.5, below.

104.2 – General Application

No subdivision or land development of any lot, tract or parcel of land located within the municipality shall be effected and no street, sanitary sewer, storm sewer, water main or other facilities in connection therewith shall be laid out, constructed, opened, or dedicated for travel or public use, or for the common use of occupants of buildings thereon, unless and until a final subdivision or land development plan has been approved and recorded in the manner prescribed herein. Furthermore, no property shall be developed, no building shall be erected and no site

Improvements shall be completed except in strict accordance with the provisions of this chapter.

104.3 – General Prohibition

No lot in a subdivision may be sold or transferred; no permit to erect, alter or repair any building upon land in a subdivision or land development may be issued; and no building may be erected in a subdivision or land development, unless and until a final subdivision or land development plan has been approved and recorded, and until construction of any required site improvements in connection therewith has been completed or guaranteed in the manner prescribed herein.

104.4 – Pending Applications

Per Article V, of the MPC, the provisions of this chapter shall not affect an application for approval of a subdivision and/or land development plan which is pending action at the time of the effective date of this chapter, in which case applicant shall be entitled to a decision in accordance with the governing ordinances as they stood at the time when the application for such plan was duly filed. Additionally, this chapter shall not affect any suit or prosecution, pending or to be instituted, to enforce any provision of the North East Township Subdivision and Land Development Ordinance, as amended, or any applicable predecessor regulations on an act done, contract executed, or liability incurred prior to the effective date of this chapter.

104.5 – Previously Approved Plans

If an applicant has received approval of a preliminary or final plan prior to the effective date of this chapter, no provision of this chapter shall be applied to adversely affect the right of the applicant to commence and complete any aspect of the approved preliminary or final plan in accordance with the terms of such approval within five (5) years of the date of such application, nor shall any provision of this chapter be construed to waive the obligations imposed upon an applicant to complete a previously approved preliminary or final plan, including the installation of all Improvements, in strict compliance with the requirements of such approval. When approval of a final plan has been preceded by approval of a preliminary plan, the five (5) years shall be counted from the date of preliminary plan approval. If there is any doubt as to the terms of approval, the terms shall be construed in light of the provisions of the governing ordinances as they stood at the time when the application for such approval was duly filed.

104.6 – Subdivision Waiver

- A. The intent of this section is to provide a policy pertaining to the pre-eminence of county tax assessment records over deed descriptions. This policy provides for a waiver process that may be used, with the endorsement of the municipality and the approval of the county planning department, in cases where the number of lots described by deed does not coincide with the number of lots depicted on the county's tax maps. If either

the municipality or the county planning department determines, at their discretion, that the standard subdivision approval process should be followed, a waiver shall not be granted, and the applicant shall follow the appropriate plan approval process and procedures for such plans as provided for in this chapter.

B. Subdivision waiver, as authorized by policy of Erie County's Department of Planning and Community Development and/or the Erie County Assessment Office, shall not constitute a development, and instead is authorized as a means of obtaining or revising assignment of Erie County tax index numbers for lots which are lots of record in a recorded subdivision. To the extent authorized in this section, North East Township, through its Code Administrator and/or Solicitor and with no action by the North East Township Board of Supervisors being required, may facilitate an applicant's request for subdivision waiver subject to the following requirements:

1. The applicant shall submit the request for subdivision waiver to the municipality for its approval. The submittal shall include the present deed for the lot(s) as recorded, the pertinent tax assessment map, the recorded subdivision plat, if applicable, and any other documents required to support the request.
2. Upon receipt of a complete application and all required documents, the Code Administrator shall review the application, deed(s) and maps to determine whether the lot(s) subject to the application constitute lot(s) of record and whether a subdivision waiver would violate or result in violation of any building lines or other development regulations.
3. The Code Administrator shall review the application to determine whether all requirements for subdivision waiver as established in County policies are met.
4. The subdivision waiver shall not be authorized if (a) the deed(s) does not accurately describe the pre-existing lot(s); (b) the municipality is not satisfied that the deed(s) accurately reflects the existence of a separate lot(s) not requiring subdivision approval for development; (c) the municipality is unable to verify that existing structures do not straddle the proposed property line(s); (d) the lot(s) resulting from the proposed subdivision waiver do not meet applicable lot and area requirements; or (e) the lot(s) is not consistent with municipal zoning regulations.
5. The subdivision waiver shall not be authorized for a lot of record created by the recordation of a consolidation deed.
6. If all requirements for authorization of a subdivision waiver are not met, the municipality shall notify the applicant that the municipality cannot endorse the request and the reasons therefor.

7. If the municipality approves/endorse the subdivision waiver request, the municipality shall submit a written request to the County Planning Department on behalf of the applicant. The municipal governing body, the municipal solicitor or the municipal zoning officer, shall make the request. The written request shall include the following:
 - a. A statement that the municipality has reviewed the deed(s) that describes the pre-existing lot(s) and the municipality is satisfied that the deed(s) accurately reflects the existence of a separate lot(s) not requiring subdivision approval for development.
 - b. A statement from the municipality requesting that the Erie County Assessment Office assign a separate tax assessment number to each lot.
 - c. A statement that a representative of the municipality has visited the site and verifies that existing structures do not straddle the proposed property line(s); that the lot(s) being assigned a tax assessment number meets applicable lot and area requirements; and that the proposed lot(s) is consistent with municipal zoning regulations.
 - d. A statement that the municipality has advised the property owner that verification of compliance with the Erie County Department of Health and/or PA Department of Environmental Protection sewage disposal regulations must be furnished to the county planning department before separate tax assessment numbers will be issued.
 - e. The following information shall be included with the request:
 1. Copies of the recorded deeds.
 2. A copy of the appropriate tax assessment map that identifies the existing parcel (by county index number) and depicts the proposed lot lines as described in the deeds.
 3. Calculations of the residual acreage if not apparent from the deed description(s).
 4. The applicant's name, mailing address and telephone number.
- C. The Erie County Planning Department should review the subdivision waiver request to determine its conformity to the design standards and other requirements contained in this chapter and the North East Township Zoning Ordinance; and take into consideration the recommendations and requirements of the municipality, the Erie County Health Department and any other agencies or ordinances, as applicable.

- D. A subdivision waiver shall not be authorized if it would (a) alter or modify in any way a lot or result in creation of a new or revised lot of record, or (b) establish a lot that does not meet current lot size and/or other lot design regulations.
- E. A waiver, if granted, shall not relieve the applicant/developer from the obligation to comply with all design and construction requirements of this chapter (as applicable), the North East Township zoning regulations, and other federal, state or local laws or regulations.
- F. The Erie County Planning Department should render its decision and communicate it to the applicant and the municipality in writing.
- G. If the subdivision waiver is granted by the County Planning Department, the department should, upon receipt of the applicable processing fee, submit a written request to the Erie County Assessment Office to assign a separate tax assessment number(s) to the pre-existing lot(s). The tax assessment number(s) assigned shall be at the discretion of the Assessment Office.
- H. If the subdivision waiver is not granted, the applicant shall follow the appropriate plan approval process and procedures for such plans as provided for in this chapter.

Section 105 – Municipal Responsibility and Liability

The grant of a permit or approval of a subdivision and/or land development plan shall not constitute a representation, guarantee, or warranty of any kind by the municipality or by any official or employee thereof of the practicability or safety of the proposed use. Nothing in this chapter shall create liability upon the municipality, its officials, appointees or employees, including but not limited to, the individual members of the North East Township governing body or individual members of the North East Township Planning Commission.

Section 106 – Effective Date and Repealer

This chapter shall become effective upon adoption and shall remain in effect until modified or rescinded by North East Township Board of Supervisors. This chapter shall supersede and replace all other Subdivision and Land Development regulations issued by the municipality previous to the approval date of this chapter, specifically the Subdivision and Land Development Ordinance (SALDO), adopted on or about September 28, 1983, and any amendment thereto.

Section 107 – Interpretation, Conflict and Separability

107.1 – Interpretation

In their interpretation and application, the provisions of this chapter shall be held to be the minimum requirements for the promotion of the public health, safety and general welfare, and shall be construed to achieve the purposes for which this chapter was adopted.

107.2 – Conflict with Public and Private Provisions

A. Public Provisions

This chapter is not intended to interfere with, abrogate, or annul any other ordinance, rule or regulation, statute, or other provision of law except as provided in this chapter. Where any provision of this chapter imposes restrictions different from those imposed by any other provision of this chapter or any other ordinance, rule or regulation, statute, or other provision of law, the provision that is more restrictive or imposes higher standards shall control.

B. Private Provisions

This chapter is not intended to abrogate any easement, covenant, or other private agreement or restriction, provided that where the provisions of this chapter are more restrictive or impose higher standards or regulations than such easement, covenant, or other private agreement or restriction, the requirements of this chapter shall govern.

107.3 – Separability

If any part or provision of this chapter or the application of this chapter to any person or circumstances is adjudged invalid by any court of competent jurisdiction, such judgment shall be confined in its operation to the part, provision or application directly involved in the controversy in which the judgment shall be rendered. It shall not affect or impair the validity and continued enforcement of any other parts or provisions of this chapter or the application of them to other persons or circumstances.

Section 108 – Saving Provision

This chapter shall not be construed as abating any action now pending under, or by virtue of, prior existing subdivision or land development regulations, or as discontinuing, abating, modifying or altering any penalty accruing or about to accrue, or as affecting the liability of any person, firm or corporation, or as waiving any right of the municipality under any section or provision existing at the time of adoption of this chapter, or as vacating or annulling any rights obtained by any person, firm or corporation by lawful action of the municipality, except as shall be expressly provided for in this chapter.

Section 109 – References

Specific methods and publications referenced in this chapter shall, in all cases, refer to the latest available edition and shall include revisions, amendments, and/or replacement thereto.

Article 2 – Definitions

Section 201 – General Interpretations

Unless otherwise expressly stated, the following terms shall, for the purpose of this chapter, have the meaning indicated below. Words in the singular include the plural and those in the plural include the singular; words in the present tense include the future tense; words used in the masculine gender include the feminine and neuter. The words "applicant", "developer", "owner", "person" and "subdivider" include a corporation, unincorporated association and a partnership, or other legal entity, as well as an individual. The words "shall" and "will" are mandatory and directive; the words "should" and "may" are permissive. An "agency" shall be construed to include its successors or assigns. Terms or words not defined in this Article or the Pennsylvania Municipalities Planning Code shall have their ordinarily accepted meanings or such as the context may imply.

Section 202 – Meaning of Words

Abut or Abutting: To physically touch or border on; or to share a common property line but not overlap. Buildings which physically touch. Areas of contiguous lots that

share a common lot line, not including lots entirely separated by a street, public alley open to traffic or a perennial waterway.

Access or Access Drive: A way or means of approach to provide vehicular or pedestrian physical entrance to a property.

Accessory Building: A building subordinate to and detached from the main building on the same lot and used for purposes customarily incidental to the main building.

Accessory Structure: A structure detached from a principal building located on the same lot and customarily incidental and subordinate to the principal building or use. An accessory structure shall exclude any vehicle as defined by the Pennsylvania Motor Vehicle Code.

Acre: A measure of land area containing 43,560 square feet.

Activity: The use of land for a specific purpose.

Addition: (1) A structure added to the original structure at some time after the completion of the original; (2) an extension or increase in floor area or height of a building or structure.

Adjacent Land: See "Adjoining Lot or Land"

Adjoining Lot or Land: A lot or parcel of land which shares all or part of a common lot line with another lot or parcel of land. (See Abut)

Agricultural: Relating to agriculture.

Agriculture: The use of land which shall include, but not be limited to, the tilling of the soil, the raising of crops, horticulture, apiculture, floriculture, viticulture and gardening. The production, keeping or maintenance, for sale, lease or personal use, of plants and animals useful to man, including but not limited to: forages and sod crops; grains and seed crops; dairy animals and dairy products, poultry and poultry products; livestock, including beef cattle, sheep, swine horses ponies, mules, or goats, or any mutations or hybrids thereof, including the breeding and grazing of any or all of such animals; bees and apiary products; fur animals; trees and forest products; fruits of all kinds, including grapes, nuts and berries; vegetables; nursery, floral, ornamental and greenhouse products; or lands devoted to a soil conservation or forestry management program.

Alley: A service roadway providing a secondary means of access to abutting property and not intended for general traffic circulation.

Alteration: Any change or rearrangement in the supporting members of an existing building, such as bearing walls, columns, beams, girders, or interior partitions, as well as any change in doors, windows, means of ingress or egress, or any enlargement to or diminution of a building or structure, whether horizontally or vertically, or the moving of a building or structure from one location to another.

Applicant: A landowner or developer, as herein defined, who has filed an application for development including his personal representatives, heirs, successors and assigns.

Application: The application form and all accompanying documents and exhibits required of an applicant by an approving authority for review and approval purposes.

As-Built Plans: Plans and profiles prepared by the developer's engineer showing the exact location, size, grade and depth of all required improvements, as constructed.

Block: A tract of land, a lot, or groups of lots, bounded by streets, public parks, railroad rights-of-way, watercourses, municipal boundary lines, unsubdivided land or by any combination of the above.

Buffer Area or Buffer Strip: A strip of land consisting of landscaped areas, fences, walls, berms or combination thereof used to physically separate or screen one use or property from another so as to visually shield or block noise, lights, or other nuisances.

Buffer Yard: See Buffer Area

Building: Any structure having a roof supported by columns or walls and intended for the shelter, housing or enclosure of any individual, animal, process, equipment, goods or materials of any kind.

Building, Accessory: See "Accessory Building".

Building, Principal: A building in which is conducted the principal use of the lot on which it is located.

Building Coverage: The ratio of the horizontal area measured from the exterior surface of the exterior walls of the ground floor of all principal and accessory buildings on a lot to the total gross lot area.

Building Line: A line parallel to the street right-of-way line touching that part of a building closest to the street.

Building Permit: Written permission issued by the proper municipal authority for the construction, repair, alteration or addition to a structure.

Building Setback Line: See Setback Line.

Caliper: Tree trunk diameter measured in inches at six (6") inches above ground level for trees four (4") inches or less in diameter or twelve (12") inches above ground level for larger trees.

Camper: Any individual who occupies a campsite or otherwise assumes charge of, or is placed in charge of, a campsite.

Campground: A plot of ground on which two or more campsites are located, established, or maintained for occupancy by camping units as temporary living quarters for recreation, education, or vacation purposes.

Camping Unit: Any tent, trailer, cabin, lean-to, recreational vehicle, or similar structure established or maintained and operated in a campground as temporary living quarters for recreation, education, or vacation purposes.

Campsite: Any plot of ground within a campground intended for exclusive occupancy by a camping unit or units under the control of a camper.

Capped (Dry) System: A completed water supply and/or sewerage system, put in place for future use, rather than to meet immediate development needs.

Cartway: The paved area of a street between the curbs, including travel and parking lanes and acceleration and deceleration lanes, but not including shoulders, curbs, sidewalks, or swales.

Clear-Sight Triangle: An area of unobstructed vision at street intersections defined by the center lines of the streets and by a line of sight between points on their center lines at a given distance from the intersection of the center lines. Within this clear-sight triangle nothing is to be erected, placed, planted or allowed to grow in such a manner as to limit or obstruct the sight distance of motorists entering or leaving the intersection.

Commercial Use: Activity involving the sale of goods or services carried out for profit.

Common Facilities: All the real property and improvements, owned in common by residents within the development, which is served by the facilities. Common facilities may include, but aren't limited to, landscaped areas, buffers, greenway land not included within title lines of any privately owned lot, and street rights-of-way not dedicated to the municipality.

Common Open Space: A parcel or parcels of land or an area of land or an area of water, or a combination of land and water within a development site and designed and intended for the use or enjoyment of residents of a development site, not including streets, off-street parking areas, and areas set aside for public facilities.

Communications Antenna: Any device used for the transmission or reception of radio, television, wireless telephone, pager, commercial mobile radio service, or any other wireless communications signals including, without limitation, omni directional or whip antennas and directional or panel antennas, owned or operated by any person or entity licensed by the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) to operate such device. This definition shall not include WiFi antennas which are designed for personal or private use, private residence mounted satellite dishes, television antennas, or amateur radio equipment including, without limitation, ham or citizen band radio antennas.

Communications Equipment Building: An unmanned building or cabinet containing communications equipment required for the operation of communications antennas and covering an area on the ground not greater than 250 square feet.

Communications Tower: A structure, other than a building, such as a monopole, self-supporting, or guyed tower, designed and used to support communications antennas.

Community Association: A non-profit organization comprised of homeowners or property owners, the function of which is to maintain and administer property owned in common by members of the association or by the association, and to

protect and enhance the value of the property owned individually by each of the members. Homeowners Associations and Condominium Associations are types of Community Associations.

Community Sewage System: A system of piping, tanks or other facilities serving two or more lots and collecting, treating and disposing of domestic sewage into a subsurface soil absorption area or retaining tank located on one or more of the lots or at another site.

Community Water Supply System: A water supply system serving two or more lots which is owned, operated and maintained by a private corporation or a nonprofit property owners' association.

Comprehensive Plan: The North East Area Comprehensive Plan, as amended from time to time, or other official public document prepared in accordance with the Pennsylvania Municipalities Planning Code, Act of July 31, 1968, P.O. 805, No. 247, as amended and reenacted, consisting of maps, charts and textual material, that constitutes decisions about the physical and social development of North East Township, adopted to replace the North East Area Comprehensive Plan in existence at the time of this Ordinance was enacted.

Condominium: A building, or group of buildings, in which dwelling units, offices, or floor area are owned individually and the structure, common areas, and facilities are owned by all the owners on a proportional, undivided basis, in accordance with the Pennsylvania Uniform Condominium Act 1980-82, as amended.

Condominium Association: The community association that owns, administers and maintains the common property and common elements of a condominium.

Conservancy Lot: A large, privately owned and maintained lot that contains part of the required Greenway land in a conservation subdivision.

Conservation Areas, Primary: Lands upon which primary resources are located in conservation subdivisions. All primary conservation areas are required to be included within greenway lands. Refer to the North East Township Zoning Ordinance for a list of primary conservation areas.

Conservation Areas, Secondary: Lands containing secondary resources that are conserved as a part of greenway land. Refer to the North East Township Zoning Ordinance for a list of secondary conservation areas.

Conservation Subdivision (Conservation Subdivision Design): A development concept that conserves special open spaces and natural resources using an approach called Growing Greener.

Constrained Land: Selected resources listed in the zoning ordinance, multiplied by a protection factor and totaled. Refer to Conservation Subdivision Section.

Construction: The construction, reconstruction, renovation, repair, extension, expansion, alteration or relocation of a building or structure, including the placement of mobile homes.

Contiguous: Next to, abutting, or touching and having a boundary, or portion thereof, that is coterminous. To physically touch or border upon, or to share a common property line, but not overlap.

County: The County of Erie, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

County Health Department: The Erie County Department of Health of the County of Erie, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

County Planning Department: The Erie County Department of Planning and Community Development of the County of Erie, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Cul-de-Sac: See Street, Cul-de-Sac.

Curb: A stone, concrete, or other improved boundary marking the edge of the roadway or paved area.

Curb Cut: The opening along the curb line at which point vehicles may enter or leave the roadway.

Cut: An excavation. The difference between a point on the original ground and a designated point of lower elevation on the final grade. Also, the material removed in excavation.

Density: The number of families, individuals, dwelling units, households, or housing structures per unit of land.

Department of Environmental Protection (DEP): The Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection, its bureaus, divisions, departments and/or agencies, as may be established, or such Department or Departments as may succeed it.

Detention Pond: An area in which surface water runoff is temporarily stored pending its release at a controlled rate.

Developer: The legal or beneficial owner or owners of a lot or of any land included in a proposed development, including the holder of an option or contract to purchase or other persons having enforceable proprietary interests in such lands.

Development: Any man-made change to improved or unimproved real estate, including, but not limited to the construction, reconstruction, renovation, repair, expansion, or alteration of buildings or other structures; the placement of manufactured homes; streets and other paving; filling, grading and excavation; mining; dredging; drilling operations; storage of equipment or materials; and the subdivision of land.

Development Plan: The provisions for a planned development, including a plat of subdivision, all covenants relating to use, location and bulk of buildings and other structures, intensity of use or density of development, streets, ways and parking facilities, common open-space and public facilities.

District: A part, zone, or geographic area within the municipality within which certain zoning or development regulations apply.

District, Residential: For purposes of this chapter, Residential Districts include the following zoning districts: R-1, Rural Residential District; and R-2, Suburban Residential District.

District, Non-Residential: For purposes of this chapter, Non-Residential Districts are all zoning districts that are not Residential Districts.

Drainage: (1) Surface water runoff; (2) the removal of surface water or groundwater from land by drains, grading or other means, which include runoff controls to minimize erosion and sedimentation during and after construction or development.

Drainage Easement: The lands required for the installation of stormwater sewers or drainage ditches, or required along a natural stream or watercourse for preserving the channel and providing for the flow of water therein to safeguard the public against flood damage.

Drive-Through Facility: A facility, accessory to a commercial use including but not limited to financial institutions, restaurants and drug stores that permits customers to receive services or obtain goods while remaining in their motor vehicles.

Driveway: A private roadway providing access to a street or highway.

Dust-free Surface - A surface of asphalt paving, concrete, brick, cobblestone (or similar pavers), crushed limestone, gravel or similar stone material installed and compacted as needed. Dirt, clay and similar material will not be accepted as a dust-free surface.

Dwelling: A structure or portion thereof that is used exclusively for human habitation. For purposes of this chapter, the term does not include hotels, motels or nursing homes.

Dwelling, Attached: A one-family dwelling with ground floor outside access, attached to two or more one-family dwellings by common vertical walls without openings.

Dwelling, Detached: A dwelling that is not attached to any other dwelling by any means.

Dwelling, Multi-Family: A building containing three or more dwelling units.

Dwelling, Two-Family: A building on a single lot containing two dwelling units, each of which is totally separated from the other by an unpierced wall extending from ground to roof or an unpierced ceiling and floor extending from exterior wall to exterior wall, except for a common stairwell exterior to both dwelling units.

Dwelling, Semi-Detached: A one-family dwelling attached to one other one-family dwelling by a common vertical wall, with each dwelling located on a separate lot.

Dwelling, Single-Family: A one-family dwelling.

Dwelling, Single-Family, Attached: A one-family dwelling unit that is attached to two or more units in which each unit has its own access to the outside, no unit is located over another unit, and each unit is separated from any other unit by one or more vertical common fire-resistant walls. This definition includes town homes.

Dwelling Unit: Single-Family, Detached: A building containing one dwelling unit that is not attached to any other dwelling by any means and is surrounded by open space and yard.

Dwelling, Town House: A one-family dwelling in a row of at least three such units in which each unit has its own front and rear access to the outside, no unit is located over another unit, and each unit is separated from any other unit by one or more common fire-resistant walls.

Dwelling Unit: One or more rooms, designed, occupied, or intended for occupancy as separate living quarters, with cooking, sleeping, and sanitary facilities provided within the dwelling unit for the exclusive use of a single family maintaining a household.

Easement: A grant of one or more of the property rights by the property owner to and/or for use by the public, a corporation, or another person or entity.

Engineer: A licensed professional engineer registered by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Engineer, Municipal: A registered professional engineer in Pennsylvania designated by North East Township to perform the duties of engineer as herein specified.

Environmentally Sensitive Areas: Environmentally sensitive areas shall include areas with slopes of over fifteen percent, floodway areas, unstable soils or geology, riparian buffers, natural heritage areas and wetland areas. This determination shall be made based on information available from submitted subdivision plans, topographic maps, soils reports, the North East Area Comprehensive Plan, Erie County Conservation District, United States Geologic Survey, the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection or other sources.

Erosion: The detachment and movement of soil or rock fragments or the wearing away of the land surface by water, wind, ice, and gravity.

Erosion and Sediment Control Plan: A plan that is designed to minimize accelerated erosion and sedimentation and to meet the requirements of the PADEP.

Excavation: Any act by which earth, sand, gravel, rock or any other similar material is dug into, cut, quarried, uncovered, removed, displaced, relocated or bulldozed and shall include the conditions resulting therefrom.

Exterior Wall: Any wall that defines the exterior boundaries of a building or structure.

Family: One or more persons related by blood, marriage, legal guardianship, licensed or court-appointed foster care or legal adoption, including any domestic servants or gratuitous guests thereof, who maintain one common household and reside in one dwelling unit; or no more than six persons who are not related to each other by blood, marriage, legal guardianship, licensed or court-appointed foster care, or legal adoption; or any number of persons possessing a handicap within the meaning of the Fair Housing Act (42 USC Section 3602(h), or successor

legislation) who reside in one dwelling unit and live and cook together as a single housekeeping unit.

Fence: An artificially constructed barrier of any material or combination of materials erected to enclose, screen, or separate areas.

Fill: Sand, gravel, earth, or other materials of any composition whatsoever placed or deposited by humans.

Finished Grade: See Grade, Finished.

Flag Lot: See Lot, Flag.

Flood, One Hundred Year: A storm event that has the probability of occurrence of 1% in any given year.

Floodplain: Areas subject to inundation, at frequent or occasional intervals, as a result of stormwater runoff or overflowing streams, including any area delineated as being a special flood hazard area by applicable Flood Hazard Boundary Map published by the Department of Housing and Urban Development Federal Insurance Administration.

Floodway: The channel of the watercourse and portions of the adjoining floodplains which are reasonably required to carry and discharge the 100-year frequency flood. Unless otherwise specified, the boundary of the floodway is as indicated on maps and flood insurance studies provided by FEMA. In an area where no FEMA maps or studies have defined the boundary of the 100-year frequency floodway, it is assumed, absent evidence to the contrary, that the floodway extends from the stream to 50 feet from the top of the bank of the stream.

Floor Area, Gross (GFA): The sum of the gross horizontal areas of all enclosed floors of a building, including cellars, basements, mezzanines, penthouses, corridors, and lobbies from the exterior face of exterior walls, or from the centerline of a common wall separating two buildings, but excluding any space with a floor-to-ceiling height of less than 6 feet 6 inches.

Forestry: The management of forests and timberlands when practiced in accordance with accepted silvicultural principles, through developing, cultivating, harvesting, transporting and selling trees for commercial purposes, which does not involve any land development.

Front Lot Line: See Lot Line, Front.

Front Yard: See Yard, Front.

Frontage: That side of a lot abutting on a street; the front lot line.

Glare: The effect produced by light from a luminaire with an intensity sufficient to cause annoyance, discomfort, or loss in visual performance and visibility.

Grade: (1) The average elevation of the land around a building; (2) the percent of rise or descent of a sloping surface.

Grade, Finished: The elevation of the land surface of a site after completion of all site preparation work.

Grading and Drainage Plan: A plan showing all existing ground features and proposed grading, including existing and proposed surface and subsurface drainage facilities, described by grades, contours, and topography.

Greenway Land: A parcel or parcels of land and/or water, within a conservation subdivision, set aside for the protection of natural and cultural resources. Greenway land consists of Primary and Secondary Conservation Areas and is permanently restricted against further development. The terms “greenway” and “greenway land” are synonymous.

Growing Greener: A development approach designed to conserve special open spaces and natural resources in a community using the techniques generally set forth by the Growing Greener Workbook of 1999, as prepared for the Pennsylvania Department of Conservation and Natural Resources by the Natural Lands Trust.

Governing Body: The Board of Supervisors of North East Township, Erie County, Pennsylvania.

Half Street: A right-of-way dedicated for a new street by a developer along such developer’s perimeter property line equal to only one-half of the total right-of-way width required by this chapter. Dedication of a “half street” presumes future dedication of a corresponding amount of right-of-way from adjoining land in order to provide the total right-of-way required for a proposed street. The dedication of additional right-of-way along an existing street is not considered a “half street”.

Hazardous Material: Materials which are classified by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency or the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection as having the potential to damage health or impair safety. Hazardous materials include but are not limited to inorganic mineral acids or sulfur, fluorine, chlorine, nitrogen, chromium, phosphorous, selenium, arsenic and their common salts, lead, coal tar acids, such as phenols and cresols and their salts, petroleum products, and radioactive material. Also included are floatable materials with the potential to cause physical damage, such as logs, storage tanks and large containers, located in flood prone areas.

Height: The vertical distance of a structure measured from the average elevation of the finished grade surrounding the structure to the highest point of the structure.

Homeowners Association: A non-profit organization comprised of homeowners or property owners, planned and operated under negotiated and approved rules and regulations, for the purpose of administering the needs of residents through the maintenance of community owned property. This term is synonymous with property owners’ association.

Impervious Surface (Impervious Area): A surface that prevents the infiltration of water into the ground. Impervious surface (or areas) includes, but is not limited to, buildings and similar structures, patios, sidewalks, and parking or driveway areas.

Improvements: Those physical additions, installations and changes required to render land suitable for the use intended, including, but not limited to, grading, paving, curbing, streetlights and signs, fire hydrants, water mains, electric service, gas service, sanitary sewers, storm drains, sidewalks, crosswalks, driveways,

culverts, and other public utilities and street shade trees, and improvements to existing water courses.

Incidental: Subordinate and minor in significance and bearing a reasonable relationship to the primary use.

Industrial: Relating to or characterized by industry.

Industry: The manufacturing, compounding, processing, assembly, or treatment of materials, articles, or merchandise.

Institutional Use: A nonprofit, religious, or public use, such as a religious building, library, public or private school, hospital, or government-owned or-operated building, structure, or land used for public purpose.

Land Development: Any of the following activities:

- A. The improvement of one (1) lot or two (2) or more contiguous lots, tracts or parcels of land for any purpose involving:
 1. A group of two (2) or more residential or non-residential buildings, whether proposed initially or cumulatively, or a single non-residential building on a lot or lots regardless of the number of occupants or tenure; or
 2. The division or allocation of land or space, whether initially or cumulatively, between or among two (2) or more existing or prospective occupants by means of, or for the purpose of streets, common areas, leaseholds, condominiums, building groups or other features.
- B. A subdivision of land.
- C. "Land Development" does not include development which involves:
 1. The conversion of an existing single-family detached dwelling or single-family semi-detached dwelling into not more than three (3) residential units, unless such units are intended to be a condominium;
 2. The addition of an accessory building, including farm buildings, on a lot or lots subordinate to an existing principal building; or
 3. The addition or conversion of buildings or rides within the confines of an enterprise which would be considered an amusement park. For the purpose of this subsection, an amusement park is defined as a tract or area used principally as a location for permanent amusement structures or rides. This exclusion shall not apply to newly acquired acreage by an amusement park until initial plans for the expanded area have been approved by the proper authorities.

Landowner: The legal or beneficial owner or owners of land including the holder of an option or contract to purchase (whether or not such option or contract is subject

to any condition), a lessee, if he is authorized under the lease to exercise the rights of the landowner, or other persons having a proprietary interest in land.

Landscape Architect: A licensed professional landscape architect registered by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Lease: A contractual agreement for the use of lands, structures, buildings, or parts thereof for a fixed time and consideration.

Level of Service (LOS): A qualitative measure used to relate the quality of motor vehicle traffic service. LOS is used to analyze roadways and intersections by categorizing traffic flow and assigning quality levels of traffic based on performance measures live vehicle speed, density, congestion, etc.

Loading Space: An off-street space or berth used for the loading or unloading of cargo, products, or materials from vehicles.

Local Street: See Street, Local.

Lot: A designated parcel, tract or area of land established by a plat or otherwise as permitted by law and to be used, developed or built upon as a unit.

Lot Area: The total area within the lot lines of a lot, excluding any street rights-of-way.

Lot, Corner: A lot at the junction of and abutting on two or more intersecting streets or private roads.

Lot, Double Frontage: See Lot, Through

Lot, Flag: A lot that has an L-shaped or flag configuration with access to the bulk of the lot provided by a narrow corridor from the adjoining public right-of-way.

Lot, Interior: A lot other than a corner lot.

Lot, Minimum Area: The smallest lot area established by the North East Township zoning ordinance in a particular district.

Lot, Non-Conforming: A lot, the area or dimension of which was lawful prior to the adoption or amendment of the Township Zoning Code, but which fails to conform to the requirements of the zoning district in which it is located by reason of such adoption or amendment

Lot, Reverse Frontage: A through lot with frontage on two parallel streets with vehicular access restricted to only one of the streets.

Lot, Through: A lot that fronts on two parallel streets or that fronts on two streets that do not intersect at the boundaries of the lot.

Lot Depth: The average distance measured from the front lot line to the rear lot line. In the case of a flag lot, the depth measurement shall not include the access corridor but shall be made on the main portion of the lot.

Lot Frontage: The length of the front lot line measured at the street right-of-way.

Lot Line: A line of record bounding a lot that divides one lot from another lot or from a public or private street or any other public space.

Lot Line, Front: The lot line separating a lot from a street right-of-way.

Lot Line, Rear: The lot line opposite and most distant from the front lot line. In the case of triangular or otherwise irregularly shaped lots, a line ten feet in length entirely within the lot, parallel to and at a maximum distance from the front lot line.

Lot Line, Side: Any lot line other than a front or rear lot line.

Lot of Record: A lot that exists as shown or described on a plat or deed in the records of the Recorder of Deeds of the County of Erie, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Lot Width: The horizontal distance between the side lines of a lot measured at right angles to its depth along a straight line parallel to the front lot line at the minimum required building setback line.

Maintenance Guarantee: Any security, other than cash, which may be accepted by the local municipality for the maintenance of any improvements required by this chapter.

Marker: A metal stake placed to designate the boundary and/or corners of lots in the subdivision of land for the purpose of reference in a land and property survey and to facilitate the sale of lots.

Mobile Home: A transportable, single-family dwelling intended for permanent occupancy, contained in one (1) or more units designed to be joined into one (1) integral unit capable of again being separated for repeated towing, which arrives at a site complete and ready for occupancy except for minor and incidental unpacking and assembly operations, and constructed so that it may be used without a permanent foundation.

Mobile Home Lot: A parcel of land in a mobile home park, improved with the necessary utility connections and other appurtenances necessary for the erection thereon of a single mobile home.

Mobile Home Park: A parcel or contiguous parcels of land which has been so designated and improved that it contains two (2) or more mobile home lots for the placement thereon of mobile homes.

Monument: A concrete stone, or other permanent object placed to designate boundary lines, corners of property, and rights-of-way of streets and utilities, for the purpose of reference in a land and property survey.

Multiple-Family Dwelling - see Dwelling, Multiple-Family.

Municipal Authority: A body politic and corporate created pursuant to the Act of May 2, 1945, (P.L. 382, No. 164), known as the "Municipalities Authority Act of 1945".

Municipal Engineer: A professional engineer licensed as such in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and appointed by North East Township as the "Municipal Engineer".

Municipality: North East Township of Erie County, Pennsylvania.

Municipal Solicitor: An attorney registered to practice law in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and appointed by the Governing Body as the "Municipal Solicitor".

Natural Heritage Area: An area of ecological significance, including areas with threatened and endangered species per Pennsylvania Natural Heritage Program, or areas classified in a Natural Heritage Inventory as one or more of the following: Natural Area (NA), Biological Diversity Area (BDA), Dedicated Area (DA), Landscape Conservation Area (LCA), Other Heritage Area (OHA).

Off-Street Loading: Designated areas located adjacent to buildings where trucks may load and unload cargo, and that is not located on a dedicated street right-of-way.

Off-Street Parking: A temporary storage area (surface or structure) for a motor vehicle that is directly accessible to an access aisle and that is not located on a dedicated street right-of-way, and is located upon the same lot as a principal use or, in the case of joint parking, within close proximity.

Open Space: Any parcel or area of land or water essentially unimproved and set aside, dedicated, designed, or reserved for public or private use or enjoyment or for the use and enjoyment of owners, occupants, and their guests.

Operator: (1) The entity responsible for the day-to-day operation and maintenance of a facility or establishment. (2) A person or company that engages in or runs a business or enterprise.

Owner: See Landowner.

Parcel: A lot, plot or tract of land designated by any legally recorded or approved means as a single unit. The term includes, but is not limited to, tax parcels, lots or deeded areas.

Parking Lot: An off-street, ground-level open area that provides temporary storage for motor vehicles.

Parking Space: The space within a building, or on a lot or parking lot, for the parking or storage of one (1) automobile.

Party Wall or Common Wall: A common shared wall between two separate structures, buildings, or dwelling units.

Pennsylvania Municipalities Planning Code (MPC): Act 247 of 1968, as amended; acted upon July 31, 1968, P.L. 805.

Performance Guarantee: Any security which may be in lieu of a requirement that certain improvements be made before the municipality approves a final subdivision or land development plan, including performance bonds, escrow agreements, and other similar collateral or surety agreements.

Permit: Written governmental permission issued by an authorized official, empowering the holder thereof to do some act not forbidden by law but not allowed without such authorization.

Permitted Use: Any use allowed in a zoning district and subject to the restrictions applicable to that zoning district.

Person: A corporation, company, association, society, firm, partnership, or joint stock company, as well as an individual, a state, and all political subdivisions of a state or any agency or instrumentality thereof, or any other legal entity whatsoever, which is recognized by law as the subject of rights and duties.

Plan, Final: A complete and exact subdivision or land development plan (including all required supplementary data) prepared for official recording as required by statute and this chapter.

Plan, Preliminary: A plan (including all required supplementary data) indicating the proposed layout of the subdivision or land development to be submitted to the municipality for consideration, as required by these regulations.

Plan, Sketch: An informal plan, not necessarily to exact scale, indicating salient existing features of a tract and its surroundings and general layout of the proposed subdivision or land development.

Planned Residential Development: An area of land, controlled by a landowner, to be developed as a single entity for a number of dwelling units, or combination of residential and nonresidential uses, the development plan for which does not correspond in lot size, bulk, type of dwelling, or use, density, or intensity, lot coverage and required open space to the regulations established in any one district created, from time to time, under the provisions of the municipal zoning ordinance.

Planning Commission: The Planning Commission of North East Township, Erie County, Pennsylvania.

Plat: The map or plan of a subdivision or land development, whether preliminary or final.

Primary Conservation Area: See Conservation Areas, Primary.

Principal Building: See Building, Principal

Principal Use: The primary or predominant use of any lot or parcel of land.

Private: Not publicly owned, operated, or controlled.

Property: A lot, parcel, or tract of land together with the building and structures located thereon.

Public Grounds: Parks, playgrounds, trails, paths and other recreational areas and other public areas; sites for schools, sewage treatment, refuse disposal and other publicly owned or operated facilities; and publicly owned or operated scenic and historic sites.

Public Hearing: A formal meeting held pursuant to Public Notice by the governing body or planning agency, intended to inform and obtain public comment, prior to taking action in accordance with the Pennsylvania Municipalities Planning Code.

Public Meeting: A forum held pursuant to notice under 65. C.S. §701 *et seq* (known as "Pennsylvania's Sunshine Act").

Public Notice: Notice published once a week for two successive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation in the municipality or other notice schedule as required by PA law. Such notice shall state the time and place of the hearing and the particular nature of the matter to be considered at the hearing. The first publication shall not be more than thirty (30) days and the second publication shall not be less than seven (7) days from the date of the hearing unless otherwise required by PA law. These requirements are as per the provisions of the Pennsylvania Municipalities Planning Code.

Public Sewer System: See Sewage Disposal System, Public.

Public Street or Public Road: A street ordained or maintained or dedicated and accepted by a Borough, City, Township, County, State or Federal government and open to public use.

Public Utility: A closely regulated enterprise with a franchise for providing to the public a utility service deemed necessary for the public health, safety, and welfare.

Public Utility Building or Structure: Any building or structure which belongs to a public utility for uses such as electrical, telephone, gas, water and sewer which are regulated by the PUC or any other governmental agency.

Public Water System: An entity that provides water for human consumption through pipes or other constructed conveyances to at least 15 service connections or serves an average of at least 25 people for at least 60 days a year.

Rear Yard: See Yard, Rear

Recreational Vehicle: A vehicle-type portable structure without permanent foundation that can be towed, hauled, or driven and is primarily designed as a temporary living accommodation for recreational, camping, and travel use and including, but not limited to, travel trailers, truck campers, camping trailers, and self-propelled motor homes.

Recreational Vehicle Park: Any lot or parcel of land upon which two or more sites are located, established, or maintained for occupancy by recreational vehicles for a fee as temporary living quarters for recreation or vacation purposes.

Residence: A home, abode, or place where an individual is actually living at a specific point in time.

Residential Area: A generic term describing an area that gives the impression that it is predominately a place where people live.

Residential District: See District, Residential

Resources, Primary: Selected resources that are prioritized for conservation within a conservation subdivision. In conservation subdivisions, all lands containing primary resources are called primary conservation areas.

Resources, Secondary: Natural or cultural features located outside of primary conservation areas that are worthy of conservation by inclusion in greenway land. Lands containing secondary resources that are conserved as part of a conservation subdivision are called secondary conservation areas.

Regulatory Flood Elevation: The 100-year flood elevation plus a freeboard safety factor of one-and-one half (1-1/2) feet.

Replot: See subdivision, Replot

Reserve Strip: A narrow parcel of ground purposely having inadequate area for buildings separating a street or a proposed street from other adjacent properties.

Right-of-Way: A strip of land acquired by reservation, dedication, forced dedication, prescription or condemnation and intended to be occupied or occupied by a road, crosswalk, railroad, electric transmission lines, oil or gas pipeline, water line, sanitary storm sewer and other similar uses.

Right-of-Way Lines: The lines that form the boundaries of a right-of-way.

Road: See "Street".

Riparian: Adjacent to or on the bank of a river or stream, or sometimes a lake.

Runoff: The surface water discharge or rate of discharge of a given watershed after a fall of rain or snow that does not enter the soil but runs off the surface of the land.

Screening: A method of visually shielding or buffering one abutting or nearby structure or use from another by fencing, walls, berms, or densely planted vegetation.

Screen Planting: A vegetative material of sufficient height and density to conceal from the view of property owners on adjoining properties the structures and uses on the premises on which the screen planting is located.

Secondary Conservation Area: See Conservation Areas, Secondary

Sedimentation: The process by which mineral or organic matter is accumulated or deposited by moving wind, water, or gravity. Once this matter is deposited (or remains suspended in water), it is usually referred to as "sediment".

Septic Tank: A watertight tank in which raw sewage is broken down into solid, liquid, and gaseous phases to facilitate further treatment and final disposal.

Setback: The distance between the building or structure and any lot line.

Setback Line: That line that is the required minimum distance from any lot line and that establishes the area within which the principal structure may be erected or placed.

Sewage Disposal System, On-Site: A system of piping, tanks or other facilities serving a lot and collecting and disposing of sewage in whole or in part into the soil.

Sewage Disposal System, Public: Any system other than an individual septic tank or tile field that is operated by a municipality, governmental agency, or a public utility for the collection, treatment, and disposal of wastes.

Sewage Facilities: A system of Sewage collection, conveyance, treatment, and disposal which will prevent the discharge of untreated or inadequately treated Sewage or other waste into waters of this Commonwealth or otherwise provide for

the safe and sanitary treatment and disposal of Sewage or other waste as recognized by the Department of Environmental Protection.

Shoulder: That part of the roadway contiguous with the traveled way for accommodation of stopped vehicles, emergency use, and lateral support of base and surface courses.

Sidewalk: A paved, surfaced, or leveled area, paralleling and usually separated from the street, used as a pedestrian walkway.

Sight Distance: The length of roadway visible to the driver of a passenger vehicle at any given point on the roadway when the view is unobstructed by traffic.

Sight Triangle: See Clear Sight Triangle.

Site: Any plot or parcel of land or combination of contiguous lots or parcels of land.

Site Plan: An accurately scaled development plan that illustrates the existing conditions on a land parcel as well as depicting details of a proposed development.

Slope: The deviation of a surface from the horizontal, usually expressed in percent or degrees. Slope percent is computed by dividing the vertical distance by the horizontal distance times 100.

Soil Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan: A plan for controlling erosion and sediment during construction which shall provide all steps, including scheduling, to assure erosion and sediment control during all phases of construction, including final stabilization.

Soil Percolation Test: A field test conducted to determine the absorption capacity of soil to a specified depth in a given location for the purpose of determining suitability of soil for on-site sewage disposal.

Steep Slope: Areas of land, 3,000 square feet or greater, where the grade is greater than 15 percent. Slope shall be measured as the change in elevation over the horizontal distance between consecutive contour lines. Slope shall be measured over 3 consecutive 2-foot contour intervals (6 cumulative vertical feet of slope). All slope measurements shall be determined by a topographic survey signed and sealed by a registered surveyor or engineer licensed to practice in Pennsylvania.

Street: A public or private right-of-way, excluding driveways, intended for use as a means of vehicular and pedestrian circulation, which provides a means of access to abutting property. The word "street" includes thoroughfare, avenue, boulevard, court, drive, expressway, highway, lane, alley and road or similar terms.

Street, Arterial: A high-capacity road or thoroughfare that functions primarily to deliver traffic from collector streets to freeways or expressways, and between urban centers at the highest level of service possible. For purposes of this chapter, arterials are identified on PennDOT's Federal Functional Class map of Erie County.

Street, Collector: A street that collects traffic from local streets and connects with arterials. For purposes of this chapter, collectors are identified on PennDOT's Federal Functional Class map of Erie County.

Street, Commercial: Commercial streets service areas whose predominant use is commercial and service.

Street, Cul-De-Sac: A street with a single common ingress and egress and with a turnaround at the end.

Street, Dead-End: A street with a single common ingress and egress.

Street, Industrial: Industrial streets are primarily designed to serve industrial and manufacturing development. These roads will be designed to accommodate extensive truck traffic of all types.

Street, Local: A street that provides frontage for access to abutting lots and carries slow-speed traffic primarily having a destination or origin on the street itself.

Street, Private: A legally established street right-of-way that has not been offered for dedication to the local municipality or accepted for municipal ownership and maintenance.

Street Frontage: The side or sides of a lot abutting on a public street or right-of-way.

Street Centerline: An imaginary line which passes through the middle of the right-of-way and the cartway simultaneously, or which is in the center of the right-of-way in cases where the cartway is not centered in the right-of-way.

Structure: Any man-made object having an ascertainable stationary location on or in land or water, whether or not affixed to the land.

Structure, Accessory: See Accessory Structure.

Structure, Principal: The main or primary structure on a given lot, tract, or parcel.

Subdivider: See Developer

Subdivision: The division or redivision of a lot, tract or parcel of land by any means into two (2) or more lots, tracts, parcels or other divisions of land including changes in existing lot lines for the purpose, whether immediate or future, of lease, partition by the court for distribution to heirs or devisees, transfer of ownership or building or lot development: Provided, however, that the subdivision by lease of land for agricultural purposes into parcels of more than ten (10) acres, not involving any new street or easement of access or residential dwelling, shall be exempted.

Subdivision, Major: Any subdivision which fails to meet the requirements for qualification as a Minor Subdivision.

Subdivision, Minor: A subdivision having five (5) lots or less, which has all lots fronting on an existing street, and which does not propose any new streets, sanitary sewers, water main extensions, stormwater management facilities, or other improvements to be offered for public dedication.

Subdivision, Replot: The change of a lot line between two (2) abutting existing parcels not intended to create a new parcel and where such lot line change is in full compliance with this chapter, any local zoning ordinance and related ordinances, rules and regulations of the municipality. A replot which involves the creation of new lots or involves more than two (2) lots shall be treated as a subdivision.

Substantially Completed: Where, in the judgement of the municipal engineer, at least ninety percent (90%) (based on the cost of the required improvements for which financial security was posted) of those improvements required as a condition for final approval have been completed in accordance with the approved plan, so that the project will be able to be used, occupied or operated for its intended use.

Surveyor: A licensed professional land surveyor, registered as such in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Swale: A low-lying stretch of land characterized as an elongated depression, usually vegetated, which facilitates the transport of surface water runoff.

Temporary Turn-Around: A temporary circular turn-around at the end of a road which terminates at or near the subdivision boundary bordering undeveloped land.

Tract: An area, parcel, site, piece of land, or property that is the subject of a development application.

Tract Area, Adjusted: The net tract area less the constrained land, less an allowance for infrastructure such as new roads, that may be needed to support the proposed subdivision.

Tract Area, Gross: The total amount of land contained within the limits of the legally described property lines bounding the tract.

Tract Area, Net: The total amount of land contained within the limits of the legally described property lines bounding the tract, excluding public and private road rights-of-way.

Undeveloped Land: Any lot, tract, or parcel of land which has not been graded or in any other manner prepared for the construction of a building or other improvement.

Unit: A part of the property, structure or building designed or intended for any type of independent use, which has direct exit to a public street or way, or to an easement or right-of-way leading to a public street or way, and includes a proportionate undivided interest in the common elements, which is assigned to the property, structure or building.

Use: The purpose or activity for which land or buildings are designed, arranged, or intended or for which land or buildings are occupied or maintained.

Variance: Permission to depart from the literal requirements of a zoning ordinance.

Vehicle, Motor: A self-propelled device licensed as a motor vehicle and used for transportation of people or goods over roads.

Utility Plan: A plan to show all existing and proposed fire hydrants, water and sewer lines, storm sewer system, gas and electric lines, and street lighting.

Water Course: A stream, river, brook, creek, or channel or ditch for water, whether natural or manmade.

Water Facility: Any water works, water supply works, water distribution system or part thereof, designed, intended or constructed to provide or distribute potable water.

Water Survey: An inventory of the source, quantity, yield, and use of groundwater and surface-water resources within the municipality.

Wetlands: Areas that are inundated and saturated by surface or groundwater at a frequency and duration sufficient to support, and that under normal circumstances do support, a prevalence of vegetation typically adapted for life in saturated soil conditions, including swamps, marshes, bogs, and similar areas. Any area meeting the official wetland definition of the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers or the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection, as amended, shall be considered a wetland for the purposes of this chapter. In the event the definition of wetland accepted by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers conflicts with the definition of a wetland accepted by the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection, the more restrictive definition shall apply.

Wind Turbine, Small: A wind turbine which is designed and used solely to generate power to serve a principal and/or accessory building located on the lot on which said turbine is situated (without regard to any excess power generated going to a power grid).

Woodlands: A tree mass or plant community, covering an area of ¼ acre or more, in which tree species are dominant or co-dominant and the branches of the trees form a complete, or nearly complete, aerial canopy.

Yard: An open space that lies between the principal building or buildings and the nearest lot line.

Yard, Buffer: See Buffer Yard.

Yard, Front: A space extending the full width of the lot between the principal building and the front lot line and measured perpendicular to the building at the closest point to the front lot line.

Yard, Rear: A space extending across the full width of the lot between the principal building and the rear lot line and measured perpendicular to the building to the closest point of the rear lot line.

Yard, Side: A space extending from the front yard to the rear yard between the principal building and the side lot line and measured perpendicular from the side lot line to the closest point of the principal building.

Zoning: The delineation of districts and the establishment of regulations governing the use, placement, spacing, and size of land and buildings.

Zoning District: A specifically delineated area or district in a municipality within which uniform regulations and requirements govern the use, placement, spacing, and size of land and buildings.

Article 3 – Plan Processing Procedures

Section 301 – General

All plans for the subdivision and/or development of land within the corporate limits of North East Township shall be submitted to and be reviewed by the North East Township Planning Commission and other municipal, state and/or county officials as provided in this chapter, and shall be approved or disapproved by the North East Township governing body in accordance with the procedures specified in this Article.

Section 302 – Classification

Subdivisions and land developments are classified within this Chapter and any subdivision or land development must fall within one of the classifications prescribed herein. The applicant is encouraged to consult with the municipality to determine which classification may be applicable to the proposed activity prior to the submission of an application. The applicant should refer to the applicable sections within this Article and/or Article 6 for the processing procedures that apply to the proposed activity. Please refer to Article 4 and/or Article 6, and/or other Articles, as applicable, for plan requirements/contents.

- A. **Minor Subdivision:** A subdivision having five (5) lots or less, which has all lots fronting on an existing street, and which does not propose any new streets, sanitary sewers, water main extensions, stormwater management facilities, or other improvements to be offered for public dedication.
- B. **Replot:** The change of a lot line between two (2) abutting existing parcels not intended to create a new parcel and where such lot line change is in full compliance with this chapter, any local zoning ordinance and related ordinances, rules and regulations of the municipality. A replot which involves the creation of new lots or involves more than two (2) lots shall be treated as a subdivision.
- C. **Major Subdivision:** Any subdivision which fails to meet the requirements for qualification as a Minor Subdivision.
- D. **Land Development:** Any of the following activities:
 - 1. The improvement of one (1) or more contiguous lots, tracts or parcels of land for any purpose involving:
 - 2. "Land Development" does not include development which involves:
 - a. The conversion of an existing single-family detached dwelling or single-family semi-detached dwelling into not more than three (3) residential units, unless such units are intended to have individual tax ID numbers.

- b. The addition of an accessory building, including farm buildings, on a lot or lots subordinate to an existing principal building; or
- c. The addition or conversion of buildings or rides within the confines of an enterprise which would be considered an amusement park. For this subsection, an amusement park is defined as a tract or area used principally as a location for permanent amusement structures or rides. This exclusion shall not apply to newly acquired acreage by an amusement park until initial plans for the expanded area have been approved by the proper authorities.

Section 303 – Principal Steps by Classification Type

303.1 – Major Subdivisions and Land Developments

Before any subdivision of land conforming to the definition of a major subdivision, or any physical improvement classified as a land development is constructed, the owner of the property proposed to be subdivided or developed, or his authorized agent, shall apply for and secure approval of the proposed subdivision or land development in accordance with the following procedures.

- A. A pre-application investigation or sketch plan submission is required.
- B. A preliminary plan submittal and approval shall be required as a pre-requisite to a final plan for all major subdivisions. A preliminary plan shall also be required for land development unless the preliminary plan requirement is waived in accordance with Article 6, Section 602 of this chapter.
- C. A final plan submittal and approval shall be required for all major subdivisions. A final plan shall also be required for land developments unless the final plan requirement is waived in accordance with Article 6, Section 602 of this chapter.
- D. An approved final plan shall be recorded at the Erie County Recorder of Deeds, in accordance with Section 307.1.

303.2 – Minor Subdivisions and Replots

Before any subdivision of land conforming to the definition of a minor subdivision or replot, the owner of the property proposed to be subdivided, or his authorized agent, shall apply for and secure approval of the proposed subdivision or replot in accordance with the following procedures.

- A. A pre-application investigation or sketch plan submission is optional.
- B. A preliminary plan is not required, but may be submitted, at the developer's option.
- C. A final plan submittal and approval shall be required.

- D. An approved final plan shall be recorded at the Erie County Recorder of Deeds, in accordance with Section 307.1.

Section 304 – Pre-Application Investigation

304.1 – Purpose

Developers are encouraged to discuss possible development sites with the municipality prior to submission of the preliminary plan. The purpose of the pre-application meeting is to provide the developer with an opportunity to obtain advice and assistance. A second purpose is to determine if the proposed development is in general accordance with this chapter. The developer is encouraged to further discuss his proposal with the Erie County Health Department, the Pennsylvania Department of Transportation (PennDOT) and/or utility companies as appropriate.

304.2 – Sewage Facilities Planning

The developer is advised to consult with the Erie County Health Department and/or PADEP to determine the applicability of any sewage disposal system approvals in accordance with the Pennsylvania Sewage Facilities Act (Act 537 of 1965) requirements.

304.3 – Sketch Plan

A sketch plan shall be prepared and presented to the municipality for review and discussion. The submission of a sketch plan is required, for the benefit of the developer, and is never considered to be a formal application. Sketch plans should generally include those items listed under Article 4, Section 401 of this chapter.

Section 305 – Preliminary Plan

305.1 – Purpose

The purpose of the preliminary plan is to require formal preliminary approval in order to vest the plan from changes in municipal ordinances, phase development, and provide additional time to complete conditions of approval.

305.2 – Time and Place of Submission

Preliminary plans for all proposed major subdivisions of land and/or land developments within North East Township shall be submitted to the municipality for review by the North East Township Planning Commission and approval by the North East Township governing body. Plans shall be submitted during the municipality's regular office hours, and must be submitted not less than ten (10) days prior to the next regular meeting of the North East Township Planning Commission. It is the responsibility of the developer to coordinate his plans pursuant to the provisions of this chapter with all private and public service agencies and utility companies.

305.3 – Number of Copies

The original mylar and at least five (5) copies of the plan, three (3) copies of all required supporting documentation, and one (1) application shall be required for the plan approval process.

305.4 – Submission Requirements

- A. Information to be filed with preliminary plan applications shall include those items listed under Article 4, Section 402 of this chapter, and shall be prepared in accordance with, and submitted with the number of copies, as specified herein.
- B. If the submission does not meet all requirements, the municipality shall by telephone, electronic mail (email) or similar communication advise the applicant of the deficiencies. In such a case, the submission shall not be considered a formal application until the applicant files the additional or corrected items required to comply with the requirements of this chapter.

305.5 – County Planning Review

In accordance with Article V, Section 502(b) of the Pennsylvania Municipalities Planning Code, a copy of the preliminary plan, with a complete set of all attachments, shall be forwarded to the Erie County Department of Planning and Community Development for its review and report together with a fee sufficient to cover the costs of the review and report which fee shall be paid by the applicant.

- A. The municipality shall not approve the plan until the county report is received or until the expiration of 30 days from the date the application was forwarded to the county.
- B. Any comments by the Erie County Department of Planning and Community Development should be in writing and communicated to the applicant personally or mailed to him at his last known address. A copy of the written comments should be forwarded to the municipality.
- C. The County Planning Department's written comments should specify any defects found in the application, describe any requirements that have not been met and should cite the appropriate provisions of this chapter or any other ordinance, such as the North East Township zoning ordinance, that have not been met.

305.6 – Sewage Facilities Planning

- A. In cases where approval for on-lot sewage disposal is required, the developer shall deliver two (2) copies of the preliminary plan to the Erie County Health Department for approval of the sanitary sewage facilities which are to service the subdivision or land development.
- B. In cases where a public sewer system is available, the owner/operator of the public sewer system will determine if the connection(s) (tap-in) to the system may be approved locally or if Act 537 Sewage Planning approval is

required by the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection (PADEP).

- C. Preliminary Plan approval shall be conditional upon the approval of the sanitary sewage facilities by the Erie County Health Department, the PADEP, and/or the owner/operator of the public sewer system, as applicable, and no plans shall be signed by the North East Township governing body until verification of sewage planning approval by the Erie County Health Department, PADEP and/or the owner/operator of the public sewer system is received.

305.7 – Erosion and Sedimentation Control Planning

- A. The developer shall submit an erosion and sedimentation control plan to the Erie County Conservation District for review and approval for any subdivision or land development involving one (1) acre or more of earth disturbance, and/or requiring post construction stormwater approval or measures, solely or as part of a larger common plan of development.
- B. If an erosion and sedimentation control plan is required, preliminary plan approval shall be conditional upon approval of the erosion and sedimentation control plan by the Conservation District.

305.8 – Stormwater Management and Grading Plan

Any preliminary plan application subject to the requirement that a stormwater management or grading plan be submitted and implemented shall be approved subject to the express condition that such stormwater management or grading plan meeting all requirements imposed in this chapter, the North East Township stormwater management ordinance or other applicable ordinance shall be submitted not later than with the final plan application, and that such plan shall thereafter be implemented in full accordance with the submitted stormwater management or grading plan and requirements of this chapter or the North East Township stormwater management ordinance.

305.9 – Planning Commission Review

The North East Township Planning Commission will review the preliminary plan to determine its conformity to the design standards and other requirements contained in this chapter, the North East Township zoning ordinance, and any other applicable municipal ordinance; and take into consideration any recommendations and/or requirements of the County Health Department and any other agencies or ordinances, as applicable.

305.10 – Engineering Review

When a proposed subdivision or land development involves the design of streets, public or community sewer systems or water supplies, stormwater management facilities, or other site improvements, a copy of the plan and appropriate

improvement designs shall be forwarded to the municipal engineer for review and recommendations.

305.11 – Public Hearing

Before acting on the preliminary plan, the municipality may arrange for a public hearing thereon. Adequate Public Notice shall be given.

305.12 – Municipal Decision and Notification

The municipality shall render its decision and communicate it to the applicant not later than ninety (90) days following the date of the regular meeting of the governing body or the planning agency (whichever first reviews the application) next following the date the application is filed, or after a final order of the court remanding an application, provided that should the said next regular meeting occur more than 30 days following the filing of the application, or the final order of the court, the said 90-day period shall be measured from the 30th day following the day the application has been filed.

- A. The decision of the municipality shall be in writing and shall be communicated to the applicant personally or mailed to him at his last known address not later than fifteen (15) days following the decision.
- B. When the application is not approved in terms as filed the decision shall specify the defects found in the application and describe the requirements which have not been met and shall, in each case, cite the provisions of the statute or ordinance relied upon for the disapproval.
- C. Failure of the municipality to render a decision and communicate it to the applicant within the time and in the manner required herein shall be deemed an approval of the application in terms as presented unless the applicant has agreed in writing to an extension of time or change in the prescribed manner of presentation of communication of the decision, in which case, failure to meet the extended time or change in manner of presentation of communication shall have like effect.
- D. Applicants are entitled to have applications approved in the context of the ordinance(s) in effect at the time the application is filed as described by Section 508(4) of the Pennsylvania Municipalities Planning Code.

305.13 – Conditional Approval

- A. The municipality may grant approval of a preliminary plan subject to conditions, revisions and/or modifications, including but not limited to the receipt of additional information, supporting documentation, changes and/or notifications. The municipality will state the conditions, in writing, along with the statutory basis under which the conditions are imposed.
- B. A conditional approval will be automatically rescinded if the applicant rejects or fails to accept, in writing, such conditions within thirty (30) days from the date of the conditional approval.

- C. Agreement by the applicant to any condition of preliminary approval shall be a pre-requisite for application for a final plan.
- D. In the event the municipality should approve a preliminary plan subject to specified conditions, the developer must submit corrected and/or modified plans for final approval by the municipality. Unless granted a time extension by the municipality, or specifically authorized under Section 305.13 (E), the developer shall submit the corrected and/or modified plans within ninety (90) days following conditional approval of the preliminary plan or prior to submitting any final plan application, whichever first occurs.
- E. If conditions upon preliminary plan approval involve minor and non-substantial modifications, the municipality at the time of its approval with conditions may authorize the developer to incorporate such revisions in the final plan application(s) in lieu of submitting a revised preliminary plan application.
- F. Compliance by all final plan applications with applicable law, ordinances and regulations shall be an express condition upon any preliminary plan approval, without such requirement being stated.
- G. All conditions upon preliminary plan approval must be met prior to signing of the plan by municipality.

305.14 – Revisions to Preliminary Plan

Approval of the preliminary plan constitutes conditional approval of the proposed subdivision regarding the general design, the approximate dimensions of the streets and lots and other planned features. The preliminary plan approval obligates the applicant to the general scheme of the subdivision or land development. However, if the applicant determines that a significant change to this original submission is desirable, the applicant may modify his or her plans by submitting a revised preliminary plan for review and approval.

305.15 – Expiration of Preliminary Plans

- A. The preliminary plan approval shall expire twelve (12) months after being granted unless an extension is requested by the applicant and approved by the municipality. Any request for extensions must be submitted to the municipality thirty (30) days prior to any prevailing expiration date. Extensions may be granted for one (1) or more six (6) month periods upon a finding by the municipality that such extension is warranted.
- B. The municipality shall not authorize an extension of time for filing a final plan where such extension would prolong the protection against post-application changes in laws and ordinances, except that the municipality may authorize an extension of time conditioned upon a requirement that the final plan application comply with changes in laws or ordinances which have been enacted since approval of the preliminary plan.

- C. If the applicant does not submit a final plan for all or a portion of the preliminary plan within twelve (12) months after the approval of said preliminary plan is granted, or after expiration of the final extension period, the approval of the preliminary plan is automatically void.

305.16 – Sale of Lots

Approval of the preliminary plan does not authorize the sale of lots.

Section 306 – Final Plan

306.1 – Purpose

The purpose of the final plan is to record the subdivision and/or land development according to state law, ensure formal approval by the municipality before plans are recorded, and to provide sufficient information so that the municipality can assure construction according to the requirements of this chapter.

306.2 – Time and Place of Submission

Final plans for all proposed subdivisions of land and/or land developments within North East Township shall be submitted to the municipality for review by the North East Township Planning Commission and approval by the governing body. Plans shall be submitted during the municipality's regular office hours and must be submitted not less than ten (10) days prior to the next regular meeting of the Planning Commission. It is the responsibility of the developer to coordinate his plans pursuant to the provisions of this chapter with all private and public service agencies and utility companies.

306.3 – Pre-requisites for Final Plan Submission

Applications for final plan approval may be submitted only after the following, when required, have been completed:

- A. The major subdivision or land development has been granted unconditional preliminary plan approval in accordance with this chapter, or has received a waiver of the preliminary plan submittal requirement in accordance with Section 602, or the applicant has fulfilled all conditions established by the municipality for preliminary plan approval.
- B. Minor subdivisions and replots do not require a preliminary plan.

306.4 – Phased Development

The final plan may be submitted in phases, each covering a portion of the entire proposed subdivision or land development as shown on the approved preliminary plan. If the subdivision or land development, and related improvements are to be completed in phases:

- A. A schedule shall be filed delineating all proposed sections as well as deadlines within which applications for final plan approval of each section are intended to be filed.
- B. Each section in any subdivision or land development, except for the last section, shall contain a minimum of twenty-five percent (25%) of the total number of dwelling units unless the municipality specifically approves a lesser percentage for one or more of the sections.
- C. Sections of the development shall be sequenced in such a manner that each section (together with the previously approved and completed section(s)) shall be physically built to be in full compliance with the ordinance and not be dependent on the construction to be completed at future phases. This includes, but is not limited to storm water management facilities, streets, and utilities.
- D. Except for staged construction of streets intended to be extended in subsequent phases, all Improvements for each section shall be installed in their permanent configuration. The final wearing course shall be carried out in an improvement guarantee until it is finally installed and inspected.
- E. It is not necessary for construction in one section to be completed for a final plan application for the next section to be submitted.
- F. All subsequent phased final plans shall be submitted within five years of the date of municipal action on the preliminary plan unless otherwise agreed upon by the applicant and the municipality. The developer shall take the responsibility to provide the municipality with reasonable notice of delays in the filing of final plans.
- G. The applicant shall annually update the municipality regarding the schedule on or before the anniversary date of the preliminary plan approval.

306.5 – Consistency with Preliminary Plan

The final plan shall conform, in all important respects, with the preliminary plan as previously approved by the municipality and shall incorporate any modifications and revisions specified by the municipality in its conditional approval of the preliminary plan. The municipality may accept a final plan modified to reflect a minor change to the site or its surroundings that occurs after the preliminary plan review. The municipality shall determine whether a modified final plan will be accepted or whether a new preliminary plan shall be submitted.

306.6 – Number of Copies

Two (2) original mylars and five (5) copies of the plan, three (3) copies of all required supporting documentation, and one (1) application shall be required for the plan approval process.

306.7 – Submission Requirements

- A. Information to be filed with final plan applications shall include those items listed under Article 4, Section 403 of this chapter, and shall be prepared in accordance with, and submitted with the number of copies, as specified herein.
- B. If the submission does not meet all requirements, the municipality shall by telephone, electronic mail (email) or similar communication advise the applicant of the deficiencies. In such a case, the submission shall not be considered a formal application until the applicant files the additional or corrected items required to comply with the requirements of this chapter.

306.8 – County Planning Review

In accordance with Article V, Section 502(b) of the Pennsylvania Municipalities Planning Code, the mylar and copies of the final plan, with a complete set of all attachments, shall be forwarded to the Erie County Department of Planning and Community Development for its review and report together with a fee sufficient to cover the costs of the review and report which fee shall be paid by the applicant.

- A. The municipality shall not approve the plan until the county has completed its review and signed the mylar and plan copies, or until the expiration of 30 days from the date the application was forwarded to the county.
- B. Any comments by the Erie County Department of Planning and Community Development should be in writing and communicated to the applicant personally or mailed to him at his last known address. A copy of the written comments should be forwarded to the municipality.
- C. The County Planning Department's written comments, if any, they should specify any defects found in the application, describe any requirements that have not been met and should cite the appropriate provisions of this chapter or any other ordinance, such as the North East Township Zoning Ordinance, that have not been met.
- D. Upon completion of its review, the County Planning Department should sign the mylar and plan copies.

306.9 – Sewage Facilities Planning

- A. In cases where approval for on-lot sewage disposal is required, the developer shall deliver two (2) copies of the final plan to the Erie County Health Department for approval of the sanitary sewage facilities which are to service the subdivision or land development.
- B. In cases where a public sewer system is available, the owner/operator of the public sewer system will determine if the connection(s) (tap-in) to the system may be approved locally or if Act 537 Sewage Planning approval is required by the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection (PADEP).

- C. No final plan shall receive approval by the municipality until the Erie County Health Department, the PADEP, and/or the owner/operator of the public sewer system, as applicable, approve the sewage disposal system which is to serve that subdivision or land development.
- D. Where applicable, the final plan shall note each lot of record that are not approved for the installation of sewage disposal facilities as determined by the Erie County Health Department and/or the PADEP.

306.10 – Erosion and Sedimentation Control Planning

- A. The developer shall submit an erosion and sedimentation control plan to the Erie County Conservation District for review and approval for any subdivision or land development involving one (1) acre or more of earth disturbance, and/or requiring construction stormwater approval or measures, solely or as part of a larger common plan of development.
- B. If an erosion and sedimentation control plan is required, the final plan shall not be approved until the erosion and sedimentation control plan is approved by the Conservation District.

306.11 – Planning Commission Review

The North East Township Planning Commission will review the final plan to determine its conformity to the design standards and other requirements contained in this chapter, the North East Township Zoning Ordinance, and any other applicable municipal ordinance; and take into consideration any recommendations and/or requirements of the Erie County Health Department and any other agencies or or ordinances, as applicable.

306.12 – Engineering Review

When a proposed subdivision or land development involves the design of streets, public or community sewer systems or water supplies, stormwater management facilities, or other site improvements, a copy of the plan and appropriate improvement designs shall be forwarded to the municipal engineer for review and recommendations.

306.13 – Public Hearing

Before acting on the final plan, the municipality may arrange for a public hearing thereon. Adequate Public Notice shall be given.

306.14 – Municipal Decision and Notification

The municipality shall render its decision and communicate it to the applicant not later than ninety (90) days following the date of the regular meeting of the governing body or the planning agency (whichever first reviews the application) next following the date the application is filed, or after a final order of the court remanding an application, provided that should the said next regular meeting occur more than 30 days following the filing of the application, or the final order of the

court, the said 90-day period shall be measured from the 30th day following the day the application has been filed.

- A. The decision of the municipality shall be in writing and shall be communicated to the applicant personally or mailed to him at his last known address not later than fifteen (15) days following the decision.
- B. When the application is not approved in terms as filed the decision shall specify the defects found in the application and describe the requirements which have not been met and shall, in each case, cite the provisions of the statute or ordinance relied upon for the disapproval.
- C. Failure of the municipality to render a decision and communicate it to the applicant within the time and in the manner required herein shall be deemed an approval of the application in terms as presented unless the applicant has agreed in writing to an extension of time or change in the prescribed manner of presentation of communication of the decision, in which case, failure to meet the extended time or change in manner of presentation of communication shall have like effect.
- D. Applicants are entitled to have applications approved in the context of the ordinance(s) in effect at the time the application is filed as described by Section 508(4) of the Pennsylvania Municipalities Planning Code.

306.15 – Conditional Approval

- A. The municipality may grant approval of a final plan subject to conditions, revisions and/or modifications, including but not limited to the developer obtaining satisfactory financial security for required improvements or the receipt of required local, state or federal permits. The municipality will state the conditions, in writing, along with the statutory basis under which the
- B. In the event the developer fails to complete all requirements imposed by conditions imposed upon plan approval within six (6) months following the date of the conditional approval, the conditions upon approval shall be deemed to have failed, the conditional approval shall be rescinded and revoked, and the final plan shall be deemed to have been denied by reason of the failure of said conditions.
- C. All conditions upon final plan approval must be met prior to signing of the plan by municipality.

306.16 – Construction from Conditionally Approved Final Plan

In accordance with the option as set forth in Section 509 of the MPC authorizing an applicant to complete construction of the subdivision/land development improvements prior to the unconditional approval and recording of a final plan and, hence, avoiding the requirements for the deposit, with the municipality, of financial security to cover the costs of such improvements, an applicant electing to do so shall meet the following requirements;

A. Requirements

1. The applicant shall indicate in writing the intent to construct the improvements prior to final plan approval to the municipality as part of the final plan application.
2. Plans must receive approval, when applicable, from all authorities having jurisdiction including by way of example but not limited to, highway occupancy permit, erosion and sedimentation control approval, etc.
3. In accordance with Section 905 of this chapter, the applicant shall complete and enter into a development agreement with the municipality. The applicant shall indicate the timetable for the construction of the improvements including a schedule and plan of the proposed phasing of sections of the plan.
4. The applicant may, after receiving receipt of acknowledgment from the municipality of the conditional approval of the final plan, proceed to construct the improvements required by this chapter and shown on the conditionally approved final plan.

B. Limitations

Construction and completion of the improvements shall not constitute permission to sell lots or occupy proposed buildings shown on the plan. Such permission shall occur concurrently with the recordation of the final plan.

306.17 – Development Agreement

- A. All applicants proposing any subdivision or land development requiring the installation of improvements as required herein shall be required to enter into a legally binding development agreement in accordance with Section 905 of this chapter.
- B. No improvements shall be commenced or work begun prior to the execution of the development agreement, and the delivery of the required financial security, if applicable.

306.18 – Assurances of Completion

No final plan shall receive approval by the municipality unless the developer shall have completed all required improvements in accordance with this Chapter or filed assurances of completion in accordance with the provisions of Article 9 of this chapter.

306.19 – Modification

The developer may seek a modification of the requirements of one or more provisions of this chapter if the literal enforcement will exact undue hardship because of peculiar conditions pertaining to the land in question, provided that such modification will not be contrary to the public interest and that the purpose and intent of this chapter is observed. All requests for modification shall then be

reviewed and considered by the municipality in accordance with Article 10, Section 1006 of this chapter.

Section 307 – Recording the Plan

307.1 – Time and Place of Recording

- A. After completion of all procedures and upon approval of the final plan, the plan shall then be recorded with the Erie County Recorder of Deeds. In no case shall the final plan be recorded after ninety (90) days from the date of the final plan approval by the municipality. Failure to record the approved plan within 90 days shall render all approvals null and void.
- B. For plans that have not been recorded within ninety (90) days, re-approval may be granted by the municipality, provided no changes have been made to the final plan, and provided that the plan complies with all statutes, ordinances and/or regulations in effect at the time of the reapproval. The plans will be re-initialed by the municipality, and a new date will be placed on the plans.
- C. The final plan shall be recorded with the Erie County Recorder of Deeds before proceeding with the sale or transfer of lots, issuance of building permits or the construction of buildings.

307.2 – Offers of Dedication

- A. Recording the final plan after approval shall have the effect of an irrevocable offer to dedicate all streets and other public ways to public use, and to dedicate or reserve all park reservations, school sites and other public service areas as hereafter provided. Approval shall not impose any duty upon the municipality concerning maintenance or improvement of any such dedicated streets, parks, areas or portions of same until the proper authorities of the municipality shall have made actual appropriation of the same by ordinance or resolution, or by entry, use or improvements.
- B. The developer may place a notation on the final plan to the effect that there is no offer of dedication to the public of certain designated public areas, or streets or alleys, in which event the title to such areas shall remain with the owner, and the municipality shall assume no responsibility for improvement or maintenance thereof, which fact shall also be noted on the final plan.

307.3 – Required Approval

The Erie County Recorder of Deeds shall not accept any plan for recording unless the plan officially notes the approval of the plan by the North East Township governing body and the review of the plan by the Erie County Department of Planning and Community Development.

Article 4 – Plan Specifications

Section 401 – Sketch Plan

The submission of a sketch plan is required for the benefit of the developer and is never considered to be a formal application.

Data furnished in a sketch plan shall be at the discretion of the developer. The sketch plan need not be to scale, and precise dimensions are not required. It is suggested that the following items, if applicable, be included in the sketch plan presentation:

- A. Location of the property (including subdivision boundary, Erie County index number(s), and municipality)
- B. Name, address and telephone number of the owner, developer and surveyor
- C. North arrow
- D. Proposed lot layout
- E. Proposed lot dimensions and acreage of the individual lots.
- F. Existing and proposed streets (including dimensions and right-of-way widths of proposed streets)
- G. General topographical and physical features (including existing structures, floodplains, wetlands, etc.)
- H. Existing and proposed easements
- I. Location of water wells and on-lot sewage systems
- J. Adjacent properties (including lot lines and Erie County index numbers)
- K. Zoning district in which the subdivision is located

Section 402 – Preliminary Plan

402.1 – Plan Size, Scale and Characteristics

- A. All preliminary plan applications submitted to the municipality for review and action shall be prepared by a registered engineer, surveyor or landscape architect and certified by him or her under seal to be true and correct.
- B. The preliminary plan drawing shall consist of an original drawn on stable plastic film and shall be in India ink. Accurate, permanent photographic reproducible reproductions in black drawn on stable plastic film will be accepted in lieu of inked drawings. Copies may be either black on white or blue on white diazo prints. Sheet size shall be either eighteen by twenty-four (18 x 24) inches or twenty-four by thirty-six (24 x 36) inches.
- C. Unless otherwise approved by the municipality, the preliminary plan shall be drawn at a scale of fifty (50) or one hundred (100) feet to the inch

depending upon the size of the overall development and the individual lots therein.

- D. If the preliminary plan is drawn in two or more sections, it shall be accompanied by a key map showing the locations of the various sections.
- E. Plans shall be presented in a clear, legible, coherent and organized manner.
- F. All preliminary plan applications may include a digital copy of all submission materials, plans and documents. The digital copy shall be in .pdf format and shall be submitted on a USB flash drive or other media acceptable to the Township.

402.2 – Required Information

The following information shall be shown on the preliminary plan:

- A. Proposed subdivision name or identifying title and the words “preliminary plan”, the municipality, county and state in which the subdivision is located, and the Erie County Index Number(s).
- B. Name and address of the owner of the tract, and of the agent involved, if any, and of the developer.
- C. Name, address and telephone number of the engineer, surveyor, landscape architect, as applicable.
- D. Date, north arrow, and graphic scale.
- E. A key map, at a minimum scale of two thousand (2,000) feet to the inch, for the purpose of locating the site, and showing the relation of the tract to adjoining property and streets, bodies of water, and municipal boundaries.
- F. Source of title to the land of the subdivision and to all adjoining lots, as shown by the official records of the Erie County Recorder of Deeds; and the Erie County index numbers and names of owners of all adjoining properties.
- G. Tract boundaries showing distances and bearings.
- H. Location of adjoining property lines.
- I. Proposed lot lines, and dimensions of lots. Total number of lots, including a numbering system to identify each lot; acreage of each lot; acreage of any remaining, unsubdivided land; and total acreage of the entire tract. Acreage shall be exclusive of rights-of-way, or other public areas. For subdivisions of land up to twenty-five (25) acres in size, a survey of the entire parcel must be included.
- J. For any lot intended to be conveyed and adjoined to an adjacent property, a “lot combination symbol” shall be provided on the plan clearly indicating said intent. The symbol used shall represent a “Z”. A notation shall also be included in the plan as required by Section 502.8 (A) and (B), as applicable.
- K. Building setback lines shall be either (a) shown on the lots or (b) specified by a note on the plan. Any existing or proposed building(s) located on the

tract being subdivided or developed shall be platted to demonstrate compliance with setback requirements.

- L. Acreage and dimensions of existing public land and of any property to be dedicated or reserved for public, semi-public or community use; and all areas to which title is reserved by owner.
- M. Zoning district and corresponding lot and area requirements, and proposed use of the land if other than single-family residential development. Show zoning for adjacent lands if different from the tract to be subdivided or developed.
- N. Location and dimensions of all existing or proposed streets, rights-of-way, parking areas, and easements on or adjacent to the tract, including right-of-way and cartway widths and street names.
- O. Clear sight triangles at any street intersection, as required by Section 505.3 (C, 5).
- P. Location and purpose of any existing or proposed easements or covenants, including agricultural, woodland, or other natural resource protection easements.
- Q. The location and width of all existing utilities (including telephone, electric, gas, fiber optics, etc.), including rights-of-way or easements on or adjacent to the tract, and the location and width of all proposed utilities, where known.
- R. Location of existing and proposed wells and on-site sewage facilities, except where public sewers are provided.
- S. Location and size of existing and proposed sanitary and storm sewers, water mains, stormwater management facilities and/or culverts, buildings, transmission lines, petroleum or petroleum product lines, fire hydrants, dumps and hazardous material sites, railroads and other significant man-made features on the property proposed to be subdivided or developed, or within two hundred (200) feet of said property.
- T. Topographic Contours at vertical intervals of a minimum of five (5) feet and datum and benchmark to which contour elevations refer. Topographic contours of less than 5-foot intervals may be required in the case of relatively level tracts, in floodplain areas or in cases where a more detailed topographical understanding is required. The municipality may waive the requirement for topographic contours in low-density subdivisions or developments involving no new streets, public water or public sewer.
- U. Prominent natural and topographic features include but not limited to watercourses, wetlands, drainage channels, regulatory 100-year floodplains and floodways, tree masses, and plant and wildlife habitat for rare, threatened, or endangered species. Steep slopes delineated to those areas 16 to 25 percent and those areas greater than 25 percent. Additionally, the preliminary plan shall indicate any proposed disturbance,

encroachment, or alteration to such features when located upon the site proposed for development.

- V. General vegetative cover of the site includes a brief description and type (i.e. meadow, woodland, transitional).
- W. Show approximate location and cite source information for significant historic and cultural features such as cemeteries, burial sites, archaeological sites, historic buildings, structures, plaques, markers, or monuments on the subject tract and within 200 feet on adjacent tracts.

402.3 – Plan Notations

The following notations, if applicable, shall appear in the preliminary plan:

- A. An appropriate notation indicating the method of sewage disposal, and any other notation(s) required by the Erie County Health Department, PA DEP or Section 508 of this chapter.
- B. A note indicating all municipal zoning variances, special exceptions or conditional uses that have been obtained, if applicable, and the conditions imposed, if any.
- C. A note identifying any modifications that are being requested in accordance with Article 10, Section 1006 of this chapter, if applicable. Supporting evidence for the request shall accompany the plan. Modifications granted by the municipality shall be so noted in the final plan.
- D. Where applicable, the plan shall note each lot that is not being proposed for development, including the residue.

402.4 – Plan Certifications

The following certificates, if applicable, shall appear in the preliminary plan:

- A. Certification, with seal, by a registered land surveyor/registered landscape architect to the effect that the survey and plan are correct.
- B. Certificate for approval by the North East Township governing body.
- C. Certificate for review by the Erie County Department of Planning and Community Development.
- D. Certificate for review by the North East Township Planning Commission.
- E. A statement, duly acknowledged before a notary public, with seal, and signed by the owner or owners of the property, to the effect that the subdivision shown on the plan is the act and deed of the owner, that he/she is the owner of the property shown on the survey and plan, and that he/she desires the same to be subdivided and recorded as shown. Said statement shall include an offer of dedication of public roads, easements or other improvements as needed.

Note: Approved forms of some of these required certificates are set forth in Appendix 1 of this chapter.

402.5 – Required Supporting Documents and Information

The following information, data and documents shall be submitted with all preliminary subdivision or land development plans, as applicable:

- A. Completed subdivision or land development application form as prescribed by the municipality for submission with preliminary plan applications.
- B. Improvement design review fees and/or deposits, if applicable.
- C. One (1) copy of approved sewage facilities planning module components, waivers or exemptions as required in accordance with the Pennsylvania Sewage Facilities Act and PADEP regulations. Status of any required Erie County Health Department and/or PADEP sewerage system or water system permits, as applicable, including permits or approvals for sanitary sewer system line extensions or tap-ins.
- D. A stormwater management plan meeting the requirements of the North East Township stormwater management ordinance.
- E. Soil erosion and sedimentation control plan designed in accordance with PA DEP standards. Evidence of approval by the Erie County Conservation District must accompany the plan.
- F. Preliminary construction plans for all required improvements including, but not limited to, profiles, cross sections and specifications for street improvements; sanitary and storm sewers; and water distribution systems.
- G. A contour grading plan may be required if deemed necessary by the municipal engineer to properly establish grading and drainage patterns.
- H. If the subdivision or land development, and related improvements are to be completed in phases, a schedule shall be filed delineating all proposed sections as well as deadlines within which applications for final plan approval of each section are intended to be filed.
- I. A statement of intention regarding the installation of required improvements or submission of a performance guarantee.
- J. Copies of proposed deed restrictions, right-of-way use and maintenance agreements, covenants, grants of easements, homeowners' association agreements, or other restrictions, where applicable.
- K. Written notification from each and every utility provider that the easements and proposed improvements provided satisfy the requirements of the respective utility company or operating authority, and that there is both a capacity and willingness to serve the development.
- L. A description of the method or technique to be used to ensure proper maintenance of common areas or facilities intended for private use.

- M. Proposed street names, including a letter from the Erie County Department of Public Safety stating that proposed street names (except in the case of the extension of existing streets) do not duplicate names of existing streets.
- N. All proposed offers of dedication and/or reservation of rights-of-way and land areas with conditions attached.
- O. Sketch of proposed street and lot layout for the remainder of the affected parcel where the preliminary plan covers only part of the subdivider's holdings, where determined applicable by the municipality.
- P. A landscaping plan including the names, sizes, quantities, and approximate location of all proposed plant materials, if required.
- Q. Where appropriate, wetlands determinations and/or delineations as per the requirements of Section 513.2 of this chapter.
- R. Proof of approvals by all appropriate public and governmental authorities or agencies where applicable, including, but not limited to, PennDOT highway occupancy permits for any planned road entrances onto existing roads or highways and permits or approvals from the Department of Environmental Protection or other federal or state agencies relating to sewage facilities, water obstructions, air quality, etc., as applicable.
- S. Based on the specific characteristics of the proposed project, the municipality may require any other information, reports or studies deemed necessary to ensure compliance with this chapter, or to protect public health, safety and welfare.

402.6 – Conservation Subdivision Requirements

Preliminary plan applications utilizing the alternative conservation subdivision design process shall meet the following additional requirements:

- A. The preliminary plan for a conservation subdivision shall include the following:
 - 1. All primary and secondary conservation areas labeled by type, as described in Article 8, Section 806.5.
 - 2. Soil types as mapped by the Erie County Soil Survey.
 - 3. The location of open space to be protected from development.
 - 4. Connections with existing or potential conservation areas on adjoining parcels, if applicable.
- B. Concurrent with the preliminary plan application for a conservation subdivision that utilizes option 1, neutral density and basic conservation; or option 2, enhanced density with greater conservation the applicant shall submit one of the following for the purpose of determining the permitted density of the subdivision:

1. In cases where the applicant has chosen to determine the maximum number of lots by mathematical formula, the applicant shall submit all calculations and supporting documentation. Refer to Section 1206 of the North East Township Zoning Ordinance.
 2. In cases where the applicant has chosen to determine the maximum number of lots by a conceptual yield plan, the applicant shall submit a yield plan in accordance with Section 807 of this chapter.
- C. Concurrently with the preliminary plan application for a conservation subdivision, applicants are required to demonstrate to the municipality that the four-step design process was performed by a certified landscape architect and considered in determining the layout of proposed streets, house lots, and open space. A site analysis plan shall be submitted to document step 1. Sketch plans shall be submitted documenting steps 2 and 3. The preliminary plan shall serve as documentation of step 4. See Section 805 for the four-step process and Section 806.6 for site analysis plan requirements.
- D. A preliminary greenway land management plan, as described in Article 8, Section 808, shall be submitted.
- E. Proposed instruments of permanent protection of the open space area, such as a conservation easement or permanent restrictive covenant, as described in Article 8, Section 809, shall be submitted.

Section 403 – Final Plan

403.1 – Plan Size, Scale and Characteristics

- A. All final plan applications submitted to the municipality for review and action shall be prepared by a registered engineer, surveyor or landscape architect and certified by him or her under seal to be true and correct.
- B. The final plan drawing shall consist of an original drawn on stable plastic film and shall be in dark permanent marker. Accurate, permanent photographic reproducible reproductions in black drawn on stable plastic film will be accepted in lieu of inked drawings. Copies shall be eighteen by twenty-four (18 x 24) inches.
- C. Unless otherwise approved by the municipality, the final plan shall be drawn in an appropriate scale depending upon the size of the overall development and the individual lots therein.
- D. If the final plan is drawn in two or more sections, it shall be accompanied by a key map showing the locations of the various sections.
- E. Plans shall be presented in a clear, legible, coherent and organized manner.
- F. All final plan applications may include a digital copy of all submission materials, plans and documents. The digital copy shall be in pdf format and shall be submitted on a USB flash drive or other media acceptable to the Township.

403.2 – Required Information

The following information shall be shown on the final plan, if applicable:

- A. Proposed subdivision name or identifying title, the municipality, county and state in which the subdivision is located, and the Erie County index number(s).
- B. Name and address of the owner of the tract, and of the agent involved, if any, and of the developer.
- C. Name, address and telephone number of the engineer, surveyor, or landscape architect, as applicable.
- D. Date, north arrow, and graphic scale.
- E. A key map, on an appropriate scale for the purpose of locating the site, and showing the relation of the tract to adjoining property and streets, bodies of water, and municipal boundaries.
- F. Source of title to the land of the subdivision and to all adjoining lots, as shown by the official records of the Erie County Recorder of Deeds; and the Erie County index numbers and names of owners of all adjoining properties.
- G. Lot lines and tract boundaries with accurate bearings and distances. Distances shall be to the nearest hundredth of a foot; bearings shall be to the nearest second. Survey closure shall be 1:10,000 or better.
- H. Location of adjoining property lines.
- I. Complete curve data for all curves, including radius, delta angle, tangent, arc length, chord, chord bearing, and degree of curve.
- J. Location and material of all permanent existing and proposed monuments and lot markers.
- K. Accurate bearings and distances to the nearest established street corners or official monuments where practicable. Accurate descriptions of all reference corners.
- L. Total number of lots, including a numbering system to identify each lot; acreage of each lot; acreage of any remaining, unsubdivided land; total acreage of the entire tract, and if applicable, of the phase proposed for final plan approval. Acreage shall be to the nearest hundredth acre exclusive of rights-of-way, or other public areas. For subdivisions of land up to ten (10) acres in size, a survey of the entire parcel must be included.
- M. For any lot intended to be conveyed and adjoined to an adjacent property, a "lot combination symbol" shall be provided on the plan clearly indicating said intent. The symbol used shall represent a "Z". A notation shall also be included in the plan as required by Section 502.8 (A) and (B), as applicable.
- N. Building setback lines shall be either (a) shown on the lots or (b) specified by a note on the plan. Any existing or proposed buildings located on the

tract being subdivided or developed shall be platted to demonstrate compliance with setback requirements.

- O. Acreage and accurate dimensions of existing public land and of any property to be dedicated or reserved for public, semi-public or community use; and all areas to which title is reserved by owner.
- P. Zoning district and corresponding lot and area requirements, and proposed use of the land if other than single-family residential development. Show zoning for adjacent lands if different from the tract to be subdivided or developed.
- Q. Location and dimensions of all existing or proposed streets, rights-of-way, parking areas, and easements on or adjacent to the tract, including right-of-way and cartway widths and street names.
- R. Clear sight triangles at any street intersection, as required by Section 505.3 (C, 5).
- S. Street centerlines with accurate dimensions in feet and hundredths of feet, with bearings of such street centerlines to the nearest second.
- T. Location and purpose of any existing or proposed easements or covenants, including agricultural, woodland, or other natural resource protection easements.
- U. The location and width of all existing utilities (including telephone, electric, gas, fiber optics, etc.), including rights-of-way or easements on or adjacent to the tract, and the location and width of all proposed utilities, where known.
- V. Location of existing and proposed wells and on-site sewage facilities, except where public sewers are provided.
- W. Location and size of existing and proposed sanitary and storm sewers, water mains, stormwater management facilities and/or culverts, buildings, transmission lines, petroleum or petroleum product lines, fire hydrants, dumps and hazardous material sites, railroads and other significant man-made features on the property proposed to be subdivided or developed, or within two hundred (200) feet of said property.
- X. Prominent natural and topographic features include but are not limited to watercourses, wetlands, drainage channels, regulatory 100-year floodplains and floodways, tree masses, and plant and wildlife habitat for rare, threatened, or endangered species. Steep slopes delineated to those areas 16 to 25 percent and those areas greater than 25 percent.
- Y. Show approximate location and cite source information for significant historic and cultural features such as cemeteries, burial sites, archaeological sites, historic buildings, structures, plaques, markers, or monuments on the subject tract and within 200 feet on adjacent tracts.

403.3 – Plan Notations

The following notations, if applicable, shall appear in the final plan:

- A. A note indicating all municipal zoning variances, special exceptions or conditional uses that have been obtained, if applicable, and the conditions imposed, if any.
- B. A note identifying any modifications of this chapter granted by the municipality, if applicable.
- C. In cases where the subdivision or land development fronts on any existing or proposed state road, the plan shall contain a highway occupancy permit notice as required by Section 508 (6) of the Pennsylvania Municipalities Planning Code.
- D. Where applicable, the plan shall note each lot of record that are not approved for the installation of sewage disposal facilities as determined by the Erie County Health Department and/or the PA DEP.
- E. In accordance with Section 508.5, a non-building waiver notation shall be required if such a waiver has been approved by the Erie County Health Department or PADEP. See Appendix 1.
- F. If any portion of the proposed development is in a flood hazard area, a notation as required by Section 513.1 (B) shall be required.
- G. For lots containing wetland areas, a notation as required by Section 513.2 (C) shall be required.
- H. In cases where the final plan is intended to supersede or replace a previously recorded plan, the following notation shall be required: *This subdivision (or land development, as applicable) plan supersedes the prior (insert name of subdivision or land development) plan as recorded as Erie County Instrument Number (insert number).*

I. 403.4 – Plan Certifications

The following certificates, if applicable, shall appear in the final plan:

- A. Certification, with seal, by a registered land surveyor/registered landscape architect to the effect that the survey and plan are correct.
- B. Certificate for approval by the North East Township governing body.
- C. Certificate for review by the Erie County Department of Planning and Community Development.
- D. Certificate for review by the North East Township planning commission.
- E. A statement, duly acknowledged before a notary public, with seal, and signed by the owner or owners of the property, to the effect that the subdivision shown on the plan is the act and deed of the owner, that he/she is the owner of the property shown on the survey and plan, and that he/she desires the same to be subdivided and recorded as shown. Said statement

shall include an offer of dedication of public roads, easements or other improvements as needed.

- F. A certificate to provide for the recording of the Plan.

Note: Approved forms of some of these required certificates are set forth in Appendix 1 of this chapter.

403.5 – Required Supporting Documents and Information

The following information, in addition to that shown on the final plan, shall be submitted to the municipality as a condition of final plan approval, when applicable:

- A. Completed subdivision or land development application form as prescribed by the municipality for submission with final plan applications.
- B. Improvement design review fees and/or deposits, if applicable.
- C. One (1) copy of approved sewage facilities planning module components, waivers or exemptions as required in accordance with the Pennsylvania Sewage Facilities Act and PADEP regulations. Status of any required Erie County Health Department and/or PADEP sewerage system or water system permits, as applicable, including permits or approvals for sanitary sewer system line extensions or tap-ins.
- D. For proposed lots not meeting the minimum lot requirements of the North East Township Zoning Ordinance and intended to be conveyed and adjoined to an adjacent property, a copy of the deed(s) prepared for recording shall be provided and said deed(s) shall affect the lot addition on the plan. See Section 502.8.
- E. A stormwater management plan meeting the requirements of the North East Township Stormwater Management Ordinance.
- F. Soil erosion and sedimentation control plan designed in accordance with PA DEP standards. Evidence of approval by the Erie County Conservation District must accompany the plan.
- G. Construction plans for all required improvements including, but not limited to, final profiles, cross sections and specifications for street improvements; sanitary and storm sewers; and water distribution systems.
- H. A contour grading plan may be required if deemed necessary by the municipality or municipal engineer to properly establish grading and drainage patterns.
- I. Tentative timetable for the proposed sequence of development for the subdivision, if required.
- J. Required development agreement and assurances of completion or approval of required improvements in accordance with Article 9 of this chapter, as applicable.

- K. Copies of proposed deed restrictions, right-of-way use and maintenance agreements, covenants, grants of easements, homeowners' association agreements, or other restrictions, where applicable.
- L. Written notification from every utility provider that the easements and proposed improvements provided satisfy the requirements of the respective utility company or operating authority, and that there is both a capacity and willingness to serve the development.
- M. A description of the method or technique to be used to ensure proper maintenance of common areas or facilities intended for private use.
- N. Proposed street names, including a letter from the Erie County Department of Public Safety stating that proposed street names (except in the case of the extension of existing streets) do not duplicate names of existing streets.
- O. A landscaping plan including the names, sizes, quantities, and approximate location of all proposed plant materials, if required.
- P. Where appropriate, wetlands determinations and/or delineations as per the requirements of Section 513.2 of this chapter.
- Q. Proof of approvals by all appropriate public and governmental authorities or agencies where applicable, including, but not limited to, PennDOT highway occupancy permits for any planned road entrances onto existing roads or highways and permits or approvals from the Department of Environmental Protection or other federal or state agencies relating to sewage facilities, water obstructions, air quality, etc., as applicable.
- R. Based on the specific characteristics of the proposed project, the municipality may require any other information, reports or studies deemed necessary to ensure compliance with this chapter, or to protect public health, safety and welfare.
- S. In the case of a conservation subdivision development, a copy of the approved greenway land management plan shall be submitted.

Article 5 – Design and Construction Standards

Section 501 - General

501.1 – Purpose and Applicability

The purpose of design and construction standards is to create a functional and attractive development, to minimize adverse impacts, and to ensure that a project will be an asset to a community. To promote this purpose, all subdivisions and land developments shall comply with the standards of this Article. In addition, the municipality may require evidence of compliance with all other municipal, county, state or federal laws or regulations.

501.2 – Required Improvements

- A. Improvements required by the municipality may include, but are not limited to, streets, sanitary sewers, water supply systems, stormwater controls, utilities, survey monuments, erosion controls, or other such improvements necessary for development of a site.
- B. The construction of subdivision and/or land development improvements shall be the responsibility of the developer.
- C. The minimum improvements and construction standards required of all subdivisions and land developments shall be as set forth in this chapter. Where not set forth, they shall be in accordance with the prevailing standards established by the municipal engineer. Alternate improvement standards may be permitted if the municipality deems them equal or superior in performance characteristics to the specified improvements. Additional or higher type improvements may be required in specific cases where the municipality finds them to be necessary to create conditions essential to the health, safety, or general welfare of the citizens of the municipality.

501.3 – Additional Regulations

In addition to this chapter, there may be other ordinances, laws, or policies that regulate any proposed development. Although the municipality endeavors to identify such additional regulations, it will be the sole responsibility of the applicant to determine and comply with such additional regulations. The most common of these regulations are:

- A. Zoning regulations.
- B. Regulations related to water and sewer facilities as imposed by Department of Environmental Protection (DEP), the municipality, a municipal authority or a private utility;
- C. On-lot sewage regulations as administered by the sewage enforcement officer.
- D. Other utilities (gas, electric, telephone, cable, etc.).
- E. Regulations regarding wetlands.
- F. Regulations regarding floodplains.
- G. Habitats of endangered wildlife.
- H. Regulations concerning historic structures.
- I. Regulations related to the access of local or state roads.
- J. Building codes and regulations, state and/or local.
- K. Erosion and sedimentation plans and possible other related permits as administered by the Erie County Conservation District.

- L. Fire protection regulations and restrictions.

501.4 – Coordinated Development

- A. Consideration shall be given in the design of all land developments and subdivisions to the future development needs of the municipality and to any objectives established in any adopted county or municipal comprehensive plan; master plan for land use, streets and thoroughfares, public utilities and facilities, and/or environmental issues; and to any other governmental plan affecting the subdivision or land development.
- B. All subdivision and land development plans shall conform to any officially adopted zoning ordinance or official map concerning the area.
- C. The layout of the proposed subdivision shall be in general conformity with the features or developments proposed in any officially adopted plan of the municipality or the county.
- D. A subdivision or land development and its street pattern should be coordinated with existing nearby developments or neighborhoods so that the area may be developed harmoniously.

Section 502 – Lots and Building Lines

502.1 – General

- A. The lot size, width, depth, shape, orientation and the minimum building setback lines shall be appropriate for the location of the subdivision and for the type of development and use contemplated.
- B. Side lines of lots, so far as practical, shall be at right angles or radial to street lines.
- C. Lot lines, where possible, shall follow municipal and county boundary lines rather than cross them.
- D. Lots abutting local streets shall front upon the streets that parallel the long dimension of the block, if possible.

502.2 – Land Unsuitable for Development

Land which is unsuitable for development because of hazards to life, safety, health, or property, shall not be developed until such hazards have been eliminated or unless adequate safeguards against such hazards are provided for in the subdivision or land development plan. Land included as having unsuitable characteristics would be the following:

- A. Land subject to flooding or which has a high ground water table, including all land located in a designated 100-year floodplain.
- B. Land which, if developed, will create or aggravate a flooding condition upon other land.
- C. All land covered by lakes, ponds, or other open water, natural or man-made.

- D. All land within the rights-of-way of existing or proposed overhead utility lines.
- E. Land subject to subsidence.
- F. Land subject to underground fires.
- G. Land containing significant areas of slopes greater than twenty-five percent (25%).
- H. Land, which, because of physical environment or means of access, is considered hazardous.
- I. Land which is/or may be subject to groundwater pollution or contamination.

502.3 – Depth-to-Width Ratio

- A. The depth-to-width ratio of lots shall be a maximum of four (4) to one (1). However, when the mean width of a lot exceeds four hundred fifty (450) feet, the regulation on maximum depth-to-width ratio shall be waived.
- B. The maximum depth-to-width ratio of four (4) to one (1) shall be calculated excluding any unusable area or area unsuitable for development, such as wetlands, floodplains or limiting topography. See Section 502.2 of this chapter for definitions of land unsuitable for development.
- C. The minimum depth-to-width ratio shall be one (1) to one (1).

502.4 – Access to Public Right-of-Way

- A. All lots shall front on a public road right-of-way. Such right-of-way shall be either:
 - 1. publicly dedicated and maintained by the municipality; or
 - 2. an existing, approved public right-of-way, privately maintained by the developer or lot owners fronting said right-of-way, provided that no more than four (4) lots shall be permitted on a public right-of-way / privately maintained road.
- B. Lot access and driveways shall be in accordance with Section 505.5 of this chapter.

502.5 – Double Frontage and Reverse Frontage Lots

Double frontage and reverse frontage lots shall be avoided except where essential to provide separation of residential development from arterials and high-volume collectors or to overcome specific disadvantages of topography and orientation. Such lots shall have no right to access abutting arterial or collector street. A planting screen easement across which there shall be no right of access may be required by the municipality along the line of lots abutting such a traffic artery or other disadvantageous use.

502.6 – Reserve Strips

No subdivision showing reserve strips controlling the access of public rights-of-way shall be approved.

502.7 – Flag Lots

- A. Flag lots will only be permitted for lots of one (1) acre or more in areas with public water and sewer availability; two (2) acres or more in areas with either public water or sewer availability; and five (5) acres or more in areas without public water and sewer availability.
- B. For residential development, flag lots shall have a minimum width of fifty (50) feet measured at the right-of-way line.
- C. For non-residential development, flag lots shall have a minimum width of sixty (60) feet measured at the right-of-way line.
- D. The narrow access corridor of one flag lot may not abut the access corridor of another flag lot, nor can lots be “stacked” flag lots, i.e. one lot behind a proposed or current (existing) flag lot.
- E. The lot line where the narrow access corridor widens shall be considered the front lot line for applying setback requirements.
- F. The lot minimum size, width and depth-to-width ratio requirements shall be based on the main portion of the lot and shall not include the access corridor.

502.8 – Lot Additions and Lot Consolidations

- A. For any lot intended to be conveyed and adjoined to an adjacent property, a “lot combination symbol” shall be provided on the plan clearly indicating said intent. The symbol used shall represent a “Z”. In addition, the following note shall be placed on the plan: *Lot # () consisting of () acres are to become an integral part of Lot # () consisting of () acres. The resulting acreage will be ().*
- B. A proposed lot not meeting the minimum lot requirements of the North East Township Zoning Ordinance, and intended to be conveyed and adjoined to an adjacent property shall provide the following note in addition to the note required in Section 502.8 (A): *Lot # () is not a building lot and cannot be maintained or developed as a separate, individual lot.*
- C. Both the lot created in effect by combination with an adjoined lot and the residual lot shall be in compliance with the North East Township zoning 502.9 – Lot and Yard Requirements
- D. Failure of the applicant to record said deed(s) within ninety (90) days subsequent to recording the final plan shall constitute a violation of this chapter and shall be subject to all the enforcement proceedings contained in Section 1005 of this chapter. This requirement shall be waived if proposed lots, including the proposed “adjoined” meet the minimum lot

requirements of the North East Township Zoning Ordinance, and the failure to record said deed(s) does not result in the creation of a non-conforming lot.

502.9 – Lot and Yard Requirements

Lot and yard requirements shall be in accordance with the North East Township Zoning Ordinance.

Section 503 – Blocks

503.1 – Length and Width

All blocks in a subdivision shall have a maximum length of fourteen hundred (1,400) feet. Blocks subdivided into lots shall be approximately two (2) lot depths in width, except lots along a major thoroughfare which front on an interior street. Block lengths shall not be less than four hundred (400) feet.

503.2 – Commercial and Industrial Blocks

- A. In commercial areas, the block layout shall conform, with due consideration to site conditions, to the best possible layout to serve the buying public, to permit good traffic circulation and the parking of cars, to make delivery and pickup efficient, and to reinforce the best design of the units in the commercial areas.
- B. The block layout in industrial areas shall be governed by the most efficient arrangement of space for present use and future expansion, with due regard for worker and customer access parking. Special attention should be paid to the accommodation of truck and tractor/trailer traffic.

503.3 – Pedestrian Rights-of-Way

In large blocks with interior parks and playgrounds, in exceptionally long blocks where access to a school and/or shopping center is necessary, or where cross streets are impractical or unnecessary, a pedestrian right-of-way may be required by the municipality near and through the center of every block over 1,000 feet long. Such right-of-way shall be a minimum of ten (10) feet wide and shall have a paved walkway a minimum of four (4) feet wide.

Section 504 – Monuments and Markers

The placement, size, length, material and design of survey monuments and markers shall be in accordance with the following criteria:

- A. Monuments shall be of concrete with a one-half ($\frac{1}{2}$) inch metal dowel in the center at the top. Monument size shall be no less than four (4) inches by four (4) inches by thirty (30) inches.

- B. Markers shall be ferrous metal pipe or rods, one-half (1/2) inch minimum diameter by thirty (30) inch length or may be standard manufactured steel survey markers of a similar length.
- C. Monuments and markers shall be placed so that the center point shall coincide exactly with the intersection of lines to be marked.
- D. Monuments and markers shall be flush with finished grade.
- E. Monuments shall be set at the intersection of all lines forming angles in the boundaries of major subdivisions, and at the intersection of all street lines.
- F. Markers shall be set at all lot angles and corners, and at the beginning and end of all curves in lot and street lines. Curves for corner radii at intersection need not be marked if the intersection is monumented.
- G. Any monuments that are destroyed or removed shall be replaced by a registered surveyor.

Section 505 – Streets

The minimum design and construction standards for streets and related improvements required of all subdivisions and land developments shall be as set forth in this chapter. Where not set forth, they shall be in accordance with the prevailing standards established by the municipal engineer. Alternate improvement standards may be permitted if the municipality deems them equal or superior in performance characteristics to the specified improvements. Additional or higher type improvements may be required in specific cases where the municipality finds them to be necessary to create conditions essential to the health, safety, or general welfare of the citizens of the municipality.

505.1 – Street System General Standards

- A. The arrangement of streets shall minimize congestion, avoid hazardous intersections, and provide convenient and safe access to the property. They shall conform to the transportation plan of the County and municipal comprehensive plans, to official maps, and to such county, municipal, and state road and highway plans as have been duly adopted.
- B. Proposed streets shall be coordinated with existing or proposed streets on adjacent properties and shall be planned and designed for the continuation of existing streets in adjoining areas, the proper projection of streets into adjoining undeveloped or unplatted areas, and the continuation of proposed streets to the boundaries of the tract being developed. No subdivision or land development shall be approved that will result in a tract or parcel of land being landlocked.
- C. Streets shall be laid out to be harmonious with the existing and proposed site characteristics including, but not limited to, slope, best use, parcel layout, runoff, soil capacity, water table, floodplain, sight distance, traffic volume and safety, pedestrian use, traffic control, and parking.

- D. Curvilinear streets should be utilized only where their use will be consistent with adjoining development patterns, topography, and natural features of the site.
- E. Curvilinear streets shall not be used immediately adjacent to an existing grid street system without providing a transition that continues and projects the historic grid.
- F. Streets shall be laid out to preserve the integrity of their design. Streets shall be laid out to conform as much as possible to the topography to permit efficient drainage and utility systems, to require the minimum number of streets necessary for convenient and safe access, and to result in usable lots and satisfactory street grades.
- G. Streets which provide ingress and egress to residential areas of single and multiple family dwellings shall be laid out to discourage and minimize their use by through traffic and to discourage excessive speeds; however, street connectivity into and from adjacent areas is encouraged and will generally be required.
- H. If lots resulting from a subdivision or land development, including the tract residual, are large enough for re-subdivision, adequate street right-of-way to permit further subdivision and land development shall be provided as necessary.
- I. Where a subdivision or land development abuts a collector or arterial street the municipality may require an internal street system, marginal access street, rear service street, reverse frontage lots, shared driveways, or such other treatment as will provide protection for abutting properties, reduction in the number of intersections and driveways with the collector or arterial street, and separation of local and through traffic.
- J. Adequate vehicular and pedestrian access shall be provided to all lots.
- K. Where streets continue into adjacent municipalities the applicant shall coordinate the design of the street with both municipalities in order to ensure uniform cartway widths, pavement cross sections, and other public improvements.
- L. All proposed connections to existing streets shall be approved by the jurisdiction owning the existing streets.
- M. Streets shall be designed with drainage grates that are safe for crossing by bicycles and horse drawn vehicles.
- N. All streets being offered for dedication must meet the Pennsylvania Department of Transportation (PennDOT) requirements for liquid fuel allocation.
- O. When streets are offered for dedication the applicant shall provide the required right-of-way, street geometry, street section, drainage facilities, and traffic control. Additional infrastructure may be required where design standards warrant further improvements based on traffic impact studies.

- P. Where a subdivision or land development abuts or contains an existing street right-of-way of improper width or alignment, the municipality may require the dedication or reservation of additional land sufficient to widen the street or correct the alignment. Where an additional dedication or reservation is required, all building setback lines will be measured from such dedicated or reserved right-of-way line.
- Q. The municipality shall have the right to determine the classification of roadway and street systems. This determination, if necessary, should be obtained prior to the design process.

505.2 – Traffic Engineering Report

- A. The municipality may, at its discretion, require the applicant to prepare and submit a traffic engineering report when any of the following conditions exist:
 - 1. It is estimated that the subdivision of land development will generate over two hundred (200) vehicle trips a day based upon the Institute of Transportation Engineers generation rates.
 - 2. The subdivision of land development will result in the creation of twenty-five (25) or more lots.
 - 3. Current traffic problems exist in the local area, such as a high accident location, confusing intersection, or a congested intersection that directly affects access to the subdivision or land development.
 - 4. The ability of the existing roadway system to handle increased traffic or the feasibility of improving the roadway system to handle increased traffic is limited.
 - 5. The proposed development alters the transportation patterns on a public street providing access to the development or proposes the removal or relocation of a street.
- B. The traffic engineering report shall be prepared under the supervision of a qualified and experienced transportation engineer with specific training in traffic and transportation engineering and at least two (2) years of experience in preparing traffic engineering reports for existing or proposed developments.
- C. The scope of the traffic study shall be reviewed and approved by the municipality and municipal engineer prior to commencement. The scope shall include the proposed intersection and roadway, as well as the surrounding impacted transportation facilities.

505.3 – Street Design Standards

A. General Street Design Standards

- 1. Streets shall be designed for a twenty (20)-year service life. If a street is to be utilized prior to completion of construction, the utilized portion

must be structurally designed to support all anticipated loading without significant loss of the designed service life of the street.

2. Special consideration for future bus and truck routes must be considered in the design of streets for pavement thickness and width, sight distances and curb radii.
3. Streets located in floodplain or flood prone areas shall be designed and constructed to meet the requirements of any applicable floodplain management ordinance requirements and Section 513.1 of this chapter.
4. The existing level of service (LOS) on any adjacent street and intersection that will be affected by a proposed subdivision or land development shall not fall below LOS C if it is currently at LOS A, B, or C, and shall not be further reduced if it is at LOS D, E, or F.
5. Traffic calming techniques should be considered with projects that result in high vehicular or pedestrian traffic, areas of commercial development, and transition areas between commercial and residential development. Techniques shall be employed based on PennDOT, Publication 383.

B. Required Rights-of-Way and Cartways

1. Right-of-way and cartway widths contained in this chapter are the minimum required for public streets based upon the need to provide efficient movement of vehicles, serve utilities, accommodate ponding runoff, storage of plowed snow, emergency parking, temporary roadway adjustments during maintenance and accidents, and to accommodate future improvements.
2. The applicant shall certify prior to final plan approval of a subdivision or land development that title to any street right-of-way is free and clear of all liens and encumbrances and that no prior right-of-way has been granted to any utility or any other person.
3. Right-of-way and cartway widths should not be less than those required for all elements of the design cross sections, utility accommodation, and by the PennDOT Liquid Fuels Regulations. All plans shall be designed to provide for the entire right-of-way and cartway widths.
4. Minimum street cartway and right-of-way widths shall be as shown on the following table. Shoulders shall be required when no curbs are provided. Increase cartway width for each lane over two (2) by one-half the requirement.

| Street Classification | Right-of-Way Width | Minimum Cartway Width With Curbs | Minimum Cartway Width No Curbs | Shoulders (each side) |
|-----------------------|---|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Local | 50 feet | 26 feet | 22 feet | 2 feet |
| Collector | 60 feet | 32 feet | 26 feet | 4 feet |
| Comm./Industrial | 60 feet | 36 feet | 30 feet | 6 feet |
| Arterial | Arterial streets shall meet applicable PennDOT standards. | | | |

5. The municipality shall reserve the right to require a right-of-way width greater than PennDOT specifications and the standards set forth in table (above) for reasons of public safety and convenience, for acceleration and deceleration lanes into parking lots, streets, or high-density residential developments, or to provide for future service roads. The right-of-way and cartway width of a new public street that is a continuation of an existing street shall in no case be continued at a width less than the existing street. Where the right-of-way and cartway width of the new street is greater than the existing street, a transition area shall be provided, the design of which is subject to municipal approval.
6. All the right-of-way shall be graded similar to the street grade. The slope of banks along street centerlines shall be no steeper than the following:
 - a. One (1) foot of vertical measurement for three (3) feet of horizontal measurement for fills.
 - b. One (1) foot of vertical measurement for two (2) feet of horizontal measurement for cuts. Where a cut or fill abuts a sidewalk there shall be a two (2) foot level area adjacent to the sidewalk and the fill slope shall not exceed one (1) foot of vertical measurement for three (3) feet of horizontal measurement.
7. Where a subdivision or land development adjoins undeveloped acreage, new streets or reserved rights-of-way shall be provided to the boundary lines of the development.

C. Intersections

1. Whenever possible, streets shall intersect at right angles. When local streets intersect with collector or arterial streets, the angle of intersection at the street centerlines shall in no case be less than seventy-five (75) degrees. No two local streets shall intersect with an angle of intersection at the centerlines of less than sixty (60) degrees.
2. No more than two (2) streets shall intersect at the same point.

3. The minimum distance between street intersections shall be based on the intersection type as specified in the following table. The distance shall be measured between the centerlines of the two adjoining or intersecting streets along the centerline of the cross street that is being adjoined or intersected.

| Minimum Distance Between Centerlines for: | Arterial with Collector | Arterial with Local | Collector with Collector | Collector with Local | Local with Local |
|--|-------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|------------------|
| Streets adjoining same side of cross street | 800' | 800' | 500' | 500' | 300' |
| Streets adjoining opposite sides of cross street | 800' | 300' | 300' | 300' | 150' |

4. Street curb intersections shall be rounded by a tangential arc with a minimum radius of 20 feet for local streets and 30 feet for those which include a state highway, collector or arterial street. Radius corners or diagonal cutoffs shall be provided on property lines substantially concentric with or parallel to the chord of the curb radius corners.
5. **Clear Sight Triangles:** When fences, hedges or other plantings, structures, or walls on any lot corner would create a traffic hazard by limiting clear vision across a corner lot from a height of between three (3) feet and eight (8) feet above the finished paved area, at the centerline of the right-of-way, such structure and/or vegetation shall be removed in conjunction with grading the right-of-way to provide a sight line of one hundred fifty (150) feet along the centerline of an arterial street, one hundred twenty (120) feet along the centerline of a collector street and eighty (80) feet along the centerline of a local street from the centerline intersections. When an arterial or collector and a local street intersect, each shall retain its respective footage requirements along the centerline to form the sight triangle. No building or structure shall be permitted in this sight triangle. Sight triangles shall be shown on the plan.
6. Sight distances shall not be less than specifications of current AASHTO/PennDOT specifications and shall be calculated based on a reasonable speed as approved by the municipality. If such specifications are greater than the minimums established in this Section, the greater specifications shall control.
7. Where the grade of any street at the approach to an intersection exceeds five percent (5%), a leveling area shall be provided, if possible, with a transitional grade not to exceed two percent (2%),

for a minimum distance of fifty (50) feet from the nearest right-of-way line of the intersection.

8. For any new streets that will intersect upon a state highway, the developer will be required to obtain a highway occupancy permit from the PennDOT.

D. Horizontal and Vertical Curves

Horizontal and Vertical curves shall be in accordance with PennDOT Publication 70 specifications.

E. Street Grades

1. The minimum centerline grade on all streets shall be five-tenths (0.5%) percent.
2. Unless approval is obtained from the municipality upon recommendation from the municipal engineer, the centerline grades shall not exceed the following:
 - a. Minor streets are ten (10%) percent.
 - b. Collector streets eight (8%) percent.
 - c. Arterial streets six (6%) percent.

505.4 – Cul-de-sacs, Alleys and Special Purpose Streets

A. Cul-de-sacs and Dead-End Streets

1. Dead-end streets shall be prohibited, except as stubs to permit future street extension into adjoining tracts, or when designed as cul-de-sacs to serve residential areas.
2. Cul-de-sacs shall be permitted when through traffic at such a street end is not essential to the street system in that district.
3. Where cul-de-sacs are permitted, the length shall not exceed the minimum lot width required for a total of 20 total lots or housing units, nor be less than two hundred and fifty (250) feet and shall be provided with a turnaround having a minimum right-of-way diameter of one hundred and twenty (120) feet. The length of the cul-de-sac shall be measured to the center of the turnaround. Extension of a cul-de-sac will be permitted to connect with the street system of a new or extended subdivision provided that all other applicable requirements are met.

B. Half Streets

Half streets shall not be permitted, unless no other street layout is possible. If circumstances necessitate a half street, adequate provisions for the concurrent dedication of the remaining half of the street must be furnished by the developer. Where there exists a half street in an adjoining

subdivision, the remaining half shall be provided in the proposed development. The use of reserve strips is prohibited.

C. Alleys

1. Alleys are not permitted.

D. Access Streets

1. Where a proposed development abuts or contains an existing state highway or arterial street, the municipality may require construction of one or more marginal access streets, reverse frontage lots and/or such other measures as it deems necessary to protect abutting properties, separate local and through traffic, ensure proper traffic flow and/or reduce the number of intersections with such highway or major street.
2. Where a development borders on or contains a railroad right of way or a limited access highway right-of-way, the municipality may require construction of a street approximately parallel to and on each side of such right-of-way for such distance as the municipality deems necessary to ensure appropriate use of the intervening land. Such distance shall be determined after consideration of the use, the requirements of approach grades and future grade separations.
3. Where a proposed development or lots therein abut a state highway or a collector or arterial street and the municipality finds that a potential traffic hazard exists, construction of a service road shall be required as a condition of plan approval.
4. Cross streets shall be placed at convenient intervals consistent with topography, so as to provide convenient cross-circulation between longitudinal streets.

505.5 – Lot Access and Driveways

A. Lot Access

Access to any lot, tract, parcel, subdivision or development shall be provided in a manner that promotes safe and efficient ingress and egress to a public street, limits the number of driveways, and promotes common points of ingress and egress that are adequate for existing and future growth, and in accordance with the following:

1. The municipality may disapprove of any point of ingress or egress to any lot, tract, parcel, or development from any street or highway when the proposed ingress or egress would create unsafe conditions, reduce the capacity of the adjoining street or highway, or result in substandard circulation and impaired vehicle movement.
2. The municipality may require the applicant to provide ingress and egress to a particular lot or tract through the remainder of his property or other properties over which the applicant has control.

3. Access drives and driveways shall not be permitted to have direct access to state highways unless authorized by PennDOT through issuance of a highway occupancy permit.
4. The receipt of a highway occupancy permit does not assume direct approval of the municipality. The municipality may require the applicant to reapply for a permit if the location of the PennDOT approved access conflicts with any provision of this chapter or if the department feels the location of the access will hinder the safe and efficient movement on any state road or highway or the proper development of the site.
5. In instances where access onto a municipal street is proposed as part of a subdivision or land development proposal, the applicant shall include a copy of such driveway permit as part of the plan submission, or a disclaimer signed by the applicant acknowledging this permit requirement shall be placed on the plans.

B. Driveways

Proposed driveways shall conform to all applicable municipal standards that may exist within the North East Township zoning ordinance and the North East Township driveway ordinance. Additionally, all driveways shall, at a minimum, be designed in accordance with the following:

1. All proposed lots shall be situated in such a fashion that safe and efficient driveway access can be provided onto a public or existing and approved private street in accordance with this chapter to facilitate the design of common points of ingress and egress that are adequate for existing and future growth.
2. Driveways shall not interfere with the normal traffic movement nor be inconsistent with the design, maintenance, and drainage of the street.
3. The municipality may require the joint or shared use of driveways to provide ingress and egress when such design would increase traffic safety by decreasing the potential for vehicular conflicts. In such cases a shared driveway maintenance and use agreement must be entered into by the respective property owners and recorded with the subdivision or land development plan.
4. Where a residential lot fronts on both a local street and a collector or arterial street, driveway access shall be from the local street.
5. All driveway aprons shall be set at the finished elevation of the accessed street's asphalt wearing course, if applicable.
6. No drive, street, drive or driveway apron shall be installed within 2 feet from the outside edge of an existing catch basin or basin grate.

7. No approach or curb cut shall begin closer to an intersecting street than the street line extended to such intersection street or 15 feet from the line of the intersection curb, whichever is greater.
8. The width of any entrance driveway shall not exceed 35 feet, measured at right angles to the axis of said driveway.
9. No two driveways serving one property shall be placed within 15 feet of each other at their intersection with the street line.
10. No entrance driveway shall intersect a street line at an intersection angle of less than 45 degrees.
11. Driveway approaches shall be flared at their intersection with the street or highway, with radii not exceeding 20 feet, and the entire flare shall fall within the right-of-way.
12. The drive or driveway must have a minimum of 20 feet tangent distance in curbed area or 30 feet minimum tangent distance in uncurbed area between the drive and the nearest intersection.
13. The difference between cross slope of the roadway and the drive grade shall not exceed eight percent (8%).
14. The drive or driveway must be paved from the edge of the street pavement to the right of way line, if applicable.

505.6 – Street Construction Standards

- A. At a minimum all street construction activities shall be performed in strict accordance with PennDOT, Publication 408 including all references, supplements, and revisions; with this chapter, and with any other applicable municipal ordinances and requirements to ensure proper serviceability.
- B. Liquid Fuels Requirement: Any street or part thereof offered for dedication or intended to be offered for dedication to a municipality for inclusion into the road system under this chapter, shall comply with the minimum requirements of PennDOT covering the allocation of liquid fuel tax receipts and the standards outlined in this chapter.
- C. Streets shall be graded to the full width of the right-of-way, surfaced, curbed (if required by the municipality or drainage plan), and improved to the grades and dimensions shown on plans, with profiles and typical cross-sections submitted by the developer and approved by the municipal engineer.
- D. Side slopes shall be graded to blend with the natural lay of the land, or in accordance with cross sections approved by the municipal engineer. Where fill material is necessary to establish uniform grades, compacting shall be required in accordance with current PennDOT Publication 408 specifications for embankment. A slope of two (2) horizontal feet to one (1) vertical foot beyond the right-of-way line in cut or fill, shall ordinarily be required.

- E. Subgrade and drainage shall be provided, shaped and compacted in accordance with current PennDOT Publication 408 specifications.
- F. Subdrains shall be designed and installed in accordance with current PennDOT Publication 408 specifications.
- G. All pavement, base, subbase (where required), and sidewalks shall be installed in accordance with current PennDOT Publication 408 specifications.
- H. Areas between the sidewalk and curb (if required) shall be seeded as required by the municipal engineer.

505.7 – Street Names

- A. All public streets shall be named.
- B. Continuations of existing streets shall be known by the same name.
- C. Names for new streets shall not duplicate or closely resemble names of existing streets within the county or approximate such names using suffixes such as “lane”, “way”, “drive”, “court”, “circle”, “boulevard” or “avenue”.
- D. All new street names are subject to the review and approval of the Erie County Department of Public Safety and shall be consistent with any applicable street naming and addressing ordinance, policies, rules and/or regulations.
- E. Notice from the Erie County Department of Public Safety that the proposed new street names are acceptable shall be submitted prior to plan approval.

Section 506 – Street Related Improvements

506.1 – Curbs, Gutters and Drainage Swales

- A. **Curbs and/or Gutters:** Curbs and/or gutters shall be provided in circumstances determined appropriate by the municipality or as may be required by PennDOT along state routes. Where required, curbs shall be designed and constructed to meet Americans with Disabilities Act standards and the standards of the municipality or PennDOT, as applicable.
- B. **Drainage Swales:** In areas where curbing is not used, stabilized drainage swales may be required by the municipality along all new streets to avoid erosion and control run-off. These drainage swales, along with other drainage facilities, shall be designed to handle the runoff from the proposed development and areas of the drainage basin already accommodated. At a minimum, all erosion and sedimentation control standards set forth in Title 25, Chapter 102 of the PA Code, the rules and regulations of the Department of Environmental Protection, and the following specifications shall be met.
 - 1. The side slope shall be a maximum of 2:1 horizontal to vertical ratio, 3:1 or flatter slope being desirable.

2. The minimum depth of the swale shall be one (1) foot below the outer edge of the shoulder.
 3. The minimum and maximum gradient of the drainage swale shall be 0.75% and 12% respectively. The swale shall be sodded, seeded or otherwise stabilized to avoid erosion problems.
- C. **Drainage Pipes:** Where a new driveway is proposed to cross a drainage swale adjacent to a public or privately maintained street, the property owner shall install a drainage pipe of adequate size and length underneath the driveway to handle the runoff. Where such intersections are to be created along a municipal road or privately maintained road, officials from the municipality shall determine the appropriate pipe size and length. Where a state-owned street is involved, PennDOT shall make the necessary determinations.

506.2 – Sidewalks and Crosswalks

- A. Sidewalks and crosswalks may be required by the municipality where necessary to provide proper pedestrian circulation or to provide access to community facilities and common areas. They may also be required for safety or due to the potential volume of pedestrian traffic. Specific examples of such instances are when a development abuts or is in close proximity to a school, a public park, or similar use that may generate pedestrian traffic.
- B. Sidewalks, where required or provided, shall be located within and be parallel to the street right-of-way; however, alternative locations will be considered to preserve topographic features or to provide visual interest, provided the applicant shows that an alternative system maintains safe and convenient pedestrian circulation to the satisfaction of the municipality.
- C. There shall be a minimum four (4) foot planting strip of grass between the curb or shoulder and the sidewalk. This planting strip may be used for the location of underground utilities, streetlights, and street signs but shall not be used for the planting of street trees unless approval is granted by the municipality.
- D. Sidewalks and crosswalks shall be in compliance with the most current Americans with Disabilities Act standards.
- E. Minimum construction standards for sidewalks shall be in accordance with PennDOT Publications 408 and 72 specifications.
- F. Relief from Sidewalk Requirements: The sidewalk requirements of this chapter may be waived or modified by the governing body, at its sole discretion, if either of the following apply:
 1. The applicant proposes an alternative pedestrian circulation system that is determined to be equally satisfactory or more desirable. An example would be a trail system linking to surrounding neighborhoods, commercial centers or other pedestrian destinations.

2. The adjoining lots fronting on the street do not have sidewalks, and in the opinion of the governing body installation of sidewalks would serve no meaningful purpose.

506.3 – Street Name Signs

Street name signs shall be installed by the developer at each street intersection in accordance with the following standards:

- A. Design and placement of traffic control, regulatory, and street signs shall be provided by the applicant as needed and shall follow the requirements specified in PennDOT Publication 236M, Handbook of Approved Signs.
- B. At least two street name signs shall be placed at each four-way street intersection and one at each “T” intersection. Signs shall be installed under light standards (where applicable) and be free from visual obstruction.
- C. The design of street name signs shall be consistent, of a style appropriate to the municipality, of a uniform size and color, and erected in accordance with municipal standards.
- D. The owner/developer shall be responsible for obtaining and install all necessary street signs and posts in accordance with the materials and workmanship prescribed in PennDOT Publication 408 and all other applicable federal, state, county and local requirements.

506.4 – Traffic Signs and Signals

Traffic signs and traffic signals shall be required when considered necessary by the municipality to ensure safe traffic or pedestrian circulation. All traffic signs and signals shall meet the most current requirements of PennDOT. In the case of traffic signals, the developer, any subsequent owner, or any subsequent property owners’ association or similar entity shall be responsible for the long-term operation, maintenance, and replacement of the traffic signal and all associated facilities, signs, and pavement markings.

506.5 – Street Lighting

- A. Street lighting is not required by this chapter. However, the developer may still provide such lighting with the approval of the municipality. If street lighting is provided, the following shall apply:
 1. Street lighting shall be designed in conformance with the standards of the local electric utility company and coordinated with the local municipality.
 2. Lighting, when provided, shall be shown on subdivision and land development plans.
- B. Whether or not streetlights are initially installed, the developer shall be responsible for providing utility easements for future street lighting installations upon consultation with the local electric utility company.

Section 507 – Water Supply

507.1 – General

- A. All subdivisions and land developments shall be provided with an adequate and safe supply of water for all intended land uses, and said water supply shall meet all applicable federal, state, and local drinking water standards or be capable of economical treatment to attain such quality standards.
- B. Applicants shall submit all necessary plans and specifications for the entire water supply system including the facilities related to sources, storage, treatment, and distribution.
- C. Subdivision and land development plans shall not be approved until the applicant has received all necessary water supply approvals from the municipality, the water supplier, and/or the PA DEP, as applicable.

507.2 – Public and Community Water Systems

- A. Pursuant to the Pennsylvania Municipalities Planning Code, Article V, Section 503.1, if the water supply is to be provided by means other than by private wells owned and maintained by the individual owners of lots within the subdivision or development, applicants shall present evidence to the municipality that the subdivision or development is to be supplied by a certificated public utility, a bona fide cooperative association of lot owners, or by a municipal corporation, authority or utility. A copy of a Certificate of Public Convenience from the Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission or an application for such certificate, a cooperative agreement or a commitment or agreement to serve the area in question, whichever is appropriate, shall be acceptable evidence.
- B. Where connection to public water supply is proposed the applicant shall provide a written statement from the public water supplier indicating that sufficient supply to serve the proposed development is available, and such notice shall:
 - 1. Be dated within forty-five (45) days of the plan application.
 - 2. Identify the term of the reservation of supply.
 - 3. Provide water supply for the entire development [partial supply based upon phases of development will not be accepted]; and
 - 4. Include a statement from the public water supplier indicating approval of the plans for design, construction standards, installation, and financial guarantees.
- C. Where an existing public water supply is not available or connection to the system has been determined to be unfeasible to the satisfaction of the municipality, the applicant may propose the installation of a privately owned community water supply system. Where the use of a community water supply system is proposed the applicant shall provide the following:

1. A business plan consistent with the PA DEP, PUC, and/or American Waterworks Association (AWWA) guidelines to address all appropriate physical, operational, managerial, and financial issues necessary to determine system viability.
 2. A detailed operations and maintenance plan that identifies the source of supply, source capacity, source reliability, source quality, proposed treatment, pumping and storage, distribution system, fire service, customer connections, system management, etc.
 3. An operation, maintenance, and restoration fiscal plan that determines users' fees for normal annual operations, upgrades and replacement based on the projected life and a contingency plan to address future treatment if the water source falls out of compliance with applicable safe drinking water regulations.
 4. Evidence of approval from the engineer and the PA DEP;
 5. Agreements or covenants acceptable for recording as deemed necessary by the municipality and/or the PA DEP to guarantee the maintenance of said facility; and
 6. A note on the plan and a clause in all deeds for lots referring to any maintenance agreements or covenants.
- D. A subdivision or land development shall access an available public or community water system, and public water service shall be provided for the development if it meets the criteria in the following table:

| Size of Development | Distance from a public water system¹ |
|----------------------------|--|
| 2-4 building lots or EDUs | 200 feet |
| 5-14 building lots or EDUs | 500 feet |
| 15+ building lots or EDUs | 1,000 feet |

¹ The distance to be measured shall be from the proposed development to the nearest available public water supply line of sufficient size to provide service following a feasible route for connection.

- E. Connection to an existing public or community water supply system shall not be required in the following circumstances:
1. Inability or lack of capacity of the public or community system to serve the development.
 2. Topographic changes of more than fifteen percent (15%) between the proposed development and existing service area, if the existing service area lies at the lower elevation.
 3. Intervening environmental conditions that would preclude service, including agricultural security areas.

- F. For a subdivision or land development with more than fifteen (15) building lots or EDUs and located within two thousand (2,000) feet of an existing public water system, adequate justification shall be provided if proposing not to provide a connection to the existing public water supply system.
- G. Where the North East Area Comprehensive Plan or an adopted public water supply plan recommends or plans for the extension of an existing public water system or construction of a new public water system into an area that is being subdivided, and it is reasonably expected that the area will be served by such public system within a period of five (5) years, the municipality may require the installation of a capped water distribution system. If required, capped water lines shall be installed to adequately serve all lots in the proposed subdivision for later connection to the public system.
- H. All plans for water supply systems (both public and community) shall be designed by a registered professional engineer and shall conform to current regulatory requirements. The local water supplier, the municipal engineer, and the PA DEP shall approve them.
- I. The subdivider shall connect to the municipal water supply except where the governing body determines that such connection would be infeasible.
- J. When a municipal water system is to be used, a letter of intent from the service company must be filed with the subdivision plan. The letter must state:
 - 1. That the subdivision can be served with an adequate water supply.
 - 2. That sufficient static and flow pressures for fire protection are available at peak demand periods.
 - 3. The proposed pipe size must be stated.
- K. Where a municipal water system is not available, the subdivider shall supply acceptable evidence of the availability of water. The subdivider may be required to make one or more test wells in the area to be subdivided if such evidence is deemed not acceptable. Copies of well logs from said test wells which are obtained shall include the name and address of the well driller and shall be submitted with the plan.
- L. If a private water supply is permitted, individual private wells shall be located (if possible) at least 25 feet from property lines; 50 feet from all septic tanks; 100 feet from all tile disposal fields and other sewage disposal facilities; 10 feet from all cast-iron sewer lines; 30 feet from any vitrified tile sewer lines; and shall not be located within any floodplain.
- M. All water mains, fittings, valves, house connections, valve boxes and appurtenances shall be installed in the best workmanlike manner, using materials, locations and elevations shown on the plans and profiles approved by the North East Township Planning Commission and Township Supervisors, under and subject to the inspection, supervision and approval of the North East Township Engineer or Superintendent. Material used shall be as specified by Chapter 339: Water, Article I,

Regulations, Rates and Charges, of the Code of the Township of North East, as amended, and all subsequent regulations promulgated by the North East Township Water Department.

- N. Mains shall be of ductile iron or HDPE directional drilled water lines with watertight joints installed in accordance with the manufacturer's direction.
- O. Gate valves shall be used on all lines of four-inch diameter or over and shall be of iron body, fully bronzed mounted, double disc parallel seat valves with hob ends, of non-rising stem type with two-inch square operating nut and adjustable cast-iron valve boxes and covers bearing the word "water." Gate valves shall open counterclockwise.
- P. Tapping and house connections. All house connections shall be tapped with a standard 3/4-inch brass corporation cock and extended to 18 feet from the center line of the street, using a copper goose neck and copper pipe connected to a standard brass curb valve with adjustable cast-iron box and cover, with the word "water" cast on them. From the curb stop to the meter, 3/4-inch Type K copper tubing, soft with flared joints, must be used.
- Q. Water meters shall be installed in accordance with the specifications of Chapter 339: Water, Article I, Regulations, Rates and Charges, as amended.
- R. Trenching and backfilling. Banks of all trenches shall be vertical, unless otherwise expressly permitted by the Engineer and shall be six-inch minimum and eight-inch maximum on each side of the pipe bell.
 - 1. The bottom of the trench shall be rounded so that the arc of the circumference equals 0.5 of the outside diameter of the pipe rests on undisturbed soil. Bell holes shall be accurately excavated to size by hand.
 - 2. All trenches shall be shored or sheeted as required for safety, protection of the work and adjacent facilities, as directed by the Engineer or to conform with existing laws and regulations.
 - 3. After final testing and inspection, approved backfill material shall be placed evenly and carefully around and over the pipe in six-inch, thoroughly compacted layers to form a cover one foot over the pipe. The remainder of the backfill material may then be placed and compacted.
- S. Connections with existing water mains shall be made at the contractor's expense by the Township.
- T. All pipes and appurtenances shall be laid true to line and grade at a minimum cover to be specified, pending site conditions, by the Township Engineer and joined with watertight joints in strict compliance with the manufacturer's direction.
 - 1. All materials shall be carefully inspected before being placed and the entire line left open during final inspection and completion of hydrostatic tests acceptable to the Township Engineer or Superintendent.

2. All valves, hydrants and main ends shall be thoroughly blocked and placed on a drainage bed of not less than one cubic foot of coarse gravel or stone.
- U. All pipes and valves shall be thoroughly purged and sterilized in such a manner as to produce a residual of five parts per million of chlorine in the water for a period of eight hours or more. All valves and accessories shall be operated during the chlorinating process.
- V. On completion of the work, the owner shall cause the plans and profiles to be amended to show the actual location and elevations of all mains, valves, hydrants, laterals and curb boxes by measurement as actually constructed. Such amendment shall be made over the seal of a registered engineer or a surveyor, and filed in quadruplicate with the Township Secretary, together with the original tracing
- W. If a development requires such additional water supply as to require changes to the municipality's water distribution system, the developer will be required to pay a share of the costs consistent with the provisions of Act 203 of 1990 (an amendment of the Municipality Authorities Act of 1945). It is the purpose of these regulations that developments which occur under this chapter shall pay their fair share toward needed improvements as set forth by the aforementioned Act.
- X. Fire hydrants shall be installed as an integral part of any public or community water supply system and the placement, design, and construction of such shall meet the specifications of the local fire company, the public water supplier, and the municipality, as applicable. Hydrants shall be of cast-iron body, fully bronzed mounted like hydrants now in general use in the Township in material, class, opening and connecting thread and shall be in the courses of the latest specifications of the AWWA

507.3 – Individual On-Lot Water Supply

- A. Where a public water supply system is not proposed by a developer to serve the subdivision or land development, individual on-lot water supply shall be the responsibility of each property owner.
- B. Where groundwater problems are known to exist, or where anticipated levels of development may result in water supply problems, the municipality may require the developer to demonstrate that a reliable, safe and adequate groundwater supply exists to support the water usage demands of the proposed subdivision without detrimental effects upon existing adjacent water wells. (Supporting documentation must be provided by a qualified engineer or other professional of demonstrated capability, i.e. a hydrogeologist or hydrologist.) The standards set forth in the Safe Drinking Water Act and other appropriate PA DEP regulations shall apply in such instances.

- C. Wells shall be installed according to applicable federal, state, and local construction and permitting standards.
- D. Wells shall be adequately isolated from on-lot sewage treatment facilities in accordance with the requirements of the PA DEP and any applicable municipal regulations and shall be safely isolated and protected from other potential sources of contamination.

Section 508 – Sewage Facilities

508.1 – General Requirements

- A. All subdivisions and land developments shall be provided with sanitary sewage facilities in accordance with the North East Township Act 537 Municipal Sewage Facilities Plan, and these shall be approved by the municipality, municipal authority, the Erie County Health Department and/or PA DEP, and other public agencies responsible for the collection, conveyance, and treatment of sanitary sewage in the municipality in which the development is located.
- B. Applicants shall submit all necessary plans and specifications for the entire sanitary sewage disposal system, including the facilities related to collection, conveyance, and treatment.
- C. Subdivision and land development plans shall not be approved until the applicant has received all necessary sewage planning approvals from the municipality, the local public sewer operating department/authority, the Erie County Health Department and/or PA DEP, as applicable.

508.2 – Sanitary Sewers

- A. Where consistent with the North East Area Comprehensive Plan or the North East Township Act 537 plan, the developer shall install sanitary sewers and provide lateral connections for each lot. All sanitary sewer installations in any subdivision or land development shall be properly connected to an approved and functioning sanitary sewer system approved by the Erie County Health Department and/or the local public sewer operating department/authority and approved by the Department of Environmental Protection.
- B. Where consistent with the North East Area Comprehensive Plan or the North East Township Act 537 plan, a subdivision of land development shall access an available public or community sewer system, and public sewer service shall be provided to the development if it meets the criteria in the following table:

| Size of Development | Distance from a public sewer system ¹ |
|---------------------------|--|
| 2-4 building lots or EDUs | 200 feet |

| | |
|----------------------------|------------|
| 5-14 building lots or EDUs | 500 feet |
| 15+ building lots or EDUs | 1,000 feet |

¹ The distance to be measured shall be from the proposed development to the nearest available public sewer line of sufficient size to provide service following a feasible route for connection.

- F. Connection shall not be required in the following circumstances:
1. Inability or lack of capacity of the public system to serve the development.
 2. Topographic changes of more than fifteen percent (15%) between the proposed development and existing service area, if the existing service area lies at higher elevation.
 3. Intervening environmental conditions that would preclude service, including agricultural security areas.
- G. For a subdivision or land development with more than fifteen (15) building lots or EDUs and located within two thousand (2,000) feet of an existing public sanitary sewer system, adequate justification shall be provided if proposing not to provide a connection to the existing public sewer system.
- H. Where the North East Area Comprehensive Plan or the North East Township Act 537 plan recommends or plans for the extension of an existing public sanitary sewer system or construction of a new public sanitary sewer system into an area that is being subdivided, and it is reasonably expected that the area will be served by such public system within a period of five (5) years, the municipality may require the installation of a capped sanitary sewer system. If required, capped sanitary sewer lines shall be installed to adequately serve all lots in the proposed subdivision for later connection to the public system.
- I. All plans for sanitary sewer systems (both public and private) shall be designed by a registered professional engineer in accordance with the requirements of the PA DEP, Chapter 240 of the North East Township Codified Ordinances, or other governing rules and regulations, and shall be approved by the local sewer authority, the municipal engineer and/or the municipality, and the PA DEP.
- J. If a development generates such additional sanitary sewer flows as to require changes to the municipality's sanitary sewer collection system, the developer will be requested to pay a share of the costs consistent with the provisions of Act 203 of 1990. It is the purpose of these regulations that developments which occur under this chapter shall pay their fair share toward needed improvements as set forth by the aforementioned Act.

508.3 – Private Sanitary Sewer Systems

When an existing public sanitary sewer system is not available or connection to the system has been determined to be unfeasible to the satisfaction of the municipality, the applicant may propose the installation of a privately owned community sanitary sewer system. Where the use of a privately owned community sanitary sewer system is proposed, the applicant shall provide the following:

- A. A detailed operations and maintenance plan.
- B. Evidence of approval from the municipal engineer, and the Erie County Health Department and/or the PA DEP.
- C. Agreements or covenants, acceptable for recording, as deemed necessary by the municipality, the Erie County Health Department and/or the PA DEP, to guarantee the maintenance and operation of said facility.
- D. A note on the plan and a clause in all deeds for lots referring to any maintenance agreements or covenants; and
- E. Any terms stipulating conditions of metering, inspection, rights of access, minimum standards for materials and workmanship, testing and enforcement.

508.4 – Individual, On-Lot Sewage Disposal Systems

Where connection to an existing public sewer system or the installation of a private system is not feasible, the applicant may propose to utilize on-lot sewage disposal technology in accordance with this Section.

- A. Applicant shall have soil percolation tests performed by the county sewage enforcement officer, with no less than one test pit per lot shown on the plan, and where marginal conditions are discovered, satisfactory alternative sites shall be identified and preserved.
- B. Each lot shall be of a size and shape to accommodate the necessary on-lot sewage disposal systems in accordance with setback and design standards established by the municipality or PA DEP. Such standards shall ensure safe distances from buildings, property lines, water supplies and other improvements affecting normal function.
- C. The proposed on-lot sewage disposal system shall be approved by the Erie County Health Department and/or PA DEP through the appropriate sewage planning review process, and confirmation shall be received by the municipality prior to plan approval.
- D. The municipality shall not approve any subdivision or land development where an application fails to meet the required on-lot sewage planning requirements of this or any other applicable municipal ordinance or regulation, the Erie County Health Department and/or PA DEP, and/or a sewage permit cannot be obtained.

508.5 – Non-Building Waiver Requests

- A. Subdivisions and land developments proposing no development of buildings or improvement of land for purposes requiring sewage facilities need not provide sanitary sewage facilities if the Erie County Health Department and/or PA DEP has approved a non-building waiver request. When a waiver is approved by the sewage enforcement officer and/or PA DEP, the final plan for recording shall include the standard non-building notation.
- B. Lot additions and consolidations need not provide sanitary sewage facilities if the receiving tract(s) has an existing method of sewage disposal or if the Sewage Enforcement Officer and/or PA DEP has approved a non-building waiver request. Where a waiver is approved by the Erie County Health Department and/or PA DEP, the final plan for recording shall include the applicable notation required by the PA DEP.

Section 509 – Other Utilities

- A. Electric, gas, telephone, television cable, and other utilities, both main and service lines, shall be placed within easements or dedicated public rights-of-way, but not under cartways unless approved in writing by the municipality and utility provider.
- B. All utilities shall be installed in accordance with the prevailing standards and practices of the utility or other companies and authorities providing such services and the laws of the Commonwealth.
- C. Underground installation of the utility distribution and service lines shall be completed prior to street paving, storm drainage, and curbing and sidewalk installation.
- D. The municipality may require the installation of utilities prior to final plan approval where the cost of installation, including the cost of excavation for underground utilities, will not be completely paid by the utility company. In each case the municipality shall also consider the procedures for the applicable utility company involved with the extension of services.

Section 510 – Easements

Easements for sanitary sewer, water supply, stormwater drainage facilities, public or private utilities, and pedestrian access shall meet the standards of this Section.

- A. Easements shall be adjacent to property lines and street rights-of-way to the fullest extent possible.
- B. Nothing shall be placed, planted, set or put within an area of an easement that would adversely affect the function of the easement or conflict with the easement agreement.
- C. **Utility Easements:** Where desirable or necessary, adequate easements or dedications for public service utilities shall be provided for sewer, water, electric power, gas lines, storm drainage and similar services. The location

and size of utility easements shall be reviewed and approved by the applicable utility company.

- D. **Drainage Easements:** Where a subdivision or land development is traversed by a watercourse, drainage way, channel, or stream, a drainage easement may be required that conforms substantially with the water line of such watercourse, drainage way, channel, or stream and of such width as will be adequate to preserve the unimpeded flow of natural drainage, or for the purpose of widening, deepening, relocating, improving or protecting such drainage facilities.
- E. **Stormwater Facility Easements:** Easements for stormwater management facilities shall be designed and provided in accordance with the requirements of the North East Township Stormwater Management Ordinance.
- F. **Right of Access and Maintenance:** All easements shall clearly identify who has the right of access and responsibility for maintenance.
- G. Easements, including easement maintenance provisions, shall be prepared in a format suitable for recording and shall be referenced in the deeds of the lots.

Section 511 – Stormwater Management

- A. All subdivision and land development plans within North East Township shall comply with the requirements of the North East Township Stormwater Management Ordinance.
- B. Subdivision and land development plans shall not be approved until the applicant has obtained all approvals required by the North East Township Stormwater Management Ordinance.

Section 512 – Erosion & Sedimentation Control

- A. A soil erosion and sedimentation control plan shall be prepared for each subdivision or land development, if required by Pennsylvania Erosion and Sedimentation Control Regulations (PA Code, Title 25, Chapter 102) and/or the North East Township Stormwater Management Ordinance. Such plans shall be prepared in accordance with PA Code, Title 25, Chapter 102, any applicable municipal ordinance, and the standards and guidelines of the Erie County Conservation District.
- B. The soil erosion and sedimentation control plan shall be submitted to the Erie County Conservation District for its review and comments.
- C. The applicant must submit a copy of the soil erosion and sedimentation control plan, and any written comments provided by the Erie County Conservation District, to the municipality as part of the subdivision or land development plan submission. The municipality shall not approve the subdivision or land development plan until any required approvals are obtained from the County Conservation District.

- D. Erosion and sedimentation controls shall be installed according to the approved plan and shall be maintained by the developer in proper functioning condition until stabilization of the area is completed as determined by the Erie County Conservation District.
- E. In lieu of a soil erosion and sedimentation control plan, the municipality may accept a statement from the Erie County Conservation District indicating that said plan is not necessary for the subdivision or land development.

Section 513 – Environmentally Sensitive Areas

513.1 – Floodplain Areas

The requirements of this Section are intended to protect property owners from increased flood hazards resulting from inappropriate development in the floodplain and to protect potential buyers from purchasing land which may not be suitable for development. Plans shall also comply with the applicable Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and municipal floodplain management regulations.

- A. All subdivisions and land developments shall comply with the North East Township Flood Plain Management Ordinance.
- B. The inclusion of a floodplain within lots to meet the minimum lot area and/or yard requirements is allowed provided each lot contains sufficient area exclusive of the 100-Year regulatory floodplain for buildings and, when applicable, for on-lot sanitary sewage disposal systems and replacement areas.
- C. The municipality may require the applicant, as a stipulation of plan approval, to include the following note on the plan and a similar reference in the deed for lots containing floodplain areas:

"NOTE: Lot(s) No. ___ are completely or partially within the regulatory floodplain and any development on such lots shall occur in accordance with all federal, state, and municipal floodplain management regulations. In addition, lending institutions may require the mandatory purchase of flood insurance for home mortgages. "
- D. For subdivisions or land developments in flood-prone areas, the developer shall submit a map showing the exact location and elevation of all proposed buildings, structures, roads and public utilities to be constructed within any designated flood-prone area. All such maps shall show contours at intervals of two feet and identify accurately the boundaries of the flood-prone areas. This requirement may be waived, at the discretion of the municipality, if no building or site improvements are proposed, or if this additional information is deemed unnecessary to determine compliance with the requirements of this chapter.

513.2 – Wetlands

- A. No subdivision or land development shall involve uses, activities, or improvements that would result in an obstruction and/or encroachment into, regrading of, or placement of fill in wetlands in violation of state and/or federal regulations.
- B. If wetlands are to be altered by the proposed activity, the municipality shall require copies of appropriate permits and approvals granted by state and/or federal regulatory agencies prior to plan approval.
- C. The municipality may require the applicant, as a stipulation of plan approval, to include the following note on the plan and a similar reference in the deed for lots containing wetland areas:

"NOTE: Wetlands exist on Lot(s) No.____. Wetlands are protected under state and federal law and caution should be exercised to ensure that any development proposed for Lot No.____ does not disturb the wetlands. Please be advised, encroachments and/or obstructions to wetlands require prior written authorization from the appropriate state and federal agencies."
- D. A jurisdictional wetland determination by the United States Army Corps of Engineers is strongly encouraged and may be required where wetlands exist and could be impacted by development activities.
- E. Development activities are encouraged to avoid wetland impacts by design with the natural environment. Wetlands should be used to complement development by integrating stormwater management and water quality management activities where practical.

513.3 – Steep Slopes

- A. Structures and grading of land shall generally be located on portions of a development site where the slope is less than twenty-five percent (25%).
- B. A limited amount of disturbance, up to twenty-five percent (25%) of the steep slope area with grades between twenty-five percent (25%) and thirty-five percent (35%), may be approved if evidence of the safety of any proposed disturbance has been documented. Such evidence of the safety of any proposed disturbance shall require a site investigation and certification in writing, by a registered professional soils engineer, engineering geologist, or civil engineer with demonstrated competency and experience in soils engineering, that the proposed activity will not create or exacerbate unsafe conditions.

513.4 – Habitats and Natural Features of Special Concern

- A. Where the presence of natural features and habitats of special concern (i.e. those areas listed in the Erie County Natural Heritage Inventory of habitats of rare, threatened and endangered species) is known or suspected, or where required by the PA DEP or other permitting agency, the applicant shall notify the Pennsylvania Department of Conservation and Natural

Resources (PA DCNR) of the proposed subdivision or land development and request a determination concerning the presence of significant resources from the Pennsylvania Natural Diversity Index (PNDI).

- B. Where a proposed subdivision or land development includes an identified natural feature and/or habitat of special concern, such as rare, threatened or endangered species which are regulated by municipal, state, or federal law, the applicant shall provide evidence of compliance with any applicable regulations.
- C. The municipality may impose conditions it deems reasonable and appropriate to protect such habitats and to prevent degradation of natural features.

513.5 – Existing Wooded Areas

- A. Subdivisions and land developments shall be designed to avoid unnecessary removal or destruction of trees and understory vegetation, particularly in undeveloped tract areas.
- B. Developers shall maintain and/or replace at least twenty-five percent (25%) of the number of trees that exist at the time of plan approval. Replacement trees should be a mix of native species with a minimum trunk caliper of two (2) inches and a minimum height of six (6) feet. They should be planted at a density equivalent to that existing before development.
- C. Development activities shall integrate wooded areas into stormwater management design to promote natural infiltration of runoff and evaporation where practical.
- D. Priority shall be given to the preservation of trees and vegetation in 100-year floodplains, wetlands, stream corridors and steep slopes.
- E. Any tree that may be noteworthy because of its species, age, uniqueness, rarity or status as a landmark due to historical or other cultural associations shall be preserved unless removal is deemed necessary, as determined by a professional arborist, forester, or landscape architect or if the tree is likely to endanger the public or an adjoining property.
- F. Trees to be preserved shall be protected during construction and the critical root zones should be clearly staked and protected by fencing to prevent damage.

Section 514 – Cultural and Historic Resources

- A. **Archaeological Investigations:** Where the presence of archaeological features is known or suspected or where required by the PA DEP or other permitting agency, the applicant shall notify the Pennsylvania Historic and Museum Commission (PHMC) of the proposed subdivision or land development and request a determination concerning the presence of significant resources from PHMC.

- B. **Historic Resource Preservation:** Subdivisions and land developments shall be designed to preserve, adaptively reuse, or otherwise provide for the historic features of the municipality, and new construction should be designed to be visually complimentary to historic structures and sites. If due to size, scale, construction material, or type of proposed use, a subdivision or land development would jeopardize the historic value of a site or structure, such new construction should be screened or otherwise visually buffered.
- C. **Historic Resource Demolition:** No historic site or feature listed on the National Register of Historic Places shall be infringed upon, demolished, or moved from its original foundations without approval of the municipality. The applicant shall submit to the municipality letters from the PHMC and from the Erie County Historical Society with their review and recommendation. In evaluating any request for demolition of a historic feature the municipality shall take into account the significance of the property, the condition of the feature and the potential for repair, restoration, stabilization and reuse, the impact of the feature in relation to the total project, and the hardship, if any, on the applicant.
- D. **Retention of Local Names:** Applicants shall perpetuate historic names or geographic references that are traditionally associated with the area in which a project is located, rather than proposing project names that are not consistent with Erie County traditions or culture.

Section 515 – Community Facilities

- A. The municipality will consider the adequacy of existing or proposed community facilities to serve the uses proposed in the subdivision or land development. Where a proposed park, playground, school or other public use shown in the North East Area Comprehensive Plan, the Erie County Comprehensive Plan, or an official map is located in whole or in part in a subdivision or land development, the municipality may require the provision or reservation of such area as may be deemed reasonable.
- B. Areas provided or reserved for such community facilities should be adequate to provide for building sites, landscaping and off-street parking as appropriate to the use proposed.

Section 516 – Open Space and Recreational Areas

- A. In order to promote the creation and preservation of varied outdoor recreational opportunities, developers are required to provide or set aside open space/recreation area as a part of their developments.
- B. Where open space/recreation area is provided, the applicant shall submit, with the subdivision or land development plan, a proposal which provides for the maintenance and ultimate ownership of such space. Where such open space is not dedicated to the municipality or where such dedication is not accepted by the municipality, an agreement which assigns maintenance

responsibilities for the open space and/or recreational facilities shall be approved by the municipality, recorded with the final plan, and referenced in the deeds of each parcel within the development.

Article 6 – Land Development Standards

Section 601 – Applicability

601.1 – General

Certain physical developments are classified as land developments in the Pennsylvania Municipalities Planning Code and are subject to regulation under this chapter. The design and construction standards in this chapter are applicable to land developments where appropriate. In land development there is not necessarily a division of land typical of land subdivision actions, although buildings and/or use areas may be sold at the time of development or at some future time. It shall be unlawful for an applicant to construct land developments as defined herein without complying with these additional requirements.

601.2 – Definition and Exclusions

- A. **Definition:** For purposes of this Article, land development is defined as the improvement of one (1) lot or two (2) or more contiguous lots, tracts or parcels of land for any purpose of:
1. A group of two (2) or more residential or non-residential buildings, whether proposed initially or cumulatively, or a single non-residential building on a lot or lots regardless of the number of occupants or tenure; or
 2. The division or allocation of land or space, whether initially or cumulatively, between or among two (2) or more existing or prospective occupants by means of, or for the purpose of streets, common areas, leaseholds, condominiums, building groups or other features.
- B. **Exclusion by Definition:** In accordance with Article V, Section 503 (1.1) of the Pennsylvania Municipalities Planning Code, the following activities shall be excluded from the definition of land development and thus are exempt from the land development requirements of this chapter.
1. The conversion of an existing single-family detached dwelling or single-family semidetached dwelling into not more than three (3) residential units, unless such units are intended to be a condominium.
 2. The addition of an accessory building, including farm buildings, on a lot or lots subordinate to an existing principal building.

3. The addition or conversion of buildings or rides within the confines of an enterprise that would be considered an amusement park. For purposes of this subclause, an amusement park is defined as a tract or area used principally as a location for permanent amusement structures or rides. This exclusion shall not apply to newly acquired acreage by an amusement park until initial plans for the expanded area have been approved by proper authorities.
- C. **Exclusion for Agricultural Leases:** The division of land by lease for agricultural purposes into parcels, not involving any new street or easement of access or residential dwellings, shall be exempt from the land development requirements of this chapter. Upon the request of the property owner and upon receipt of a signed statement or letter from the landowner and buyer/lessee stating that such lands to be leased shall be used solely for agricultural purposes and does/will not involve any new streets or easement of access or residential dwellings, the municipality will forward a statement of exemption to the above parties.

Section 602 – Procedures for Land Developments

- A. A land development application shall be processed using the three-stage procedure established in this chapter for land subdivisions: sketch plan (not mandatory), preliminary site plan, and final site plan stages. In lieu of a plot plan, the developer shall submit a site plan.
- B. Unless otherwise noted, preliminary site plans shall follow the same procedures and meet the same specifications as a preliminary subdivision plan, as outlined in Articles 3 and 4 of this chapter, and final site plans shall follow the same procedures and meet the same specifications as a final subdivision plan, as outlined in Articles 3 and 4 of this chapter.
- C. The final site plan shall be recorded in the Erie County Recorder's Office.

Section 603 – Site Plan Requirements

All proposed land development proposals shall conform to the requirements for preliminary and final plan submissions contained in Article 4 of this chapter in addition to the standards outlined below.

A. Land Development Plan (Site Plan) Requirements

In addition to meeting the requirements of Article 4, preliminary and final land development plans shall also show the following details.

1. Location and size of all existing and/or proposed principal and accessory buildings and structures, including solid waste storage sites, signs, lighting facilities, fences, walls, and similar features.
2. Location of access ways, and parking, loading/unloading areas.

3. A notation of parking requirements, including the number of spaces required by anticipated development type, the total number of spaces required, and the number of spaces provided.
4. A notation of off-street loading/unloading area requirements, including the number of loading/unloading areas required and the number provided.
5. Location of all proposed on-site pedestrian and vehicular circulation routes and controls, including sidewalks, crosswalks, traffic signals, etc.
6. Location and width of proposed buffer yards, screens or screen plantings, and storm water regulations.
7. Schedule or table of zoning district requirements, including lot area and bulk regulations, density, building and impervious coverage, and yard requirements, if applicable, and proposed use of the land. Show zoning for adjacent lands if different from the tract to be subdivided or developed.

B. Data to be Submitted with Land Development Plans

The following additional documentation or data shall be submitted with all preliminary and final land development plans.

1. A description of the proposed development in sufficient detail for the municipality to evaluate the submission, including anticipated traffic volumes and traffic flows, and numbers of expected employees, tenants, customers, or inhabitants.
2. Cross-sections, showing the design details of proposed streets, access ways, parking, and loading/unloading areas.
3. Plans addressing proposed parking and access, landscaping, lighting and signage, where applicable.
4. In case of multi-owner or multi-tenant developments, proof of the organization and means for management and maintenance of common open space, parking and other common utilities or improvements. Instruments demonstrating creation of an association or entity or other means of assuring continuing maintenance shall be required.
5. For multi-building land developments, a complete interior pedestrian circulation plan shall be submitted indicating the safe and efficient movement of people within and through the site.
6. Traffic Engineering Report in accordance with Section 505.2, if required.
7. Based on the specific characteristics of the proposed project, the municipality may require any other information, reports or studies

deemed necessary to ensure compliance with this chapter, or to protect public health, safety and welfare.

Section 604 – General Design Standards for Land Developments

The design and construction standards contained in Article 5 of this chapter are applicable to land developments where appropriate. In addition, land developments shall meet the design requirements contained in this Article. It is recognized by the municipality that the design process should be somewhat flexible, pursuant to Section 503(5) of the Pennsylvania Municipalities Planning Code.

604.1 – General Design

- A. The developer shall make satisfactory provision for the improvements necessary for the proper functioning of the development, including but not limited to, street access signs, water supply facilities, sewage disposal facilities and stormwater management.
- B. The development plan shall provide for adequate privacy, light, air and protection from noise through building design, street layout, screening, plantings and placement of buildings.

604.2 – Circulation

- A. Vehicular access connections to the surrounding existing street network shall be safe, have adequate sight distances, and shall have the capacity to handle the projected traffic. The standards set forth by Section 505.5 of this chapter shall be considered for street access.
- B. Streets shall be planned for dedication to the public. Private streets shall meet the minimum design and construction standards for streets, as described in Section 505 of this chapter. Off-street parking areas may be integrated with public street design and construction provided maintenance responsibilities are mutually agreed upon.
- C. For multi-building land developments, a complete interior pedestrian circulation plan shall be completed using such standard resource criteria as provided by the American Planning Association or the Institute for Traffic Engineers.

604.3 – Landscaping

A. Landscaping Plan

In cases where landscaping, such as landscaped buffer areas or parking lot landscaping, is required by the North East Township Zoning Ordinance, this chapter or any other municipal ordinance, a landscaping plan shall be submitted with the site plan. The landscaping plan shall include the following information:

1. Existing vegetation: Location, general type and quality of existing vegetation, including specimen trees.
2. Preservation: Existing vegetation to be saved.
3. Protection: Methods and details for protecting existing vegetation during construction and approved sediment control plan, if available.
4. Proposed plants: Locations and labels for all proposed plants.
5. Landscape details: Spacing and size of all proposed landscape improvements such as earth berms, walls, fences, screens, sculptures, fountains, street furniture, lights, and courts or paved areas.
6. Installation details: Planting and installation details as necessary to ensure conformance with all required standards.
7. Maintenance: Identification of landscape maintenance program including a statement that all diseased, damaged, or dead materials shall be replaced in accordance with the standards of the North East Township Zoning Ordinance, this chapter or any other municipal ordinance this chapter.
8. Other information: The municipality may require any additional information deemed necessary to demonstrate compliance with the requirements of this chapter.

B. Assurance of Completion

Landscaping required by this chapter, including landscaped buffer areas or parking lot landscaping, shall be considered required improvements for the purpose of guaranteeing installation in accordance with the requirements of Article 9 of this chapter.

C. Waiver of Landscaping Plan Requirement

The submittal requirement for a landscaping plan may be waived, at the discretion of the municipality, if the information shown on, and submitted with, the site plan is deemed adequate to demonstrate compliance with all landscaping requirements of the development.

Section 605 – Parking and Off-Street Loading

- A. Off-street parking and/or loading facilities shall comply with all applicable requirements of the North East Township Zoning Ordinance and any other applicable municipal regulations. In addition, the following off-street parking and/or loading facility requirements shall apply:
- B. Parking and Access Plan:
 1. A parking and access plan shall be submitted along with estimated traffic flows. The developer shall demonstrate that the proposed parking/access layout is adequate for the proposed development, based

upon standard parking capacity measurements, including number of spaces per anticipated development type.

2. The submittal requirement for a parking and access plan may be waived, at the discretion of the municipality, if the information shown on the site plan is deemed adequate to demonstrate compliance with all parking and access requirements of the development.

Section 606 – Acceptance and Maintenance of Improvements

606.1 – Acceptance of Improvements

All land developments involving site improvements (such as streets, parking areas and stormwater management facilities), which are to be privately maintained or maintained by a private (non-public) organization or entity created by the developer, shall meet municipal standards, regardless of acceptance by the municipality. The municipality shall ascertain that these improvements are, in fact, built to such standards.

606.2 – Maintenance of Improvements

All improvements constructed as required by this chapter that will not be publicly dedicated or accepted for dedication shall meet the requirements of Section 910

Article 7 – Mobile Home Park Standards

Section 701 – Applicability

701.1 – General

All mobile home parks shall conform to the provisions of this section as well as other applicable standards in this chapter.

701.2 - Exception

Where it is intended by the owner or developer to offer mobile home lots for sale, the development shall be treated as a regular subdivision and shall be subject to the regulations concerning same.

Section 702 – Application Procedures

All applications for mobile home park developments shall follow the procedures for land developments in accordance with this chapter.

Section 703 – Additional Plan Requirements

Information to be included on the preliminary and final land development plans shall conform to the requirements of Articles 4 and 6 of this chapter, as applicable. In addition to the other requirements of this chapter, the plans shall contain the following:

- A. The number, size and location of the proposed mobile home sites and other parking areas.
- B. The location, right-of-way and surfaced roadway width, roadway design and walkways.
- C. The proposed interior vehicle and pedestrian circulation patterns.
- D. The location of service buildings, sanitary stations and any other existing or proposed structures.
- E. The location of water and sewer lines and riser pipes.
- F. The location and details of area lighting, electric and gas systems as related to all applicable codes and sound engineering practice.
- G. The plans shall specify that skirting shall be provided on all mobile homes.
- H. The following note shall be placed on the plan: *It shall be the responsibility of the Mobile Home Park owner to maintain all improvements and facilities including but not limited to areas and facilities designated for internal roads, sewage disposal, water supply, stormwater management, open space, and solid waste collection.*

Section 704 – Design Standards

704.1 – Park Area and Density

- A. The minimum area of the tract or park shall be five (5) acres. The site shall be so located that soil conditions, groundwater level, drainage and topography shall not create hazards to the property, health or safety of the occupants or adjacent property owners.
- B. Overall density of the park shall not exceed seven (7) mobile home lots per acre of gross area of the park.
- C. There shall be no more than one (1) mobile home placed on any one (1) mobile home park lot.

704.2 – Lot and Yard Requirements

The planning and location of individual lots shall be guided by the following requirements:

A. Lot Size and Width:

Each mobile home lot shall have a minimum lot width of fifty (50) feet and a minimum area of five thousand (5,000) square feet.

B. Yard Requirements:

1. Mobile homes shall be parked on each lot so that there will be a minimum of ten (10) feet between the mobile home, appurtenant structures, and any adjacent side or rear lot line.

2. There shall be a minimum of twenty (20) feet between any mobile home (including any attached structure) or accessory structure, and the pavement of a park street or common parking area. The setback from the right-of-way of any public street or highway shall be as required by the North East Township Zoning Ordinance.
3. Mobile homes shall be located at a minimum of twenty (20) feet from any common building or structure.
4. Secondary entrance ways may utilize stoops, landings, patios, or awnings that may extend to a depth of five (5) feet within the ten (10) foot yard requirements specified in Section 704.2 (B, 1), above.
5. Mobile homes within the mobile home park shall be situated so that no mobile home will be placed less than fifty (50) feet from any side or rear exterior boundary of the park.

C. Identification:

Each lot shall have a number placed on the lot either in the form of a sign or directly on the mobile home. It shall be arranged in such a way so that it is visible from the road on which the mobile home or lot is fronting.

D. Access:

Each lot shall be directly accessible from an approved internal street without the necessity of crossing any other space.

704.3 – Mobile Home Foundations

Foundations must be constructed in compliance with the Uniform Construction Code (UCC).

704.4 – Skirting

The plans shall specify that skirting shall be provided on all mobile homes.

704.5 – Internal Street System

- A. The internal street system in privately owned mobile home parks shall be privately owned, constructed and maintained. It shall be constructed in accordance with the requirements of Section 505 of this chapter, as applicable.
- B. Where possible, mobile home parks shall be provided with two (2) points of ingress and egress. All such accessways shall be designed to minimize congestion and hazards at the entrance and exit of the facility and shall allow free movement of traffic on adjacent streets.
- C. Internal streets shall have a paved cartway of at least twenty (20) feet in width.
- D. Street Widths at Access Points - At points where general traffic enters or leaves the park, streets shall be twenty-four (24) feet in width within twenty

(20) feet of the existing public street to permit free movement from or to the stream of traffic on the public street, and no parking shall be permitted which in any way interferes with such free movement.

704.6 – Parking

- A. Each mobile home lot shall be provided with a minimum of two (2) on-lot parking spaces. These spaces shall be paved or provided with a stone, gravel or crushed limestone surface of at least six (6) inches in depth to provide a year-round dust-free parking area. There shall be a concrete or paved walkway from the parking area to the main entrance of the unit.
- B. All parking spaces shall be a minimum size of ten (10) feet by twenty (20) feet.

704.7 – Park Perimeter Screening

- A. **General:** A Buffer Yard and Buffer Planting Strip, meeting the requirements of the North East Township Zoning Ordinance, shall be provided along the perimeter of any mobile home park where the park abuts an arterial or interstate highway, a commercial or industrial area, an existing residential development or residential zoning district.
- B. **Alternative for Residential Uses:** Modern mobile homes are house-like in appearance and blend more suitably with traditional housing. Because of this, as an alternative to the Buffer Yard and Buffer Planting Strip, lots of such units may be located along park perimeters that abut an existing residential development or residential zoning district. If this alternative is chosen, the following apply:
 - 1. A Buffer Yard and Buffer Planting Strip, meeting the requirements of the North East Township Zoning Ordinance will not be required.
 - 2. The affected lots and the unit requirements (noted in “B” above) shall be identified and shown on the land development plan.

Section 705 – Utilities and Park Facilities

705.1 – Sanitary Sewage Disposal

- A. Adequate and safe sewage facilities shall be provided in all mobile home parks for conveying and disposing of sewage generated from mobile homes, service buildings and other accessory facilities.
- B. All mobile home parks shall be provided with public sewage disposal.
- C. Provisions for all sewage disposal facilities shall be in accordance with the requirements of the Pennsylvania Sewage Facilities Act, the PADEP and the Erie County Health Department, and shall conform to the requirements of Section 508 of this chapter, as applicable.
- D. Each mobile home lot shall be provided with a suitable method for connecting the sewage drain outlet to the sewer line. Provision shall be

made for plugging the sewer riser pipe when a mobile home does not occupy a lot. Surface drainage shall be diverted away from the riser, and the rim of the riser pipe shall be encased in a waterproof catch basin.

- E. The mobile home park owner(s) shall be responsible for ownership, maintenance, repair and rehabilitation of the sewage disposal system, and for providing an adequate sewage disposal system to each mobile home lot.

705.2 – Water Supply

- A. An adequate, safe and potable supply of water shall be provided for all mobile homes, service buildings and other accessory facilities located within the mobile home park.
- B. All mobile home parks shall be provided with public water supply service.
- C. Provisions for the water supply shall be in accordance with the requirements of Section 507 of this chapter and shall be in conformance with all federal, state and local standards and regulations.
- D. Each mobile home lot shall have a water riser pipe to connect the mobile home water system to the community or public water system serving the park.
- E. The mobile home park owner(s) shall be responsible for ownership, maintenance, repair and rehabilitation of the water supply system, and for providing an adequate water supply to each mobile home lot.

705.3 –Other Utility Systems

Where provided, telephone, electric, television cable, natural or bottled gas, fuel oil or other utilities shall be installed in accordance with the rules and regulations of the appropriate utility company.

705.4 – Solid Waste Disposal

- A. Arrangements for the collection, storage and disposal of solid waste generated by residents of the mobile home park shall be made by the mobile home park owner and shall be managed as to create no health hazards or air pollution.
- B. Curbside weekly pickup is required.

705.5 – Exterior Lighting

Lighting shall be provided to illuminate streets, driveways and walkways for the safe movement of vehicles and pedestrians from dusk until dawn.

705.6 – Recreation

- A. At least ten percent (10%) of the gross area of the mobile home park shall be set aside and provided as open space area available for the use and enjoyment of residents for varied outdoor recreational uses.
- B. The common open space shall be substantially free of structures except for those designed for recreational purposes, and shall be in addition to those areas devoted to meeting the buffer yard requirements of this chapter.
- C. The common open space area(s) shall be located and designed so they are easily accessible to residents and so that their size, dimensions, topography and other characteristics lend themselves to recreational use.
- D. The common open space area will be a private recreational area owned and maintained by the park.

Section 706 –Fire Safety Requirements

706.1 – General

For the safety and welfare of the residents of the mobile home park, the following fire safety measures shall be incorporated into the park. All fire safety measures shall be approved by the fire department responsible for the fire protection service area in which the park is located.

706.2 – Fire Hydrants

The location of fire hydrants shall be discussed with the Township Water Superintendent and the Fire Chief and shall be installed on public water lines within the mobile home park in locations designated by the Water Superintendent and Fire Chief.

706.3 – Parks without Central Water Lines

In areas where there are no central water line extensions proposed, the following fire safety measures shall be incorporated into the park. The developer retains the option of installing either the tank or pond system. For either option, the fire safety provisions shall meet the requirements of the most recent edition of the International Fire Code.

- A. **The Tank System:** An approved underground, static water tank with capacity to provide fire flows as required by the International Fire Code.
- B. **The Pond System:** A water pond shall be located in such a way as to serve all park lots. The volume of water within the pond shall be sufficient, as determined by the fire department responsible for the area, to adequately serve all park lots. The pond shall be the source of water for a “dry hydrant” system within the park. Flows and hydrants (connections and spacing) shall comply with the requirements of the International Fire Code. A cyclone fence at a minimum height of six (6) feet with single strand barbed wire shall enclose the pond. There shall be a locking gate access.

Article 8 –Conservation Subdivision Design Option

Section 801 – Applicability

This Article shall apply to all conservation subdivision applications in North East Township.

- A. Residential Subdivisions:
 - 1. Conservation Subdivision Design shall be required for all major residential subdivisions, unless otherwise exempted in this Article.
 - 2. Residential subdivisions shall be exempt from the conservation subdivision design requirement if one or more of the following apply:
 - i. Total net tract area is less than 10 acres; or
 - ii. Less than 5 new lots (5 new lots and 1 residual lot) will be created, whether proposed initially or cumulatively.
- B. Condominium Developments:
 - 1. Conservation Subdivision Design shall be required for all condominium developments unless otherwise exempted in this Article.
 - 2. In the case of a condominium development, the development shall be designed, and the dwellings shall be sited in such a way that the requirements of this Article could physically be able to be met as if the dwellings were located on fee-simple lots. However, for a condominium development, the actual lot lines do not need to be legally established.
 - 3. Condominium developments shall be exempt from the conservation subdivision design requirement if one or more of the following apply:
 - i. Total net tract area is less than 10 acres; or
 - ii. Less than five (5) single-family detached dwelling units will be created, whether proposed initially or cumulatively.
- C. Conservation Subdivision Design shall not be required within the MU, Mixed Use zoning districts.
- D. Conservation Subdivision Design shall not be required for Age Restricted Communities or Continuing Care Retirement Communities otherwise developed in accordance with the North East Township SALDO.
- E. Conservation Subdivision Design shall not be required for non-residential subdivisions.

801.1 -- Purpose and Intent

North East Township recognizes the importance of preserving open space and the amenities it provides. As such, the North East Area Comprehensive Plan supports land use policies and regulations designed to preserve open space, the environment, and its natural and cultural resources. It is the intent of this Article of the North East Township SALDO to implement the Comprehensive Plan by providing for conservation subdivisions in North East Township, subject to reasonable design standards and conditions that serve the following purposes:

- A. To allow for greater flexibility and creativity in the design of residential developments.
- B. To encourage the permanent preservation of open space, agricultural land, forestry land, wildlife habitat, other natural resources including water bodies and wetlands, and historical and archeological resources.
- C. To encourage a less sprawling and more efficient form of development that consumes less open land and conforms to existing topography and natural features better than a conventional subdivision.
- D. To minimize the total amount of disturbance on the site.
- E. To further the goals and policies of the North East Area Comprehensive Plan.
- F. To facilitate the construction and maintenance of housing, streets, utilities, and public service in a more economical and efficient manner.
- G. To promote interconnected greenways and corridors throughout the municipality.
- H. To conserve scenic views and reduce perceived density by maximizing the number of houses with direct access to and views of open space.

Section 802 – General Regulations

- A. Except where specifically stated otherwise, all applicable standards and regulations in this Article shall apply to any conservation subdivision.
- B. Conservation subdivisions shall comply with all standards and requirements of the North East Township Zoning Ordinance.
- C. The conservation subdivision design option shall not relieve the applicant/developer from the obligation to comply with all applicable federal, state or local laws or regulations.
- D. Ownership: The development tract may be held in single ownership or in multiple ownerships. When a development tract is held in multiple ownerships, it shall be:

1. Represented by a single application; and
 2. Presented and approved under a common plan. The entire tract shall be designed in accordance with this Article and the North East Township Zoning Ordinance.
- E. Water Supply: Lots in a conservation subdivision development may be served by a public water supply and distribution system with such volume and pressure to provide adequate service in accord with accepted engineering practice, this Article and any other applicable governmental standards; or may be served with individual wells located on-lot or on greenway lands. However, all multiple-family dwellings, and all dwellings on lots less than 20,000 square feet shall be served by a public or community water system.
- F. Sewage Disposal: Lots in a conservation subdivision development shall be subject to the following:
1. All lots shall be provided with adequate sewage disposal facilities consistent with the North East Township Sewage Facilities Plan and meeting the requirements of this Article, the North East Township Subdivision and Land Development Ordinance-SALDO and the Erie County Health Department/PA DEP.
 2. In areas where a public sewage system is not available, all dwellings on lots less than one (1) acre shall be served by a community sewage disposal system or an individual system located either on lot or on greenway lands. All dwellings on lots of one (1) acre or more shall be served by a community sewage disposal system or an individual system located on the lot.
 3. Conservation subdivisions utilizing Development Option 2, Enhanced Density with Greater Conservation, shall be served by public sewer.

Section 803 – Development Options

The following development options are permitted in applicable zoning districts. Option 1: Neutral Density and Basic Conservation, providing for residential uses at the density permitted by the underlying zoning, with at least 50 percent greenway land. This approach allows flexibly-designed layouts that work well with applicable utilities, located either on the lots or in the required greenway land. Option 2: Enhanced Density with Greater Conservation, providing for residential uses at a density greater than Option 1, with at least 60 percent greenway land. Developments utilizing this option shall be served by public sewer.

- A. Option 3: Large Lot Option, providing for residential uses in conventional layouts, at reduced densities, with common greenway land permitted but not required.
- B. Combining the Design Options: The development options permitted in this section may be combined at the discretion of the governing body, based upon demonstration by the applicant that such a combination would better fulfill the purposes set forth herein, as compared with applying a single option to the property. When more than one option is applied to a development tract, the applicant shall clearly indicate the boundaries of each option.

Section 804 – Procedures

- A. Conservation subdivision development applications using development Option 1, Neutral Density with Basic Conservation and/or Option 2, Greater Density with Greater Conservation, shall be processed using the three-stage procedure established in this Article for major land subdivisions: sketch plan, preliminary plan, and final plan.
- B. Conservation subdivision development applications for Option 3, Large Lot Option shall be classified and processed in accordance with Article 3. A preliminary plan shall not be required if the conservation subdivision meets the criteria for classification as a minor subdivision. However, if the conservation subdivision meets the criteria for a major subdivision, then the three-stage procedure established in the SALDO for major land subdivisions: sketch plan (not mandatory), preliminary plan, and final plan shall be applicable.
- C. Unless otherwise noted, preliminary plans and final plans shall follow the procedures and meet the specifications outlined herein.
- D. Concurrent with the preliminary plan application for an Option 1 or Option 2 conservation subdivision, the applicant shall submit documentation supporting the maximum number of lots permitted. The applicant shall have the choice of determining the maximum number of lots by formula or by providing a conceptual yield plan. If the applicant chooses to submit a conceptual yield plan, the plan shall comply with Section 807 of this Article.
- E. Concurrent with the preliminary plan application for an Option 1 or Option 2 conservation subdivision, applicants are required to demonstrate to the municipality that the four-step design process was performed by a certified professional and considered in determining the layout of proposed streets, house lots, and greenway land. An existing resources and site analysis plan shall be submitted to document step 1. Sketch plans shall be submitted documenting steps 2 and 3. The preliminary plan shall serve as documentation of step 4. See Section 805 for the four-step process and Section 806 for existing resources and site analysis plan requirements.

- F. In accordance with Section 814.1 of this Article, a greenway land management plan shall be submitted for review and approval with the preliminary subdivision or land development plan, and the approved management plan shall be recorded with the final subdivision or land development plan, in the office of the Erie County Recorder of Deeds.

Section 805 – Four-Step Design Process

The conservation of land is the focus of conservation subdivision design. The design process makes the placement of house lots and streets sensitive to this objective. The design process identifies historical, cultural and natural resources, potential open space corridors, views, etc. that should be preserved. This process excludes these areas from development and targets construction on the rest of the parcel. Because the design process intends to maximize the intrinsic value of a parcel of land, the house sites are located before the roads are laid out, ensuring that the former will dictate the latter and not vice versa. Therefore, emphasis is placed on principles of good landscape design and not solely engineering.

The process consists of four steps: (1) Identifying conservation areas; (2) locating house sites; (3) aligning streets and trails; and (4) drawing in the lot lines.

At the time of the preliminary plan application for an Option 1 or Option 2 conservation subdivision, applicants are required to demonstrate to the municipality that the following design process was performed by a certified professional and considered in determining the layout of proposed streets, house lots, and greenway land.

1. Step One: Identifying Conservation Areas.

Identify preservation land by two steps. First, primary conservation areas (such as wetlands, stream corridors, and floodplains regulated by state or federal law) and secondary conservation areas (such as woodlands, prime farmland, meadows, wildlife habitats, historic sites and scenic views) shall be identified and delineated. Second, the potentially developable area will be identified and delineated. To the maximum extent feasible, the potentially developable area shall consist of land located outside of identified primary and secondary conservation areas. See Section 811 of this Article for a list of primary and secondary conservation areas.

2. Step Two: Locating House Sites.

Locate the approximate sites of individual houses within the potentially developable area and include the delineation of private yards and shared amenities, so as to reflect an integrated community, with emphasis on consistency with the municipality's historical development patterns. The number of homes enjoying the amenities of the development should be maximized.

3. Step Three: Aligning the Streets and Trails.

Align streets to access the house lots. Additionally, new trails should be laid out to create internal and external connections to existing and/or potential future streets, sidewalks, and trails.

4. Step Four: Lot Lines.

Draw in the lot lines, if applicable. Lot lines are not required in conservation subdivision development utilizing condominium ownership.

Section 806 – Existing Resources and Site Analysis Plan (ER/SA Plan)

For all Option 1 and Option 2 conservation subdivisions, an ER/SA Plan shall be prepared to provide the applicant and the municipality with a comprehensive analysis of existing conditions, both on the proposed development site and within 500 feet of the site. Conditions beyond the parcel boundaries may be described based on existing published data available from governmental agencies, and from aerial photographs. The following information shall be shown:

A. Existing Natural Features

1. A vertical aerial photograph at a scale that matches the scale of the ER/SA Plan, with property lines shown.
2. Topography. Contour line intervals shall be not more than 2 feet, determined by photogrammetry, for land with average natural slope of 10 percent or less, and at intervals of not more than 5 feet for land with average slope exceeding 10 percent. Ten-foot intervals interpolated from U.S.G.S. published maps are permissible beyond the parcel boundaries. Slopes between 15 and 25 percent and exceeding 25 percent shall be clearly indicated. Slope shall be measured over 3 or more 2-foot contour intervals. Topography shall be prepared by a professional land surveyor or professional engineer from an actual field survey of the site or from stereoscopic aerial photography and shall be coordinated with official U.S.G.S. benchmarks. Datum to which contour elevations refer shall be noted.
3. The location and delineation of wetlands, ponds, streams, ditches, drains, and natural drainage swales, as well as the 100-year floodplains.
4. Vegetative cover conditions on the property according to general cover type including cultivated land, permanent grass land, meadow, pasture, old field, hedgerow, woodlands and wetlands.
5. Soil series, types and phases, as mapped by the U.S.D.A Natural Resources Conservation Service in the published soil survey for Erie County, and accompanying data tabulated for each soil relating to its suitability for construction (and, in unsewered areas, for suitability for on-lot sewage disposal systems). The following soil types shall be specifically identified:
 - i. Alluvial soil.
 - ii. Seasonal high water table soils.
 - iii. Hydric soils.
 - iv. Class I and II Agricultural Soils.
 - v. Soil hydrologic group (i.e., Group A, B, C or D).

7. Ridge lines and watershed boundaries
 8. Geologic formations, including rock outcroppings, cliffs, sinkholes, and fault lines, based on available published information or more detailed data obtained by the applicant.
 9. Any portion of the tract identified as a Pennsylvania Natural Diversity Inventory (PNDI) site or that is included on a county or local Natural Areas Inventory.
 10. A viewshed analysis showing the location and extent of views into the property from public roads and from public parks, public forests, and state game lands. Significant scenic views from the property shall also be delineated.
- B. Existing Man-Made Features, including:
1. Location, dimensions, and use of existing buildings, driveways and any other man-made features on the site.
 2. Location, names, widths, centerline courses, paving widths, identification numbers, and rights-of-way, of existing streets and alleys.
 3. Locations of trails that have been in public use (pedestrian, equestrian, bicycle) or are proposed on a municipal or county plan.
 4. Location and size of existing utilities.
 5. Any easements, deed restrictions, rights-of-way, or any other encumbrances upon the land, including location, size and ownership.
 6. Site features or conditions such as hazardous waste, dumps, underground tanks, active and abandoned wells, quarries, landfills, sand mounds, and artificial land conditions.
 7. Locations of historically significant sites or structures on the tract, including, but not limited to, foundations, cellar holes, stone walls, earthworks, and burial sites. Any portion of the site located within a historic district, and historical resources identified in the municipal comprehensive plan.
- C. Planned or Proposed Features: Streets, trails, utility corridors and other public infrastructure planned or proposed in local, regional or county plans or Official Maps shall be delineated.
- D. Conservation Areas: Primary and secondary conservation areas shall be clearly identified on the ER/SA plan. See Section 811 of this SALDO for a list of primary and secondary conservation areas.

Section 807 – Conceptual Yield Plan

807.1 – Conceptual Yield Plan: General Standards

- A. Conceptual Yield Plans submitted by the applicant shall depict the conventional development of the tract of land according to the conventional design standards of this SALDO and the North East Township Zoning Ordinance, and any other applicable federal, state or local regulations.

- B. The design of the conceptual yield plan must be capable of being implemented given the characteristics and features of the site and all applicable regulations.
- C. Applicants are strongly encouraged to present the conceptual yield plan to the municipality as early as possible to obtain input regarding the calculation of the number of dwellings or lots permitted in the conservation subdivision.
- D. The applicant shall have the burden of proof regarding the maximum number of lots (or dwelling units) resulting from the design and engineering specifications shown on the yield plan.
- E. On sites not served by public sewer or a community sewage disposal system, the following conditions apply:
 - 1. The conceptual yield plan shall be based on the number of dwelling units that can be supported by individual soils-based sewage disposal methods. For purposes of meeting this standard, the conceptual yield plan must be approved by the Erie County Department of Health and the Department of Environmental Protection (DEP).
 - 2. The applicant shall have the burden of proof that all lots meet the requirements for an individual soils-based sewage disposal system.
 - 3. The Erie County Health Department, at its discretion, may select a 10% sample (or a sample of three lots, whichever is greater) of the lots considered marginal for on-lot sewage disposal. The applicant shall provide evidence that these lots meet the standards for an individual soils-based sewage disposal system. Should any of the lots in a sample fail to meet the standard for an individual soils-based sewage disposal system, those lots shall be deducted from the yield plan and a second 10% sample (or a sample of three lots, whichever is greater) shall be selected by the County and tested for compliance. This process shall be repeated until all lots in a given sample meet the standard for an individual soils-based sewage disposal system.

807.2 – Conceptual Yield Plan Requirements

Conceptual Yield Plans shall comply with the following requirements:

- A. Sheet size shall be either eighteen by twenty-four (18 x 24) inches or twenty-four by thirty-six (24 x 36) inches.
- B. Unless otherwise approved by the municipality, the conceptual yield plan shall be drawn at a scale of fifty (50) or one hundred (100) feet to the inch depending upon the size of the overall development and the individual lots therein.
- C. If the Conceptual Yield Plan is drawn in two or more sections, it shall be accompanied by a key map showing the locations of the various sections.

- D. The conceptual yield plan shall be presented in a clear, legible, coherent and organized manner.
- E. The following information shall be shown on the conceptual yield plan:
 - 1. Proposed subdivision name and the words "Conceptual Yield Plan".
 - 2. Location of the property (including subdivision boundary, Erie County index number(s), and municipality)
 - 3. Name, address and telephone number of the owner, developer and surveyor
 - 4. North arrow, graphic scale, and date
 - 5. Proposed lot layout based on conventional development standards
 - 6. Proposed lot lines, and approximate dimensions of lots. Total number of lots, including a numbering system to identify each lot; acreage of each lot; acreage of any remaining, unsubdivided land; and total acreage of the entire tract. Acreage shall be exclusive of rights-of-way, or other public areas.
 - 7. Existing and proposed streets (including dimensions and right-of-way widths of proposed streets)
 - 8. General topographical, natural and physical features (including existing structures, floodplains, wetlands, etc.)
 - 9. Existing and proposed easements
 - 10. Location of existing and proposed sewage systems
 - 11. Adjacent properties (including lot lines and Erie County index numbers)
 - 12. Zoning District in which the subdivision is located
 - 13. Certification, with seal, by a registered land surveyor/registered landscape architect to the effect that the survey and plan are correct.
 - 14. The municipality may require any other information deemed necessary to ensure that the design of the conceptual yield plan is capable of being implemented given the characteristics and features of the site and all applicable regulations.

Section 808 -- Maximum Number of Lots

808.1 -- Option 1, Neutral Density and Basic Conservation

The maximum number of lots permitted for Option 1, Neutral Density and Basic Conservation, shall be determined either by Formula (see Section 808.4 or by a Conceptual Yield Plan (see Section 808.5. The applicant shall have the choice of which method is used.

808.2 -- Option 2, Enhanced Density with Greater Conservation

- A. For Option 2, Enhanced Density with Greater Conservation, a density bonus shall be added to the number of lots determined by Formula or depicted by a Conceptual Yield Plan in order to determine the maximum number of lots. The applicant shall have the choice of which method is used.
- B. The maximum number of lots shall be calculated as follows. If the calculation results in a fractional number, the fraction shall be rounded down to the next whole number.

| | | |
|----|---|---------------|
| a. | Maximum number of lots determined by formula (see Section 808.4 or depicted by a Conceptual Yield Plan (see Section 808.5)) | _____ lots |
| b. | Multiply by density bonus factor (1.25) | x <u>1.25</u> |
| c. | Equals maximum number of lots (rounded down to next whole number) | = _____ lots |

808.3 --Option 3, Large Lot Option

The maximum number of lots permitted for Option 3, Large Lot Option, shall equal the net tract area divided by four (4) acres. If the calculation results in a fractional number, the fraction shall be rounded down to the next whole number.

808.4 -- Maximum Number of Lots by Formula

- A. Applicability: This section shall be applicable only to Option 1, Neutral Density and Basic Conservation, and Option 2, Enhanced Density with Greater Conservation. The applicant shall have the choice of determining the maximum number of lots by formula or by providing a Conceptual Yield Plan (see Section 808.5).
- B. Determination of the maximum number of lots, by formula, shall be based on the following calculations:
 - 1. Determine Net tract area: Net tract area shall equal the acreage within the legally described parcel excluding existing public or private road rights-of-way.
 - 2. Determine Constrained Land: Constrained land consists of the resources listed in the following table, multiplied by a protection factor and totaled. If a portion of the tract is underlain by more than one resource, that acreage shall be subject only to the resource with the most restrictive protection factor.

| Constrained Lands | | | | |
|-------------------|---|--------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|
| | Resource | Area of Resource (acres) | Protection Factor | Constrained Land (acres) |
| a. | Existing or proposed overhead rights-of-way of utility lines. | | x 1.0 | = |
| b. | That portion of lands under conservation easement that are restricted from further development. | | x 1.0 | = |
| c. | 100-year Floodplain | | x 1.0 | = |
| d. | Wetlands | | x 0.95 | = |
| e. | Steep Slopes (over 25%) | | x 0.85 | = |
| h. | Adjustment for Constrained Land = Sum of a through e = | | | |

3. Determine Allowance for Future Infrastructure: An allowance for future infrastructure, such as new roads and stormwater management facilities that may be needed to support the proposed subdivision, shall be estimated at twenty-five (25%) of the net tract area.

| | | |
|----|--|---------------|
| a. | Net tract area | _____ acres |
| b. | Multiplied by 25% | x <u>0.25</u> |
| c. | Equals Allowance for Future Infrastructure | = _____ acres |

4. Determine the Adjusted Tract Area (ATA): The adjusted tract area is the net tract area less the constrained land less the allowance for infrastructure.

| | | |
|----|--|---------------|
| a. | Net tract area | _____ acres |
| b. | Less Constrained Land (from Section 808.4 B2 above) | - _____ acres |
| c. | Less Allowance for Future Infrastructure (from Section 808.4 B3 above) | - _____ acres |

| | | |
|----|---|---------------------|
| d. | Equals Adjusted Tract Area (in acres) | = _____ acres ATA |
| e. | Multiplied by 43,560 | x <u>43,560</u> |
| f. | Equals Adjusted Tract Area (converted to square feet) | = _____ sq. ft. ATA |

5. Determine Maximum Number of Lots:

The maximum number of lots equals the adjusted tract area divided by the minimum lot area required for a single-family residential dwelling within the underlying zoning district. If the calculation results in a fractional number, the fraction shall be rounded down to the next whole number.

| | | |
|----|---|--------------|
| a. | Adjusted Tract Area (from Section 808.4 B4 above) | _____ ATA |
| b. | Divided by the minimum lot area for a single-family dwelling within the underlying zoning district (from Section 809.2 A) | ÷ _____ |
| c. | Equals maximum number of lots (rounded down to next whole number) | = _____ lots |

808.5 -- Maximum Number of Lots by Conceptual Yield Plan

- A. Applicability: This section shall be applicable only to Option 1, Neutral Density and Basic Conservation, and Option 2, Enhanced Density with Greater Conservation. The applicant shall have the choice of determining the maximum number of lots by formula (See Section 808.4 or by providing a conceptual yield plan.
- B. The maximum number of lots permitted shall equal the number of lots demonstrated by a conceptual yield plan, submitted by the applicant, and depicting the conventional development of the tract of land according to the conventional design standards of the North East Township Subdivision and Land Development Ordinance, and any other applicable federal, state or local regulations.
- C. The conceptual yield plan shall meet the requirements of this Article.
- D. The design of the conceptual yield plan must be capable of being implemented given the characteristics and features of the site and all applicable regulations.

- E. Applicants are strongly encouraged to present the conceptual yield plan to the municipality as early as possible to obtain input regarding the calculation of the number of lots permitted in the conservation subdivision.
- F. The applicant shall have the burden of proof with regard to the maximum number of lots resulting from the design and engineering specifications shown on the conceptual yield plan.
- G. On sites not served by public sewer or a community sewage disposal system, the following conditions apply:
 - 1. The conceptual yield plan shall be based on the number of dwelling units that can be supported by individual soils-based sewage disposal methods, as determined by the Erie County Department of Health.
 - 2. The applicant shall have the burden of proof that all lots meet the requirements for an individual soils-based sewage disposal system.
 - 3. The Erie County Department of Health, at its discretion, may select a 10% sample (or a sample of three lots, whichever is greater) of the lots considered marginal for on-lot sewage disposal. The applicant shall provide evidence that these lots meet the standards for an individual soils-based sewage disposal system. Should any of the lots in a sample fail to meet the standard for an individual soils-based sewage disposal system, those lots shall be deducted from the yield plan and a second 10% sample (or a sample of three lots, whichever is greater) shall be selected by the County and tested for compliance. This process shall be repeated until all lots in a given sample meet the standard for an individual soils-based sewage disposal system.

Section 809 -- Lot and Yard Standards for Conservation Subdivisions

809.1 -- Lot and Yard Standards for Option 3, Large Lot Option

- A. Lot and yard requirements for Option 3, Large Lot Option, shall be in accordance with the underlying zoning district.
- B. All lots shall be protected from further subdivision with a deed restriction, as follows:
 - 1. The deed restriction shall be in a form acceptable to the municipality.
 - 2. The municipality shall be a party to the deed restrictions and shall have the right to enforce the deed restriction.
 - 3. The deed restriction shall run with the chain of titles and be recorded at the Erie County Recorder of Deeds.

809.2 -- Lot and Yard Standards for Option 1 and Option 2

Lot and yard requirements for Option 1, Neutral Density and Basic Conservation, and Option 2, Enhanced Density with Greater Conservation, shall be in accordance with Section 808 of this Article except as follows:

A. The minimum lot area requirement shall be reduced according to the following schedule:

| Zoning District | District Minimum Lot Area | Option 1 Minimum Lot Area | Option 2 Minimum Lot Area |
|------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| A-1, Preservation | 2 acres | 20,000 square feet | N/A – Not Permitted |
| A-2, Agricultural | 1 acre | 20,000 square feet | N/A – Not Permitted |
| R-1, Residential | | | |
| With Public Sewer | 20,000 square feet | 5,000 square feet | N/A – Not Permitted |
| No Public Sewer | 30,000 square feet | 15,000 square feet | N/A – Not Permitted |
| R-2, Residential | | | |
| With Public Sewer | 15,000 square feet | 5,000 square feet | 5,000 square feet |
| No Public Sewer | 20,000 square feet | 10,000 square feet | N/A – Not Permitted |
| MU, Mixed Use | | | |
| With Public Sewer | 15,000 square feet | 5,000 square feet | 5,000 square feet |
| No Public Sewer | 20,000 square feet | 10,000 square feet | N/A – Not Permitted |

B. The minimum lot frontage shall be 50 feet. The governing body may waive this requirement where it is determined that a reduced frontage requirement will further the purpose and intent of this Article.

C. Minimum front, side and rear yard setback requirements for a principal building shall be 50% of the required setbacks for the underlying zoning district (See Section 808) except as follows:

1. The governing body may authorize a further reduction in the minimum setback requirements where it is determined that reduced setback requirements will further the purpose and intent of this Article.
2. The minimum front, side and rear yard setback requirements along the development tract boundaries shall be in accordance with the underlying zoning district.

- D. Minimum side and rear yard setback requirements for an accessory building or structure shall be half of the required setback for a principal building or half the height of the accessory building, whichever is greater. However, in no case shall the setback be less than 5 feet from the property line.
- E. Maximum Building Coverage shall be in accordance with the following table:

| Lot Area | Maximum Building Coverage |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Less than 10,000 square feet | 50% |
| 10,000 to 20,000 square feet | 35% |
| Greater than 20,000 square feet | Subject to the requirements of the underlying zoning district |

809.3 -- Design Standards for Options 1 and 2

Conservation subdivisions utilizing Option 1, Neutral Density and Basic Conservation and/or Option 2, Enhanced Density with Greater Conservation shall be subject to the following design standards. However, the governing body, at its sole discretion, may authorize a variation of these standards where the applicant has demonstrated to the satisfaction of the municipality that the purposes of this Article are better served through such variation.

- A. The landscape shall be preserved in its natural state, insofar as practicable, by minimizing tree and soil removal. Any grade changes shall be in keeping with the general appearance of the neighboring developed areas. The orientation of individual building sites shall be to maintain maximum natural topography and cover. Topography, tree cover, and natural drainage ways shall be treated as fixed determinants of road and lot configuration rather than as malleable elements that can be changed to follow a preferred development scheme.
- B. Proposed development shall be related harmoniously to the terrain and the use, scale, and architecture of existing buildings in the vicinity that have functional or visual relationships to the proposed buildings. Proposed buildings shall be related to their surroundings.
- C. Views of house lots from exterior roads shall be minimized using changes in topography, existing vegetation, new landscaping or other design elements.
- D. No dwelling units within the conservation subdivision development shall have direct driveway access to existing municipal or state roads. All driveways shall access internal street systems as designed for the project.

- E. Streets shall be designed and located in such a manner as to maintain and preserve natural topography, significant landmarks, and trees; to minimize cut and fill; and to preserve and enhance views and vistas on or off the subject parcel.
- F. A safe and convenient pedestrian circulation system may be provided to link residences with parking areas, recreation facilities, greenway land and adjacent land uses where appropriate.
- G. Developers are encouraged to use “soft” (non-structural) stormwater management techniques (such as swales) and other drainage techniques that reduce impervious surface and enable infiltration where appropriate.
- H. All lots shall be protected from further subdivision with a deed restriction, as follows:
 - 1. The deed restriction shall be in a form acceptable to the municipality.
 - 2. The municipality shall be a party to the deed restriction and shall have the right to enforce the deed restriction.
 - 3. The deed restriction shall run with the chain of title and be recorded at the Erie County Recorder of Deeds.

Section 810 -- Greenway Land: Minimum Requirements

The minimum Greenway Land requirement shall be as set forth in the following table:

| Development Option | Minimum Greenway Land |
|--|--|
| Option 1, Neutral Density and Basic Conservation | 50% of net tract area |
| Option 2, Enhanced Density with Greater Conservation | 60% of net tract area |
| Option 3, Large Lot Option | Greenway land is permitted but not required. |

810.1 -- Greenway Land: Permitted Uses

Permitted uses of greenway land that comprises a part of a conservation subdivision approved in accordance with this Article shall be as follows:

- A. Conservation of open land in its natural state (for example, woodland, fallow field, or managed meadow).
- B. Agricultural and horticultural uses including raising crops or livestock, and related accessory buildings. Specifically excluded are commercial livestock

- operations involving swine, poultry, mink, and other animals likely to produce highly offensive odors.
- C. Pastureland for horses is used solely for recreational purposes. Equestrian facilities shall be permitted but shall not consume more than 50% of the minimum required greenway land.
 - D. Forestry in keeping with established best management practices for selective harvesting and sustained yield forestry.
 - E. Neighborhood greenway land uses such as village greens, commons, picnic areas, community gardens, trails and similar low-impact, passive recreational uses.
 - F. Active non-commercial recreation areas, such as playing fields, courts, and playgrounds. Such recreational uses shall meet the following standards:
 - 1. Such areas shall not consume more than 50% of the minimum required greenway land or five acres, whichever is less. The 5-acre limit may be increased to ten (10) acres on development parcels 200 acres or larger.
 - 2. Such areas shall not be located within 100 feet of the tract boundary or a dwelling unit within the development parcel.
 - G. Parking areas to serve permitted uses of the greenway land area: Such lots may be paved with gravel and shall be unlighted, shall be properly drained and shall provide safe ingress and egress. The number of parking spaces shall be limited to ten (10) or fewer spaces unless a higher number is authorized by the governing body.
 - H. Golf courses, including their parking areas and associated structures, may comprise up to half of the minimum required Greenway land, but shall not include driving ranges or miniature golf.
 - I. Water supply systems, sewage disposal systems, stormwater management systems and associated easements, subject to the following limitations:
 - 1. Water Supply Systems: Land used for ground-level water supply structures and associated parking exceeding 5,000 square feet shall not count toward the minimum greenway land requirement.
 - 2. Sewage Disposal Systems:
 - i. Sewage treatment lagoons, structures, structure access areas and parking lots shall not count toward the greenway land requirement.
 - ii. Soil absorption areas shall be appropriate for active or passive recreation.

- iii. Absorption fields serving individual dwelling units may be located in the greenway land, but individual treatment tanks shall be located within the lots they serve.
- J. Easements or rights-of-way for drainage, access, utilities or essential services: Overhead power lines and street rights-of-way may traverse greenway lands but shall not count toward the minimum greenway land requirement.
- K. Prohibited are:
 - 1. Motorized off-road vehicles, shooting ranges and other uses similar in character and potential impact as determined by the governing body. This provision shall not prohibit vehicles being used for maintenance purposes.
 - 2. Surface mining and quarrying.

810.2 -- Greenway Land: Design Standards

Greenway land that comprises a part of a conservation subdivision approved in accordance with this Article shall be subject to the following standards:

- A. Areas designated as greenway land shall be consistent with the goals and strategies of the North East Area Comprehensive Plan. The location and layout of the greenway land shall be configured so as to serve neighborhood residents adequately and conveniently and to promote the conservation of primary and secondary conservation areas to the greatest extent practicable.
- B. Greenway land shall be identified and laid out according to the Four-Step Design Process described in the North East Township Subdivision and Land Development Ordinance, beginning with the identification of primary and secondary conservation areas.
- C. No part of any residential lot shall encroach upon greenway land with the exception of conservancy lots, as permitted in Section 813 D.
- D. A minimum of twenty percent (20%) of the greenway land shall be available for the common use of subdivision residents.
- E. Primary conservation areas shall be included in the greenway land, unless the applicant demonstrates that this provision would constitute an unusual hardship and be counter to the purposes of this Article. Secondary conservation areas should be included within the greenway land to the maximum extent feasible.
- F. Greenway land areas shall, to the greatest extent possible, be in large, continuous, undivided parcels coherently configured to relate to neighborhood areas of the conservation subdivision development.

- G. In cases where smaller greenway land parcels are necessary, they shall generally not be less than three (3) acres in size and shall generally not have a length-to-width ratio of more than 4:1, or be less than seventy-five (75) feet in width, except as may be required for neighborhood design, required buffers or trails linking greenway land areas.
- H. In cases where smaller greenway land parcels are necessary, they shall be interconnected wherever possible to provide a continuous network of greenway lands within and adjoining the subdivision.
- I. The greenway land shall be undivided by public roads, except where necessary for proper traffic circulation.
- J. The greenway land shall be directly accessible to the largest practicable number of lots within the subdivision. Non-adjoining lots shall be provided with safe, convenient access to the greenway land. A safe and convenient pedestrian circulation system should be provided to connect neighborhood areas with greenway land areas within the conservation subdivision.
- K. In cases where agricultural land (crop land and/or pasture) is a significant feature of the site, neighborhoods shall be designed to minimize conflicts with agricultural practices and any designated Agricultural Security Areas. Access to greenway land used for agriculture may be appropriately restricted for public safety and to prevent interference with agricultural operations.
- L. Whenever possible, greenway land within the conservation subdivision should connect to existing or potential conservation areas on adjoining parcels. Where appropriate, provisions should be made for pedestrian pathways for general public use to create linked systems within the municipality.
- M. Where conservation subdivision development is planned to occur in two or more development phases, a proportionate amount of designated restricted greenway land shall be permanently recorded with each phase.

Section 811-- Greenway Land: Primary and Secondary Conservation Areas

- A. Primary Conservation Areas: The following are considered primary conservation areas and shall be included in the greenway land, unless the applicant demonstrates that this provision would constitute an unusual hardship and be counter to the purposes of this Article:
 - 1. Stream corridors, floodplains, wetlands, ponds and reservoirs and other lowland areas, including adjacent buffer areas which may be required to ensure their protection. Buffer zones should generally be

a width of at least 100 feet along all perennial and intermittent streams.

2. Significant natural areas of species listed as endangered, threatened or of special concern, such as those listed in the Erie County Natural Heritage Inventory.
3. Moderate to steep slopes (slopes greater than 15 percent), particularly those adjoining watercourses and ponds, where disturbance and resulting soil erosion and sedimentation could be detrimental to water quality.
4. Bluff recession hazard areas located along the Lake Erie shoreline.
5. Archaeological sites, cemeteries and burial grounds.

B. Secondary Conservation Areas: The following are considered secondary conservation areas and should be included within the greenway land to the maximum extent feasible:

1. Prime agricultural lands of at least five contiguous acres. Prime agricultural lands are identified by the Erie County Soil Survey.
2. Existing healthy, woodlands of at least one contiguous acre.
3. Other significant natural features and scenic viewsheds such as fence rows, ridge lines, peaks and rock outcroppings, particularly those that can be seen from public roads.
4. Significant historic and cultural features such as historic buildings, structures, plaques, markers, and monuments.
5. Existing trails that connect the tract to neighboring areas.

Section 812 -- Greenway Land: Permanent Protection

Except to provide for permitted greenway land uses, designated greenway land shall be restricted from further subdivision and land development by a deed restriction or conservation easement, in a form acceptable to the municipality and duly recorded in the office of the Erie County Recorder of Deeds.

A. Conservation Easements: In cases where conservation easements are used to protect greenway lands from further subdivision and development the following shall be required:

1. Easements shall be granted to either the municipality or a private conservation organization meeting the requirements in Section 813. The grantee shall have the rights of reasonable entry and enforcement.

2. The property made subject to the conservation easement shall be described by metes and bounds. An exhibit that contains the subdivision plan and illustrates the designated conservation easement area shall be included.
3. Grantors shall declare that the terms of the easement shall run with the land and bind the property in perpetuity for the benefit of the grantee.
4. The uses of property subject to the conservation easement shall be limited by the permitted uses defined by Section 810.1 of this Article
5. Subdivision of the conservation easement property into additional building lots shall be prohibited.
6. The terms and restrictions of the conservation easement shall be approved by the governing body which shall be guided by the objectives set forth in the North East Area Comprehensive Plan, as well as the management plan for the property.
7. Provisions pertaining to remedies, liability, indemnification and other relevant subjects, shall be approved by the grantor, the governing body and the authorized representative of the grantee before final approval of the development plan by the governing body.
8. The conservation easement shall be recorded in the office of the Erie County Recorder of Deeds.

B. Deed Restrictions:

1. Deed restrictions may be used in place of conservation easements only under the following circumstances and in accordance with the following standards:
 - i. When greenway land totals less than 5 acres, a deed restriction may be used.
 - ii. If no entity is available or willing to hold a conservation easement on required greenway land, a deed restriction may be used.
2. In cases where deed restrictions are used to protect greenway lands from further subdivision and development the following shall be required:
 - i. The municipality shall be party to the deed restriction. The deed restriction shall be used only if approved by the municipality. If the municipality does not agree to be party to the restriction, no deed restriction shall be used.
 - ii. Restrictions, meeting municipal specifications, shall be placed in the deed for each lot with greenway land. The deed restriction shall ensure the permanent protection and

continuance of the greenway land and shall define permitted uses.

- iii. It shall be clearly stated in the individual deeds that maintenance responsibility for the greenway land lies with the property owner.

Section 813 -- Greenway Land: Ownership Options and Standards

The following methods may be used, either individually or in combination, to own common facilities and greenway land. Greenway land shall not be transferred to another entity except for transfer to another method of ownership permitted under this section, and then only when there is no decrease in the total greenway land. Ownership methods shall conform to the following:

- A. Community Association: Greenway land and common facilities may be held in common ownership for the use of all residents of the subdivision or land development and shall thereby be controlled and maintained by a community association. Community association documents shall be in compliance with the Pennsylvania Uniform Planned Community Act (as to a homeowners' association document) or the Pennsylvania Uniform Condominium Act (as to a condominium association document), as the case may be. The community association document shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
 1. A description of the common greenway land to be owned by the community association. This description shall include a plan of the proposal highlighting the precise location of all aspects of the common greenway land.
 2. Statements setting forth the powers, duties, and responsibilities of the community association, including the services to be provided.
 3. A declaration of covenants, conditions, and restrictions (declaration), giving perpetual easement to the lands and facilities owned by the community association. The declaration shall be a legal document providing for automatic membership for all owners in the subdivision or land development and shall describe the mechanism by which owners participate in the community association, including voting, elections, and meetings. The declaration shall give power to the community association to own and maintain the common greenway land and to make and enforce rules.
 4. Statements prescribing the process by which community association decisions are reached and setting forth the authority to act.

5. Statements requiring each owner within the subdivision or land development to become a member of the community association.
 6. Statements setting cross covenants or contractual terms binding each owner to all other owners for mutual benefit and enforcement.
 7. Requirements for all owners to provide a pro rata share of the cost of the operations of the community association.
 8. A process of collection and enforcement to obtain funds from owners who fail to comply.
 9. A process for transition of control of the community association from the developer to the unit owners.
 10. Statements describing how the common greenway land of the community association will be insured, including limit of liability.
 11. Provisions for the dissolution of the community association.
 12. Agreements for the maintenance of stormwater management facilities; and
 13. Agreements for the maintenance and operation of water supply and wastewater treatment facilities.
- B. Private Conservation Organization: With permission of the municipality, an owner may transfer either fee simple title of the greenway land or easements on the greenway land to a private non-profit conservation organization provided that:
1. The conservation organization is acceptable to the municipality and is a bona fide conservation organization intended to exist indefinitely.
 2. The conveyance contains appropriate provisions for a proper reverter or retransfer in the event that the organization becomes unwilling or unable to continue carrying out its functions.
 3. The greenway land is permanently restricted from future development through a conservation easement and the conservation organization, and the municipality are given the ability to enforce these restrictions; and
 4. A maintenance agreement acceptable to the municipality is established between the owner and the organization.
- C. Offer of Dedication to Municipality:
1. Fee Simple Dedication to the Municipality: The municipality may, but shall not be required to, accept dedication of any portion of the greenway land, provided that:
 - i. There is no cost of acquisition to the municipality; and
 - ii. The municipality agrees to and has access to maintain such greenway land.

2. Dedication of Easements to the Municipality: The municipality may, but shall not be required to, accept dedication of easements for public use of any portion of the greenway land. In such cases, the facility remains in the ownership of the community association, or private conservation organization, while the municipality holds the easements. In addition, the following regulations shall apply:
 - i. There shall be no cost of acquisition to the municipality.
 - ii. Any such easements for public use shall be accessible to the residents of the municipality; and
 - iii. A satisfactory maintenance agreement shall be reached between the owner and the municipality.
- D. Private Ownership: Up to 80 percent (80%) of the required Greenway land may be located within one or more privately owned conservancy lots of at least 10 acres provided:
1. The greenway land is permanently restricted from future subdivision and development through a deed restriction or conservation easement, except for those uses listed in Section 810.1 The deed restriction or conservation easement shall comply with the standards set forth in Section 810.2 of this Article
 2. The deed restriction or conservation easement provides the municipality the right, but not the obligation, to enforce these restrictions.

Section 814 -- Greenway Land: Management and Maintenance

- A. Unless otherwise agreed to by the governing body, the cost and responsibility of maintaining greenway land shall be borne by the property owner, community association, or conservation organization.
- B. The applicant shall, at the time of preliminary plan submission, provide a plan for management of greenway land in accordance with this Article.
- C. Failure to adequately maintain the greenway land in reasonable order and condition in accordance with the development plan constitutes a violation of this Article.

814.1 – Greenway Land Management Plan

All Option 1 and Option 2 conservation subdivision development plans shall be accompanied by a greenway land management plan for the long-term management of the greenway land that is to be created as part of the development. Such plan shall be subject to the following requirements:

- A. Using the conservation subdivision plan as a base map, the boundaries, acreage and proposed ownership of all proposed greenway land shall be shown, including a plan containing the following information:
 - 1. Proposed ownership, use restrictions, limitations on buildings and improvements.
 - 2. Necessary regular and periodic operation and maintenance tasks and responsibilities for the various forms of greenway lands (i.e., lawns, playing fields, meadow, pasture, cropland, woodlands and other greenway elements) including mowing, control of invasive species, etc.
 - 3. Estimate of staffing needs, insurance requirements, and associated costs, and defining the means for funding the maintenance of the greenway land on an on-going basis. Such funding plan shall include the means for funding long-term capital improvements as well as regular yearly operating, maintenance and capital reserve costs.
- B. At the municipality's discretion, the applicant may be required to escrow sufficient funds for the maintenance of greenway land for up to 18 months in accordance with this SALDO.
- C. Changes to the management plan shall require approval by the municipality.

814.2 – Greenway Land Performance Bond

- A. All landscape improvements, plantings, access points, and recreational facilities within designated greenway land areas shall be provided by the developer, as applicable. A performance bond or other security shall be in the same form and adhere to the same conditions as otherwise required for proposed improvements under this Article.
- B. An appropriate portion of the performance bond or other security may be applied by the municipality should the developer fail to install the required improvements.

Article 9 – Assurance for Completion and Maintenance of Improvements

Section 901 – Purpose and Intent

The purpose of these regulations is to provide sound subdivision and land development standards for North East Township. Therefore, the required financial guarantees or assurances for completion, as set forth in this Article, are intended for the protection of the municipality and/or municipal authority which will be the parties to accept the public improvements required by this chapter.

The intent of this chapter that the amount and terms of the required financial guarantees shall be in accordance with Article V, Sections 509, 510 and 511 of the Pennsylvania Municipalities Planning Code.

Section 902 – Improvements to be Provided by Developer

In all cases, the applicant shall be responsible to pay for the cost of installation of all required improvements under supervision of the municipality and in the manner specified by the municipality and in accordance with Sections 509 and 510 of the Pennsylvania Municipalities Planning Code.

Section 903 – Methods of Providing Improvements

No final plan shall be approved by the municipality until provision has been made by the applicant for the proper installation of required improvements in either of the following ways, and in accordance with the requirements of the Pennsylvania MPC.

903.1 – Construction of Improvements

The applicant may elect to physically install, prior to final plan approval, all of the required improvements in accordance with the standards and specifications contained in this Article and with the final plan submitted to the municipality provided that such final plan has been conditionally approved by the municipality subject to the construction of improvements as required herein and subject to the execution of a development agreement set forth in Section 905.

During construction of all improvements, the municipal engineer shall be authorized to inspect said improvements and shall certify if all improvements have been installed in accordance with this Article. Upon receipt of such a certification, the municipality may then proceed to unconditional approval of the final plan.

903.2 – Guarantee in lieu of Completion

In lieu of Section 903.1 above, the applicant may provide a financial guarantee in accordance with this Section and Section 509 of the Pennsylvania MPC.

- A. The developer shall enter into an agreement with the municipality guaranteeing that the improvements required by this chapter and/or any other applicable municipal ordinance, will be installed in accordance with the plans and specifications approved by the municipality prior to plat approval. This agreement should set forth the responsibilities of each party, the construction schedule, conditions for partial release of security, inspection of work, definition of default and the developer's right to appeal a default decision.
- B. Simultaneous with the execution of the agreement specified above, the developer shall provide the municipality with a financial security in an amount sufficient to guarantee the performance of this agreement and to cover the costs of any improvements or common amenities, including but not limited to stormwater detention and/or retention basins and other related drainage facilities, recreational facilities, open space improvements or buffer and screen plantings which may be required.
 - 1. Without limitation as to other types of financial security which the municipality may approve, corporate bonds, surety performance bonds, subdivision bonds, irrevocable letters of credit and restrictive or escrow accounts shall be deemed acceptable financial security for the purposes of this section.
 - 2. Such financial security shall be posted with a bonding company or federal or commonwealth-chartered lending institution chosen by the party posting the financial security, provided that said bonding company or lending institution is authorized to conduct such business within the commonwealth.
 - 3. Such bond or other security shall provide for, and secure to the public, the completion of any improvements which may be required on or before the date fixed in the Development Agreement.
 - 4. In the event that cash or its equivalent is deposited as an improvement guarantee, it shall be held in an escrow fund, which may bear interest to the credit of the developer, but the developer shall pay all costs for the maintaining of such escrow fund.
 - 5. The amount of financial security to be posted for the completion of the required improvements shall be equal to 110% of the cost of completion estimated as of 90 days following the date scheduled for completion by the developer. Annually, the municipality may adjust the amount of the financial security by comparing the actual cost of the improvements which have been completed and the estimated cost for the completion of the remaining improvements as of the expiration of the 90th day after either the original date scheduled for

completion or a rescheduled date of completion. Subsequent to said adjustment, the municipality may require the developer to post additional security in order to assure that the financial security equals said 110%. Any additional security shall be posted by the developer in accordance with this subsection.

6. The amount of financial security required shall be based upon an estimate of the cost of completion of the required improvements, submitted by the applicant or developer and prepared by a professional engineer licensed as such in this Commonwealth and certified by such engineer to be a fair and reasonable estimate of such cost. The municipality, upon the recommendation of the municipal engineer, may refuse to accept such estimate for good cause shown. If the applicant or developer and the municipality are unable to agree upon an estimate, then the estimate shall be recalculated and recertified by another professional engineer licensed as such in this Commonwealth and chosen mutually by the municipality and the applicant or developer. The estimate certified by the third engineer shall be presumed fair and reasonable and shall be the final estimate. In the event that a third engineer is so chosen, fees for the services of said engineer shall be paid equally by the municipality and the applicant or developer.
 7. If the party posting the financial security requires more than one year from the date of posting of the financial security to complete the required improvements, the amount of financial security may be increased by an additional 10% for each one-year period beyond the first anniversary date from posting of financial security or to an amount not exceeding 110% of the cost of completing the required improvements as reestablished on or about the expiration of the preceding one-year period by using the above bidding procedure.
- C. In the case where development is projected over a period of years, the municipal governing body may authorize submission of final plats by section or stages of development, subject to such requirements or guaranties as to improvements in future sections or stages of development as it finds essential for the protection of any finally approved section of the development.
- D. When requested by the developer, in order to facilitate financing, the municipality shall furnish the developer with a signed letter indicating approval of the final plat contingent upon the developer obtaining a satisfactory financial security. The final plat shall not be signed nor recorded until the financial Improvements agreement is executed. The letter of contingent approval shall expire and be deemed to be revoked if the financial security agreement is not executed within 90 days unless a written extension is granted by the municipality; such extension shall not be unreasonably withheld and shall be placed in writing at the request of the developer.

- E. If water mains or sanitary sewer lines, or both, along with apparatus or facilities related thereto, are to be installed under the jurisdiction and pursuant to the rules and regulations of a public utility or municipal authority separate and distinct from the municipality, financial security to assure proper completion and maintenance thereof shall be posted in accordance with the regulations of the controlling public utility or municipal authority and shall not be included within the financial security as otherwise required by this section.
- F. The applicant shall not be required to provide financial security for the costs of any Improvements for which financial security is required by and provided to the Department of Transportation in connection with the issuance of a highway occupancy permit pursuant to section 420 of the act of June 1, 1945 (p.L.1242, No. 428) known as the "State Highway Law."

Section 904 – Improvement Maintenance Guarantee

- A. Where the municipality is to accept dedication of all or some of the required improvements following completion, the municipality may require the posting of financial security to secure structural integrity of said improvements as well as the functioning of said improvements in accordance with the design and specifications as depicted on the final plat for a term not to exceed 18 months from the date of acceptance of dedication. Said financial security shall be of the same type as otherwise required in this article with regard to installation of such improvements, and the amount of the financial security shall not exceed 15% of the actual cost of installation of said improvements.
- B. Such financial security shall be for the purpose of:
 - 1. Guaranteeing and securing the correction of any defect in material or workmanship not discernible at the time of acceptance by the municipality; and
 - 2. Guaranteeing against any damage to such improvements by reason of the settling of the ground, base or foundation thereof.
- C. The financial security for maintenance shall remain in effect for a term not to exceed 18 months from the date of acceptance of dedication. Release of the security shall be affected utilizing the same notification procedures set forth in Section 906.

Section 905 – Development Agreement

905.1 – General Requirements

- A. All applicants proposing any subdivision or land development requiring the installation of improvements as required herein shall be required to enter into a legally binding development agreement with the municipality guaranteeing the installation of said improvements in accordance with this chapter. The development agreement shall be in a form suitable for execution by the municipality. The agreement should include the following where applicable:
1. Provision requiring developers to pay all fees and costs incurred by the municipality associated with the development.
 2. A promise by developer to build, construct and install all required improvements in accordance with the approved plan, and subject to all applicable rules and regulations.
 3. A construction schedule, including commencement and completion dates.
 4. Provisions for adequate stormwater management and erosion and sedimentation control.
 5. Provision requires developer to provide financial security for completion of improvements, if applicable.
 6. Procedure for the partial and final release of financial security in accordance with Section 906 of this article
 7. Provision for inspections of the development property to ensure compliance with this article and completion of required improvements.
 8. Provision for dedication of improvements and transfer of easements to the municipality.
 9. Where the municipality accepts dedication of any required improvement, posting of maintenance security to secure the structural integrity and functioning of said improvement in accordance with Section 904.
 10. A save harmless clause.
 11. The developer shall secure and maintain liability insurance.
 12. Provisions for snow removal, removal of debris from the development site, and any other safeguards municipality may require during construction of the development.
 13. Default and remedies for violation of the development agreement.

14. No improvements shall be commenced or work begun prior to the execution of the agreement, and the delivery of the required financial security, if applicable.
 15. Any other requirements deemed necessary by the municipality to assure compliance with this article and/or applicable municipal ordinances.
- B. No improvements shall be commenced or work begun prior to the execution of the development agreement, and the delivery of the required financial security in compliance with Section 903.2, if applicable.
 - C. A model development agreement is included as Appendix 2. The municipality, at its sole discretion, may require the use of the model agreement, or elect to use an alternative agreement. The municipality may require revisions to the model agreement for reasons including, but not limited to, the characteristics of the development, the applicability of municipal ordinance requirements, or the developer's decision to construct improvements from a conditionally approved final plan and thus forego the posting of financial security (in accordance with Section 306.16). The municipal solicitor shall review the agreement prior to its execution by the municipality.

Section 906 – Release of Financial Security

- A. As the work of installing the required improvements proceeds, the party posting the financial security may request the municipality to release or authorize the release, from time to time, such portions of the financial security necessary for payment to the contractor or contractors performing the work, provided that:
 - b. Any such request shall be in writing and addressed to the governing body of the municipality.
 - c. Such request shall be accompanied by a progress report stating the portions of the project which have been completed, what remains to be completed and the associated cost projections of each.
 - d. The municipality shall have 45 days from receipt of such request within which to allow the municipal engineer to certify, in writing, to the governing body that such portion of the work upon the improvements has been completed in accordance with the approved plat. Upon such certification, the governing body shall authorize release by the bonding company or lending institution of an amount as estimated by the municipal engineer fairly representing the value of the improvements completed.
 - e. If the municipality fails to act within said 45-day period, the municipal governing body shall be deemed to have approved the release of funds as requested.

- f. The municipality may, prior to final release at the time of completion and certification by its engineer, require retention of 10% of the estimated cost of the aforesaid improvement.
- B. Final release of the financial security shall be governed as follows:
- a. When the developer has completed all of the necessary and appropriate improvements, the developer shall notify the municipal governing body, in writing, by certified or registered mail, of the completion of the aforesaid improvements and shall send a copy thereof to the municipal engineer. The municipal governing body shall, within ten days after receipt of such notice, direct and authorize the municipal engineer to inspect all of the aforesaid improvements. The municipal engineer shall, thereupon, file a report, in writing, with the municipal governing body, and shall promptly mail a copy of the same to the developer by certified or registered mail. The report shall be made and mailed within 30 days after receipt by the municipal engineer of the aforesaid authorization from the governing body; said report shall be detailed and shall indicate approval or rejection of said improvements, either in whole or in part, and if said improvements, or any portion thereof, shall not be approved or shall be rejected by the municipal engineer, said report shall contain a statement of reasons for such nonapproved or rejection.
 - b. The municipal governing body shall notify the developer, within 15 days of receipt of the engineer's report, in writing by certified or registered mail of the action of said municipal governing body with relation thereto.
 - c. If the municipal governing body or the municipal engineer fails to comply with the time limitation provisions contained herein, all improvements will be deemed to have been approved and the developer shall be released from all liability, pursuant to its performance guaranty bond or other security agreement.
 - d. If any portion of the said improvements shall not be approved or shall be rejected by the municipal governing body, the developer shall proceed to complete the same and, upon completion, the same procedure of notification, as outlined herein, shall be followed.

Section 907 – Remedies to Effect Completion of Improvements

- A. In the event that any required improvements have not been installed as provided in this article or in accord with an approved final plat, the municipality may enforce any improvement bond or other security by appropriate legal and equitable remedies.
- B. If proceeds of such bond or other security are insufficient to pay the cost of installing or making repairs or corrections to all the improvements covered by said security, the municipality may, at its option, install part of such

improvements in all or part of the subdivision or land development and may institute appropriate legal or equitable action to recover the moneys necessary to complete the remainder of the improvements.

- C. All of the proceeds, whether resulting from the security or from any legal or equitable action brought against the developer, or both, shall be used solely for the installation of the improvements covered by such security and not for any other municipal purpose.

Section 908 – Resolution of Disagreements

For circumstances relating to financial security not specifically delineated herein, including the resolution of disagreements relative to such security, it is the intention of this article to follow the guidelines and procedures as set forth by Sections 509 and 510 of the Pennsylvania Municipalities Planning Code.

Section 909 – Dedication and Acceptance of Improvements

In the event the municipality agrees to accept dedication of improvements for public ownership, it shall do so by the governing body adopting an ordinance, resolution, deed or other formal document of acceptance. The municipality shall not be responsible for accepting dedication, and improvements shall be deemed private, until the following items are satisfied:

- A. The municipal engineer conducts a final inspection certifying that all improvements have been satisfactorily installed according to the approved final plan.
- B. All inspection fees are paid.
- C. An appropriate improvement maintenance guarantee has been posted.
- D. A deed of dedication is provided.

Section 910 – Improvements Not Dedicated

All improvements constructed as required herein will not be publicly dedicated or accepted for dedication shall also meet the requirements of this SALDO.

910.1 – Ownership and Maintenance Responsibility

A viable entity responsible for ownership and maintenance of all non-dedicated improvements shall be established by the developer and approved by the municipality. Ownership and maintenance responsibilities may be assigned to either the developer or among the property owners or an association of property owners within the subdivision or land development.

910.2 – Improvements Benefiting Multiple Lots

For all non-dedicated improvements that will not be owned and maintained by the developer and are situated on an individual lot or a series of contiguous lots but serve multiple lots, units, or the entire subdivision or land development (i.e.

stormwater management ponds), the responsibility for ownership and maintenance of such improvements shall be borne by all lot owners benefiting or served and not solely the lot owner on whose lot said improvements are situated.

910.3 – Ownership and Maintenance Agreement

A private agreement suitable for recording in the Erie County Recorder of Deeds Office shall be prepared, properly executed, and recorded with the final subdivision or land development plan and shall run with the land and shall clearly identify the individual or entity responsible for the ownership and maintenance of non-dedicated improvements. Said agreement shall be reviewed and approved by the municipality, and at a minimum, shall stipulate the following:

- A. That the owners, an association of property owners, successors and assigns shall keep all improvements in a safe and attractive manner, and the owner shall convey to the municipality easements and/or rights-of-way to assure access for periodic inspections by the municipality and maintenance, if required.
- B. That if the owners, association of property owners, successors and assigns, fail to maintain the improvements following due notice by the municipality to correct the problems, the municipality may perform the necessary work or corrective action. The owners or association of property owners shall reimburse the municipality for these services. The municipality shall have the authority to assert a judgment lien against the said owners or association of property owners for failure to make said reimbursement(s).

910.4 – Deed Reference

All deeds created for lots that contain non-dedicated improvements shall make clear and specific reference as to the following:

- A. Description of all improvements not dedicated.
- B. The individual(s) or entity responsible for ownership and maintenance of said improvements in accordance with Sections 910.1 and 910.2 of this SALDO.
- C. The ownership and maintenance agreement as required by Section 910.3.
- D. Terms and conditions of the required maintenance.
- E. That no improvements shall be eliminated or altered without the written approval of the municipality.
- F. That in the event improvements are altered, eliminated, or improperly maintained, the municipality may prescribe necessary corrective measures and a reasonable time period to perform such work, and that if such action is not taken in the time period specified, the municipality may cause the work to be performed and invoice the ownership and maintenance entity, including the assertion of a judgment lien against it; and

- G. That improvements not offered for dedication may be offered in the future if said improvements meet the minimum standards of this and/or any other applicable municipal ordinances in effect at the time the offer of dedication is made. If the improvements do not conform to the minimum standards in effect, all costs of meeting said standards shall be borne by the owner, association of property owners, their successors and assigns. The municipality shall have no obligation to accept said improvements.

Article 10 – Administration, Amendment & Modification

Section 1001 – Amendments

The municipality may periodically revise, modify and amend this chapter by appropriate action in accordance with the Pennsylvania Municipalities Planning Code, Act 247, as amended.

Section 1002 – Filing Fee

The applicant shall reimburse the municipality for reasonable and necessary expenses incurred for the review/approval of subdivision or land development plans and inspection of improvements. Such reimbursement shall be based upon a fee schedule established by resolution of the municipality. The municipality will periodically approve, by resolution, revisions to the fee schedule as necessary in order to sufficiently cover the costs associated with the subdivision and land development review process. The fees charged shall be in accordance with Sections 503 (1), 509 and 510 of the Pennsylvania Municipalities Planning Code.

Section 1003 – Records

The municipality shall maintain an accurate public record of all plans upon which it takes action and of its findings, decisions and recommendations in relation thereto.

Section 1004 – Appeals

In any case where the municipality disapproves a subdivision or land development plan, any person aggrieved thereby may appeal in accordance with the Pennsylvania Municipalities Planning Code and any other relevant statutes.

Section 1005 – Preventive and Enforcement Remedies

1005.1 – Preventive Remedies

- A. In addition to other remedies, the municipality may institute and maintain appropriate action by law or in equity to restrain, correct or abate violations, to prevent unlawful construction, to recover damages and to prevent illegal occupancy of a building, structure or premise. The description by metes and bounds in the instrument of transfer or other documents used in the

process of selling or transferring shall not exempt the seller or transferor from such penalties or from the remedies herein provided.

- B. The municipality may refuse to issue any permit, and the municipality may refuse to grant any approval necessary to further improve or develop any real property which has been developed or which has resulted from a subdivision of real property in violation of this article. This authority to deny such a permit or approval shall apply to any of the following applicants:
1. The owner of record at the time of such violation.
 2. The vendee or lessee of the owner of record at the time of such violation without regard as to whether such vendee or lessee had actual or constructive knowledge of the violation.
 3. The current owner of record who acquired the property subsequent to the time of violation without regard as to whether such current owner had actual or constructive knowledge of the violation.
 4. The vendee or lessee of the current owner of record who acquired the property subsequent to the time of violation without regard as to whether such vendee or lessee had actual or constructive knowledge of the violation.
- C. As an additional condition for issuance of a permit or the granting of an approval to any such owner, current owner, vendee or lessee for the development of any such real property, the municipality may require compliance with the conditions that would have been applicable to the property at the time the applicant acquired an interest in such real property.

1005.2 – Enforcement Remedies

- A. Any person, partnership or corporation who or which has violated the provisions of this subdivision and land development ordinance enacted under the Pennsylvania Municipalities Planning Code or prior enabling laws shall, upon being found liable therefor in a civil enforcement proceeding commenced by the municipality, pay a judgement of not more than five hundred dollars (\$500), plus all court costs, including reasonable attorney fees incurred by the municipality as a result thereof. No judgement shall commence or be imposed, levied or be payable until the date of the determination of a violation by the district justice. If the defendant neither pays nor timely appeals the judgement, the municipality may enforce the judgement pursuant to the applicable rules of civil procedure. Each day that a violation continues shall constitute a separate violation, unless the district justice determining that there has been a violation further determines that there was a good faith basis for the person, partnership or corporation violating the ordinance to have believed that there was no such violation, in which event there shall be deemed to have been only one such violation until the fifth day following the date of the determination of a violation by the

district justice and thereafter each day that a violation continues shall constitute a separate violation.

- B. The County Court of Common Pleas, upon petition, may grant an order of stay, upon cause shown, tolling the per diem judgement pending a final adjudication of the violation and judgement.
- C. Nothing contained in this section shall be construed or interpreted to grant to any person or entity other than the municipality the right to commence any action for enforcement pursuant to this section.

Section 1006 – Modification of Regulations

- A. The municipal governing body may grant a modification of the requirements of one (1) or more provisions of this article if the literal enforcement will exact undue hardship because of peculiar conditions pertaining to the land in question, provided that such modification will not be contrary to the public interest and that the purpose and intent of this article are observed.
- B. All requests for a modification shall be in writing and shall accompany and be a part of the application for development and shall include a processing fee. The request shall state in full the grounds and facts of unreasonableness or hardship on which the request is based, the provision(s) of the ordinance involved and the minimum modification necessary.
- C. The municipality shall keep a written record of all action on all requests for modifications.
- D. The North East Township Planning Commission shall be asked to submit advisory comments on the request for modification.
- E. If the municipal governing body approves the request for modification, it shall authorize the minimum modification from this article that will afford relief.
- F. Approved modifications must be recorded on the plan.

Appendix

Appendix 1 - Recommended Certificates & Acknowledgements

A – Certification by Surveyor

I, (insert name of registered land surveyor), a registered land surveyor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, do hereby certify that the survey and plan shown and described hereon is true and correct and that all iron pins and monuments are located and installed as shown.

(insert date)

(signature of surveyor)

Attach seal of the surveyor / landscape architect

B – Owner’s Certification and Acknowledgement

On this, the _____ day of _____, 20__, before me, the undersigned officer, personally appeared (identify ownership or equitable ownership), who being duly sworn according to law, deposes and says they are the owners and/or equitable owners of the property shown on the plan, and that they acknowledge the same to be their act and plan and desire the same to be recorded as such according to law.

(signature of the owner(s))

(signature of the owner(s))

Witness my hand and seal this _____ day of _____, 20__.

(signature and seal of the notary public or other officer authorized to acknowledge deeds)

My commission expires: _____, 20__.

C – Certificates for Municipal Review and Approval

Reviewed by the North East Township Planning Commission this _____ day of _____, 20__.

Approved by the North East Township governing body this _____ day of _____, 20__.

D – Certificate for County Review

Reviewed by the Erie County Department of Planning and Community Development this _____ day of _____, 20__.

Reviewed by Director

E – Recorder of Deeds Certificate

Recorded in the Erie County Recorder of Deeds Office this _____ day of _____, 20__, as Instrument Number _____.

F – Offer of Dedication

Know all men by these presents:

That (Property Owner) and (Property Owner), owners of this property, as recorded in Erie County deed book _____ and page number _____ (or Erie County Instrument Number _____), do hereby dedicate forever for public use for highway purposes, all roads and other public utilities shown hereon with the same force and effect as if the same had been opened or taken through legal proceedings; and in consideration of the approval of this plan and the acceptance of said public highways by North East Township, we hereby agree and covenant and do so by these presents release and forever discharge North East Township from the appropriation of said ground for public highways.

And we do further covenant and agree to install all necessary street improvements shown hereon according to grades and specifications approved by North East Township and that no obligation shall be assumed by North East Township until said street/utility improvements shall be approved and accepted by official action of North East Township.

This dedication and release shall be binding upon our heirs, executors, administrators, assigns and purchasers of land thereon.

_____, 20__ (owner(s) signature(s))

G – Highway Occupancy Permit Certification

Note: Access to State Highway _____ shall be only as authorized by a highway occupancy permit.

H – Non-Building Waiver Notice

As of the date of the plot plan recording, the property/subdivision described herein is and shall be dedicated for the express purpose of _____ use. No portion of this property/subdivision has been approved by North East Township or the PA Department of Environmental Protection for the installation of sewage disposal facilities. No sewage permit will be issued for the installation, construction, connection to or use of any sewage collection, conveyance, treatment or disposal system unless the municipality and the DEP have both approved sewage facilities planning for the property/subdivision described herein in accordance with the Pennsylvania Sewage Facilities Act (35 P.S. Sections 750.1 et. seq.) and regulations promulgated thereunder. Prior to signing, executing, implementing or recording any sales contract or subdivision plan, any purchaser or subdivider of any portion of this property should contact appropriate officials of North East Township, which is charged with administering the Sewage Facilities Act to determine what sewage facilities planning is required and the procedure and requirements for obtaining appropriate permits or approvals.

Appendix 2 – Model Development Agreement

Note: The following is a model document. The Developer should consult the Municipality regarding any changes or alterations that may be required by the Municipality. The Municipality should have its solicitor review the finalized agreement.

DEVELOPMENT AGREEMENT

THIS AGREEMENT is made and entered into this ____ day of _____, 20__, in Erie County, Pennsylvania, by and between:

(Insert Name and Address of Developer), hereinafter called “Developer”,

AND

North East Township, 10330 West Main Road, North East, PA 16428, hereinafter called “Municipality”

Background

The Developer is the owner of certain lands located in North East Township, Erie County, Pennsylvania, which lands are under the jurisdiction of North East Township (hereinafter “Municipality”) for planning and development purposes pursuant to the Pennsylvania Municipalities Planning Code, as amended, (hereinafter “Code”), the North East Township Subdivision and Land Development Ordinance and various other ordinances of the Municipality (hereinafter “Ordinances”).

The Developer has submitted to the municipality, and the municipality has approved a final plan application for the development known as (insert name of subdivision or land development), prepared by (insert name of surveyor or engineer), dated (insert date of plan, including last revision date, if applicable), hereinafter the “Plan”.

The Plan pertains to property located in North East Township, Erie County, Pennsylvania and bearing Erie County Tax Index Number(s) (insert tax index number(s)) (hereinafter the “Development”).

The North East Township Subdivision and Land Development Ordinance requires that developers, whose plan applications include improvements that are required by the Ordinance or other applicable Municipal Ordinance(s), enter into a Development Agreement which, with other regulations as established in applicable laws, ordinances and regulations, shall govern construction of the development and of all streets and other improvements required to be constructed under the Plan as approved.

The Plan shows improvements that are required to be constructed or provided by the Developer.

The Plan was approved by the municipality subject to conditions that were accepted by the Developer; said conditions are set forth in a letter dated (insert date), a copy of which is attached hereto as Exhibit "A".

This Agreement is intended to set forth the terms and conditions which shall govern construction, review and completion of the Development and those improvements required to be constructed in connection with it.

NOW, THEREFORE, and intending to be legally bound hereby, the parties covenant and agree as follows:

Agreement

1. Recitals Incorporated: The above recitals are incorporated herein as though fully restated.
2. Laws, Ordinances and Regulations Incorporated: The North East Township Subdivision and Land Development Ordinance, the Pennsylvania Municipalities Planning Code, as amended, Municipal Ordinances, and all other laws, ordinances and regulations applicable to subdivision and development of land in North East Township are incorporated herein by reference. Nothing herein shall be construed in any way to relieve Developer from full and complete compliance with the North East Township Subdivision and Land Development Ordinance, the Pennsylvania Municipalities Planning Code or other applicable ordinances.
3. Plan Documents Incorporated: Developer's plan application and all documents submitted with the plan, together with all decisions and notices of the Municipality with respect to the plan are incorporated herein by reference.
4. Developer to Pay Fees and Costs: The Developer shall, on or before the date of this agreement, make an initial deposit in an amount of \$(insert dollar amount), as established by Municipal Resolution. From this deposit shall be deducted all costs incurred by the Municipality as a result of any subdivision and/or land development including, but not limited to, storm water fees, administrative costs, engineering fees, inspection fees, consulting fees and legal fees. If at any time during the development it is determined by Municipality that the amount of the initial deposit or any subsequent deposit, is, or will be, inadequate to fully cover anticipated costs, Developer shall increase the deposit by an amount established by Municipality. Failure to pay the initial deposit on or before the date of this agreement, or failure to pay any additional deposits within 10 days after notice by Municipality, will cause immediate suspension of review and/or issuance of any and all approvals or permits. Any remaining balance of the deposits will be returned to Developer after the completion of the development and dedication and acceptance of all public improvements and the release of the maintenance security required by this Agreement.

5. Storm Water Management: The Developer shall be solely responsible for ensuring proper storm drainage controls throughout construction of the development and the improvements required. The Developer agrees, covenants and promises to comply with all regulations, approvals and specifications and Acts promulgated by the United States of America, the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and North East Township with regard to storm water management.
6. Erosion and Sedimentation Controls: The Developer agrees, covenants and promises that all erosion and sedimentation controls will be installed in accordance with the approved plan prior to any other construction activities occurring at the development. The erosion and sedimentation controls will be properly maintained throughout the duration of the development until all disturbed areas have been stabilized to the satisfaction of the Municipality's Designated Engineer (hereinafter Municipal Engineer), in his/her sole discretion.
7. Construction of Improvements. Developer covenants, promises and agrees to build, construct and install all improvements including, but not limited to, paving, grading, roads, storm water facilities, sidewalks, landscaping and lighting in accordance with the approved subdivision and/or land development plan, and subject to all applicable rules and regulations of the Municipality and any other governmental agency having jurisdiction thereof. The Municipal Engineer shall certify satisfactory completion of all improvements in the development.
8. Commencement of Construction: No improvements or work shall be commenced prior to the execution of this Agreement, the delivery of the required Financial Security, the recordation of the approved Final Plan at the Office of the Erie County Recorder of Deeds, and the procurement of a building permit and/or other permits, as applicable.
9. Project Completion: All work in connection with construction of the required improvements shall be completed not later than (insert number of months) months of issuance of the building permit. Upon request of the Developer and with the consent of Developer's surety or extension of Developer's letter of credit or cash deposit, the Municipality may in its discretion for good cause shown authorize reasonable extension of this deadline for completion.
10. Time of the Essence: Time shall be of the essence with respect to Developer's performance of obligations, payment of fees and construction of improvements within the development as established in applicable ordinances and specifications and in this Agreement.
11. Financial Security for Completion of Improvements: Prior to Municipality's acceptance of this agreement, Developer shall tender to the Municipality adequate security in a form authorized under Section 903.2 (B) of the North East Township Subdivision and Land Development Ordinance in the sum of \$(insert dollar amount representing 110% of the cost of required

improvements). Such security shall provide for and secure to the Municipality the completion of all improvements required in the development on or before the date fixed in this Agreement for completion thereof. Adequate financial security for completion of required improvements shall provide that:

- a. The security is issued and given to the Municipality to assure completion of all improvements required in the development by the time fixed in this Agreement for completion of the same;
- b. The security is irrevocable and shall be automatically renewed, if applicable, until such improvements are timely completed or the Municipality makes demand for payment thereon;
- c. If the issuer of a letter of credit or other security desires not to renew the issued security, it shall give to the Municipality not less than 30 days' prior written notice of such intention;
- d. Upon receipt of any notice of an intention not to renew or extend a security where required improvements have not yet been completed, the Municipality at its election shall have the right to draw upon and obtain the entire balance of said security to assure completion of such improvements, which sums shall promptly and without claim or defense be paid over to the Municipality;
- e. Should the Municipality exercise its right to use the security to effect completion of required improvements, the Municipality shall be entitled to pay therefrom all engineering and attorneys' fees, costs and other expenses incurred by it in effecting such completion;
- f. If the Developer fails to fully and timely complete required improvements by the time fixed for completion, the Municipality, upon written certification to the party issuing the security, shall be entitled to draw upon and obtain up to the full amount of the security, which sums shall then be promptly paid over to the Municipality without claim or defense, and the Municipality shall be entitled to pay from said funds all costs, fees and other expenses included in effecting collection of security and other sums and completion of the required improvements. The amount of financial security shall be equal to 110% of the cost of completion of the required improvements estimated as of 90 days following the date scheduled for completion by the Developer. The Municipality may annually adjust the amount of the financial security by comparing the actual cost of the improvements which have been completed and the estimated cost for completion of the remaining improvements as of the expiration of the 90th day after either the original date scheduled for completion or a rescheduled date of completion. Subsequent to this adjustment, the Municipality may require the Developer to post additional security in order to assure that the financial security equals said 110%. Any additional security shall then be posted by the

Developer within sixty (60) days after written notification by the Municipality.

- g. If the Developer requires more than one (1) year from the date of posting the security to complete the required improvements, the amount of the financial security may be increased by an additional 10% for each one-year period beyond the first anniversary date from posting of financial security or to an amount not exceeding 110% of the cost of completing the required improvements as reestablished on or about the expiration of the preceding one-year period.

12. Partial Release of Financial Security: As the work of installing the required improvements proceeds, the Developer may request the Municipality to release or authorize the release, from time to time, and in accordance with Section 906 of the North East Township Subdivision and Land Development Ordinance, such portions of the financial security necessary for payment to the contractor or contractors performing the work, provided that:

- a. Any such request shall be in writing and addressed to the governing body of the Municipality.
- b. Such request shall be accompanied by a progress report, prepared by a professional engineer, stating the portions of the project which have been completed, what remains to be completed and the associated cost projections of each.
- c. The Municipality shall have 45 days from receipt of such request within which to allow the Municipal Engineer to certify, in writing, to the Municipality's governing body that such portion of the work upon the improvements has been completed in accordance with the approved plan. Upon such certification, the governing body shall authorize release by the bonding company or lending institution of an amount as estimated by the Municipal Engineer fairly representing the value of the improvements completed.
- d. If the Municipality fails to act within said 45-day period, the municipal governing body shall be deemed to have approved the release of funds as requested.
- e. The Municipality may, prior to final release at the time of completion and certification by its engineer, require retention of 10% of the estimated cost of the aforesaid improvement.

13. Final Release of Financial Security: In accordance with Section 906 of the North East Township Subdivision and Land Development Ordinance, final release of the financial security shall be governed as follows:

- a. When the Developer has completed all of the necessary and appropriate improvements, the Developer shall notify the municipal governing body, in writing, by certified or registered mail, of the completion of the aforesaid improvements and shall send a copy thereof to the Municipal Engineer. The municipal governing body

shall, within ten days after receipt of such notice, direct and authorize the Municipal Engineer to inspect all of the aforesaid improvements. The Municipal Engineer shall, thereupon, file a report, in writing, with the municipal governing body, and shall promptly mail a copy of the same to the Developer by certified or registered mail. The report shall be made and mailed within 30 days after receipt by the Municipal Engineer of the aforesaid authorization from the governing body; said report shall be detailed and shall indicate approval or rejection of said improvements, either in whole or in part, and if said improvements, or any portion thereof, shall not be approved or shall be rejected by the Municipal Engineer, said report shall contain a statement of reasons for such non-approval or rejection.

- b. The municipal governing body shall notify the Developer, within 15 days of receipt of the engineer's report, in writing by certified or registered mail of the action of said municipal governing body with relation thereto.
- c. If the municipal governing body or the Municipal Engineer fails to comply with the time limitation provisions contained herein, all improvements will be deemed to have been approved, and the Developer shall be released from all liability, pursuant to its performance guaranty bond or other security agreement.
- d. If any portion of the said improvements shall not be approved or shall be rejected by the municipal governing body, the Developer shall proceed to complete the same and, upon completion, the same procedure of notification, as outlined herein, shall be followed.

14. Signing of Plan by Municipality: Upon the Developer's posting of the financial security, the parties' execution of this Agreement, and the Developer meeting any other applicable conditions of plan approval, the Municipality shall sign the Plan for recording in the Office of the Erie County Recorder of Deeds.

15. Recording and Submission of Plan, Covenants: The Developer shall ensure that the final approved plan, dedication of easements, if applicable, and all other documents required by the Municipality to be recorded are recorded at Developer's expense within ninety (90) days after final approval and release thereof by the Municipality, as applicable. The Developer shall provide the Municipality with an original of the recorded Plan and/or other document, indicating thereon the date of recording and appropriate references to the place of recordation.

16. Insurance. Developer will cause its contractors and/or subcontractors to obtain and maintain liability and other insurance coverage and agrees to furnish certificates of such insurance as may be required from time to time by Municipality.

17. Safeguards During Construction: Developer shall construct the development and the improvements required therein in such manner as to keep free of mud and debris all streets and properties and to minimize noise and inconvenience to the public and owners or occupants of properties within or adjacent to the development. The Municipality is entitled to require that Developer during construction remedy conditions deemed to pose unreasonable risk of harm or inconvenience to the public or persons occupying properties in and adjacent to the development.
18. On Site Dust Control. Developer will employ such controls as may reasonably be necessary, under the circumstances, to keep dust to a minimum.
19. Removal of Debris: During construction Developer will police the construction area daily keeping the same free and clear of all rubbish, refuse, brush, debris, and discarded building materials so as not to create a public nuisance. Developer will remove from site and dispose all rubbish, refuse, brush, debris and discarded building materials leaving the development free and clear of the same prior to the release of any remaining financial security or final acceptance of any public improvements.
20. Inspections. Developer hereby specifically grants permission to the Municipality, its supervisors, employees, agents, contractors or consultants to conduct inspections on its property. These inspections may take place at any time and with any frequency as Municipality deems appropriate and necessary under the circumstances.
21. Snow Removal and Ice Control. Developer will be solely responsible for providing snow removal and ice control on all streets within the development whenever a structure is occupied until Municipality accepts said streets by way of deeds of dedication or otherwise. Developer will provide such snow removal and ice control at its sole cost and expense and such snow removal and ice control will be consistent with those techniques normally used by Municipality.
22. Maintenance Security. This only applies when Developer conveys Public Improvements to Municipality. Municipality will not accept dedication of public improvements by Developer until Developer posts with Municipality a maintenance security to ensure structural integrity of said improvements, as well as the functioning of said improvements in accordance with their design and specifications, for a period of eighteen (18) months from the date of acceptance of dedication. Said maintenance security will be posted in cash or with a bonding company or federal or state chartered lending institution authorized to conduct business with the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and shall name North East Township, its officers, agents and employees as obligee in an amount equal to 15% of the cost of installation of all public improvements. Developer hereby agrees, covenants and promises to make such replacements, repairs, and maintenance within reasonable notice from Municipality to Developer. Failure to make such

replacements, repairs or maintenance within a reasonable time after such notice shall be a default upon which Municipality may proceed to claim Developer's security and to make such repair, replacement and maintenance from said security. Notwithstanding any of the foregoing, in the event of an emergency, as determined by Municipality in its sole discretion, Municipality may perform such repair, replacement and maintenance required to correct the emergency situation. Municipality shall notify Developer of such emergency as soon practicable. Developer shall reimburse Municipality for all costs incurred for such repair, replacement, and/or maintenance within fifteen (15) business days of invoicing. Municipality is hereby authorized to seize Developer's security as reimbursement therefor, if Developer fails to reimburse Municipality within fifteen (15) business days after written notification from Municipality of its intention to seize the security.

23. Acceptance of Dedicated Improvements: When all of the work set forth in the Plan as approved, this Agreement, and under Municipal ordinances and regulations, has been completed and fully performed by Developer, and upon certification of completion by the Municipal Engineer, the Municipality shall accept Developer's dedication of such streets, storm sewers and other improvements intended by Municipality to be accepted, and as shown on said plan, subject to the requirement that the Municipality be assured that good and marketable title therein is thereby being conveyed to it. Developer acknowledges and agrees that all costs of such dedications will be borne by Developer.
24. Indemnification. Developer hereby agrees to indemnify and hold harmless the Municipality, its governing body members, officers, employees, attorneys and agents from any and all liability, suits, actions, claims, demands, losses, expenses and costs of every kind and nature incurred by or asserted or imposed against the Municipality, its governing body members, officers, employees, attorneys and agents, or any of them, by reason of any accident, injury, death or damage to any person or property. Developer hereby agrees to indemnify, defend and hold harmless the Municipality, its officers, agents, and employees from any and all costs and damage which the Municipality, its officers, agents and employees may sustain or suffer by reason of Developer's failing to adequately and properly perform the terms and conditions of this Agreement including the construction of public and other improvements. This only applies when Developer conveys public improvements to the Municipality. Public improvements shall be defined as those improvements to be conveyed or otherwise dedicated to the Municipality or other public body for public use.
25. Binding Effect. This Agreement is binding upon Developer, its successors, assigns, agents, representatives and officers, contractors and sub-contractors and shall inure to the benefit of Municipality.
26. Assignability. This agreement may not be assigned or transferred by Developer without the written consent of Municipality.

27. Revocation. Any permit or approval issued in accordance with the North East Township Subdivision and Land Development Ordinance, any other Ordinance of Municipality, or this Agreement will be revoked automatically upon Developer's failure to satisfy any of the terms and conditions of this Agreement or any Ordinance, Resolution or Regulation of Municipality or any laws of the County of Erie, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or the United States of America.
28. Termination. Upon completion of all of Developer's obligations under this Agreement, this Agreement shall terminate; provided, however, that the provisions of this Agreement related to the Maintenance Security and Indemnification will survive termination.
29. Default and Remedies: Developer's failure to construct the development in accordance with the approved plan, this Agreement, and applicable Municipal ordinances and regulations; and/or Developer's failure to perform obligations or pay sums by the dates established for performance or payment, and/or any act or omission by Developer inconsistent with the requirements of the plan, conditions imposed on plan approval, this Agreement, or Municipal ordinances and regulations shall be deemed a default of this Agreement.
- a. In the event of a default by Developer, the Municipality shall issue a written notice of the default to the Developer by certified mail.
 - b. In the event Developer should fail to remedy all defaults and deficiencies by the deadline for remedy established by the Municipality, the Developer shall forfeit the right to cure such default, and Municipality shall have the authority to exercise all enforcement measures and remedies available to it under applicable ordinances.
 - c. Upon occurrence of an uncured default, the Municipality has authority to issue to Developer orders to cease and desist in further construction and/or violations, to rescind or revoke permits previously issued, to withhold issuance of permits for which application has been made, to seek injunctive or other relief, to impose such fines for violations as are authorized by law, to exercise its rights under security tendered by Developer for construction of improvements and, without limitation, to exercise all rights and remedies available under law or in equity.
 - d. In the event of any default, breach or violation by the Developer, the Developer shall pay all attorneys' fees, costs and other expenses incurred by the Municipality in securing completion of improvements, effecting remedy of such default, breach or violation, exercising rights under and collecting sums under financial security tendered, enforcing its ordinances, collecting sums due from Developer and otherwise securing enforcement of this Agreement and rights. In the event Developer should fail to pay such sums within thirty (30) days after the date of Municipality's demand therefor, the Municipality may

collect such sums from financial security and/or by civil proceedings without any requirement for further demand.

30. Legal Effect: This Agreement shall be binding upon and inure to the parties, their personal representatives, successors, grantees and, to the extent allowed by this Agreement, their assigns. This Agreement shall be interpreted and enforced in accordance with laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and applicable Codes and Ordinances of the Municipality.
31. Applicability of Legal Rights & Responsibilities not Specifically Set Forth Herein: Nothing herein shall be construed to limit any rights or remedies available to the Municipality or otherwise provided by law and not specified herein, in the event the Developer shall fail, neglect or refuse to fully construct, install and provide the required improvements in strict accordance with this Agreement. Further, the Developer acknowledges, agrees and confirms that it remains subject and bound to and by all requirements, duties, obligations and responsibilities of the Code and Ordinances which in any way relate or pertain to the required improvements including, but not limited to, their installation, completion, inspection, acceptance, maintenance and/or dedication, whether or not such requirements, duties, obligations or responsibilities, are specifically set forth herein.
32. Rights and Remedies Available to Developer: Nothing herein shall be construed to limit or waive, in any manner, any rights or remedies available to the Developer regarding construction, security and reductions/releases thereof, inspections, fees and costs, and any other rights and remedies available to a landowner/developer as set forth in the Code, Ordinances, and any other applicable regulations.
33. Venue and Governing Law. This Agreement is interpreted and enforced in accordance with the laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. Any disputes arising under this Agreement shall be brought before the Court of Common Pleas of Erie County or the United States District Court for the Western District of Pennsylvania.
34. Force Majeure. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained herein, neither party shall be liable to the other for any delays or failure in performance of obligations hereunder resulting from acts beyond its reasonable control, including, but not limited to, acts of God, acts of war, civil unrest or terrorism, shortage of supply, breakdowns or malfunctions, interruptions or malfunction of computer facilities, loss of data due to power failures or mechanical difficulties, labor difficulties, pandemic or the effects of a national, state or local emergency as declared by the appropriate elected official(s) of the jurisdiction (each, a "Force Majeure"), Notwithstanding the foregoing, in the event of a Force Majeure, and to the extent permitted, practicable or possible, each party agrees to make a good faith effort to perform its obligations hereunder and/or to negotiate an addendum to this Agreement. If either party is unable to perform due to a

Force Majeure, neither party is obligated to perform during the period affected by the Force Majeure.

35. Severability. If any provision of this Agreement is held to be invalid or unenforceable, such holding shall not affect or impair any other terms, covenants, or conditions of this Agreement, which the parties hereby deem severable and which shall remain in full force and effect.

~~32-36.~~ Counterparts. The Parties may execute and deliver this Agreement in any number of counterparts, each of which the parties shall deem an original and all of which shall constitute, together, one and the same Agreement.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties have executed or caused this Agreement to be executed by their duly authorized officers the day and year first above written.

(Insert Name of Developer)

North East Township

(Developer's Signature)

(Signature of Authorized Official)

Name: (insert name, printed)

Date: _____

Title: (insert title)

Date: _____

WITNESS/ATTEST

WITNESS/ATTEST

(Witness/Attest Signature)

(Witness/Attest Signature)

Date: _____

Date: _____

Approved as to Legality and Form:

(Signature of Municipal Solicitor)

Name: (insert name, printed)

Title: (insert title)

Date: _____

Acknowledgments

State of Pennsylvania:

County of Erie:

On this, the _____ day of _____, 20__, before me the undersigned officer, personally appeared _____ known to me (or satisfactorily proven) to be the person(s) whose name(s) is/are subscribed to the within instrument, and acknowledged that he/she/they executed the same for the purpose therein contained.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I hereunto set my hand and official seal.

Title of Officer

State of Pennsylvania:

County of Erie:

On this, the _____ day of _____, 20__, before me the undersigned officer, personally appeared _____ known to me (or satisfactorily proven) to be the person(s) whose name(s) is/are subscribed to the within instrument, and acknowledged that he/she/they executed the same for the purpose therein contained.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I hereunto set my hand and official seal.

Title of Officer

Exhibit A

Note: Attach letter, issued by the municipality, indicating conditional approval of the Final Plan and specifying said conditions, as Exhibit A.